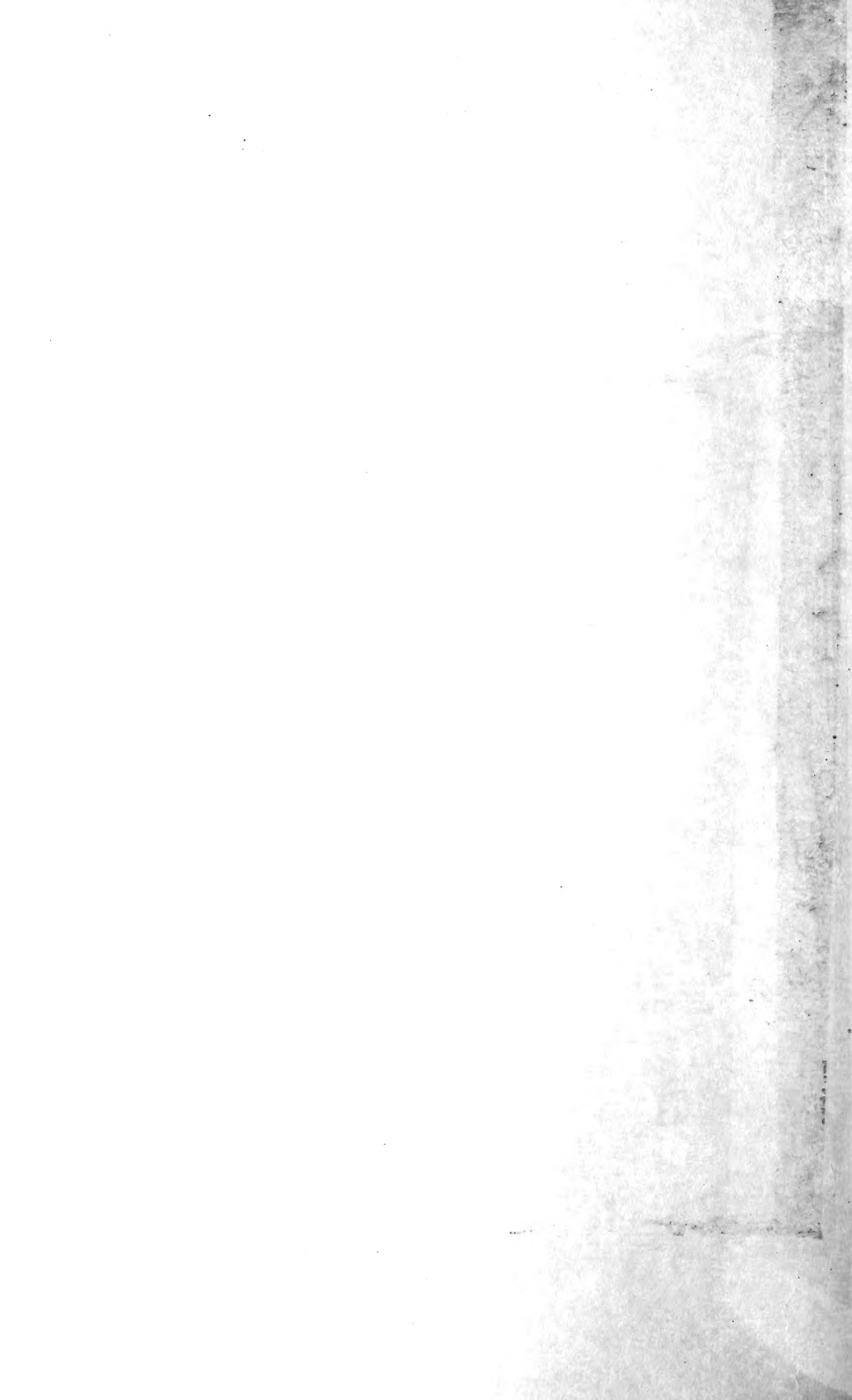


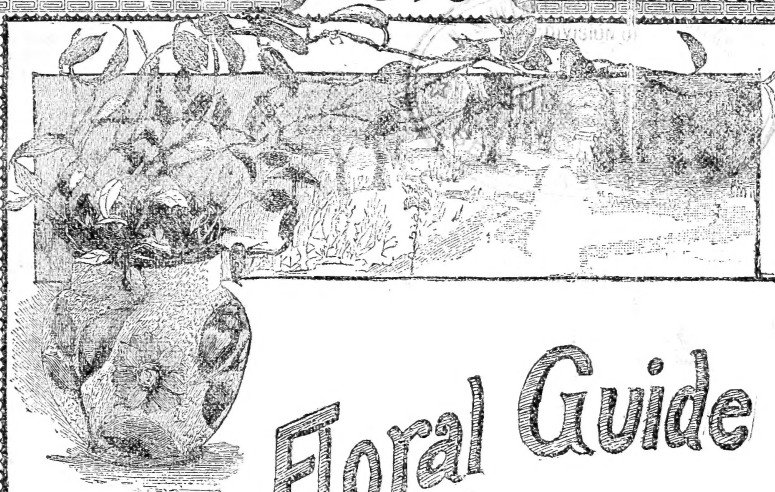
Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



6273

1896



Park's Floral Guide

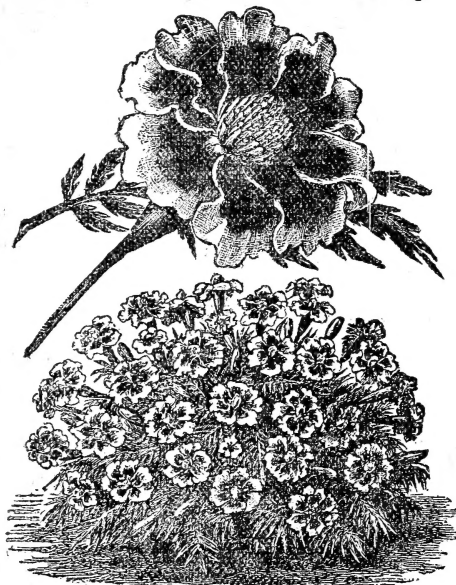


*May the Sweets of Summer
Ever abide with you.*

GEO. W. PARK,
Seedsman and Florist,
Libonia, Penn'a.



Introductory Remarks.



MARIGOLD, DWARF FRENCH, PURPLE AND GOLD.

Have you seen the new Dwarf Marigold, recently introduced from France under the name of "Legion of Honour" but which is sometimes termed "Purple and Gold"? If not, then look at the above illustration of a plant and flower, and imagine the beauty of a globular plant about a foot high, with rich green, fern-like foliage, thickly set with large, single golden yellow flowers with a broad, velvety, purplish brown blotch on each petal. A hedge or border of this lovely Marigold makes a grand display from July till cut down by severe frosts, defying drought, heat and insects. Cut the flowers freely, to prevent exhaustion from seed-bearing. An easily grown flower, and one that rarely fails to please.

and can be depended upon. I do a plain, honest business, without aiming at sensation or show, and those who deal with me find my seeds just as recommended. This Guide contains much floral information in compact form. Hang it up for reference. It will be found useful in your garden work throughout the year.

PLEASE NOTE THESE FACTS:

1. *All the seeds offered are of the New Crop—bright and plump.*
2. *All my seeds are of the finest quality, grown from finest strains.*
3. *The mixtures are specially prepared, and carefully proportioned.* They are not the odds and ends of some foreign seed house.
4. *Every Patron is fairly and honestly dealt with.* If mistakes are made they are cheerfully corrected. If there is damage or loss in transit it is made good.
5. *Satisfaction is guaranteed in every respect to every customer.* If failure results from any defect in the seeds I gladly replace the seeds if complaint is duly made. Full directions for sowing, etc., accompany every package, so that success is assured.

SEED PACKAGE FREE.—A package of New Dwarf French Marigold will be sent free to every patron who orders seeds from this GUIDE. No matter how small your order call for this package and you will get it free. The request, however, must come with the order. See description and engraving above.

SPECIAL OFFER.—PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE is a charming monthly, entirely floral, profusely illustrated, and literally packed with delightful reading for the amateur florist. Just what every flower cultivator wants! 50 cents a year, or for \$1.00 you will get it a year, and \$1.25 worth of seeds, to be selected from this GUIDE. If more seeds than you wish get a neighbor to club with you.

LIBERAL OFFERS TO THOSE WHO FORM CLUBS.

For a club of three names at \$1.00 each (\$3.00) I will send you the MAGAZINE one year, and 75 cents worth of seeds as a premium. For five subscribers (\$5.00) I will send the MAGAZINE and seeds amounting to \$1.25 and in addition will send you Little Flower Folks, a most interesting botanical work, or if preferred will send you Cleve's Angie Trowel or Park's Excelsior Pruning Shears. Larger clubs, larger premiums. Every member of a club at \$1.00 will get the MAGAZINE one year and seeds, their selection, amounting to \$1.25. Catalogues, sample copies and blank lists sent free to aid in this work.

HOW TO REMIT.—Send money by Money Order, Express Order, Draft or Registered Letter. Sums under \$1.00 send in postage stamps. I guarantee money to reach me when sent as advised. If lost, the loss is mine. Always address your letter plainly, giving name, postoffice, county and State, and before sealing see that the remittance is sufficient to cover the purchase.

It is a pleasure to meet and greet you, dear patrons, through my FLORAL GUIDE, but a greater pleasure follows in the friendly letters which reach me in response. These I heartily appreciate, and in wishing you a prosperous and enjoyable floral season I make no formal expression. It is the expression of a true and heartfelt sentiment. Hoping to be kindly remembered this season, as usual, I am,

LIBONIA, PA., Feb. 7, 1896.

Florally yours,

GEO. W. PARK.

PARK'S FLORAL GUIDE.

New Crop Offerings for 1896.

THIS GUIDE embraces Garden Annuals (pages 1 to 25); Ornamental Climbers (pages 25 to 27); Everlastings and Grasses (page 28); Biennials and Perennials (page 29); Window Flowers (pages 30 and 31), and Shrubs and Miscellaneous Flowers (page 32). The descriptions and illustrations are not overdrawn, and the cultural notes you will find of practical service. In most cases I have indicated the country where the different flowers were found, and the approximate year of their introduction. General cultural directions accompany every purchase.

PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE.—To give still further information about plants and their culture I issue a Monthly Magazine devoted entirely to floriculture. This is the Pioneer of American Floral Monthlies, and the favorite among amateur florists. A yearly subscription is included with every seed order amounting to 50 cents. For \$1.00 I will send the MAGAZINE and seeds, your selection, amounting to .125. It is useless to buy flower seeds unless you meet with success in their culture. This MAGAZINE is, therefore, as needful to the purchaser, perhaps more needful, than the seeds themselves.

PARK'S FLOWER SEEDS.—I have made a specialty of Choice Flower Seeds for almost a lifetime, and you can depend upon getting only the best from me. My seeds are all of the **NEW CROP**, and I guarantee them. If any lack vitality I will gladly replace them. My success, dear patron, is dependent upon yours, and every precaution is taken to give you entire satisfaction.

Abrotina. Treat as an annual. California, 1823.

Umbellata, lilac 5
Arenaria, yellow 5
Villosa, rose.... 10
Mixed..... 5

Trailing succulents with Verbena-like fragrant clusters of delicate flowers. Do well in poor, well-drained, sandy soil. In California where the plants grow wild they are called Sand Verbenas. Husk the seed before sowing.



Set the plants one foot apart.

Acacia lophantha from New Holland 5

One of the most beautiful of foliage plants. Easily started from seeds, and grows from five to six feet high in a single season. Foliage decomposes and fern-like. A hardy perennial shrub at the South. Started early, it will form a lovely look or corner about the yard, and set thickly in a double row the plants make an elegant, much admired low screen or hedge. It thrives well in a window.



ACACIA
LOPHANTHA

Adonis. These are annuals. Southern Europe, 1629.



Estivalis, scarlet..... 3
Autumnalis, scarlet..... 3
Both species mixed..... 5
Scarlet Buttercups with mossy foliage. Found in cornfields in Southern Europe. Seeds may be sown in either spring or fall. Looks best in a mass or clump. Do well in a shady place. Plants grow about a foot high.

Ageratum. From Mexico, 1822. Everblooming.

Conspicuum..... 5
Lasseauxii, pink..... 5
Mexicana, blue..... 3
Alba, white..... 3
Imperial Dwarf, blue.. 5
White, fine..... 5
Little Dorrit, blue..... 5
Swanley Blue, fine..... 5
Special mixture..... 5

Excellent for bedding or for edgings, the plants becoming a mass of bright, constant flowers which last many days. Swanley Blue is a fine edging variety, growing only eight inches high, compact and very floriferous, the flowers being bright azure blue. Imperial Dwarf bears dark blue flowers, and a variety has white blooms. A. conspicuum, white, is superb for bouquets. When wintered in pots in the window the plants bloom profusely during the early spring months. The plants are readily grown from seeds, which germinate in from three to five days.



Agrostemma coeli rosa (Viscaria), Mexico, 1842.



- Alba, whitish..... 1
- Nana fimbriata..... 3
- Lilacina..... 3
- Rosa, rose..... 5
- All colors mixed..... 3

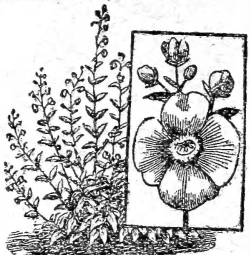
These are slender-stemmed, hardy annuals with small, delicate Pink-like flowers. The plants grow only about a foot high, and when massed together in a bed

they bloom in great profusion, and are very showy.

Alyssum. From Chili and Peru, 1790.

- Albidiflora, white 5
- Grandiflora..... 5
- Linifolia..... 5
- Gracilis, new... 5
- Mutisii, bluish... 5
- Myrtifolia..... 5
- Warszewiczii..... 5

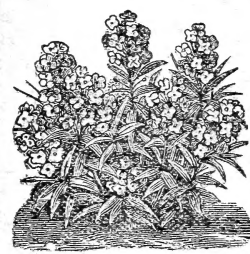
All kinds are handsome plants for either out-door or pot culture, as they bloom continuously and the flowers are brilliant and attractive. *A. myrtifolia* grows two feet high, bearing large, intense scarlet flowers. *A. Warszewiczii* is more dwarf in habit and is admirable for pots. Ours is the compact sort.



Alyssum, Sweet (Maritima, Benthami), England.

- Sweet..... 3
- Compacta, dwarf 5
- Trailing, new..... 5
- The varieties mixed 5

The Sweet Alyssum is one of the indispensable with most amateur florists. It comes into bloom a few weeks after the seeds are sown, and blooms freely till late autumn. It likes a cool, moist soil. Sow where the plants are to bloom, or transplant. A fine winter-blooming plant when grown in a cool room.

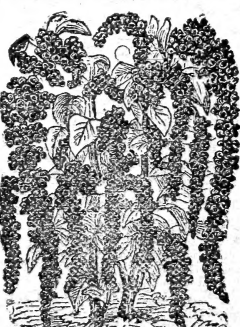


The new compact and trailing sorts are very fine for pots and baskets.

Amaranthus, mostly from E. Indies, 1728 to 1820.

- Abyssinicus..... 3
- Amabilis tricolor... 3
- Bicolor, red striped 3
- Ruber, scarlet.... 3
- Love-lies-bleeding... 5
- Gibbosus, see eng. 5
- Henderi, fls..... 5
- Prince's Feather... 3
- Nobilis..... 3
- Salicifolius..... 3
- Tricolor, Jos.'s Coat 3
- Splendens..... 5
- All kinds mixed..... 5

These are very showy, easily grown annuals, always brighter in a dry soil or dry season. Some are valuable for their foliage, others for their flowers. *A. Gibbosus* is an improved form of Love-lies-bleeding. *A. tricolor splendens* is a decided improvement on the old Joseph's Coat, and a very attractive foliage plant. The mixture contains all the sorts, and will give great satisfaction.



Anagallis grandiflora (Monelli), Italy, 1843.

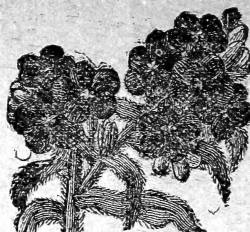
- Breweri, scarlet 3
- Carnes, flesh... 3
- Eugenie, azure 3
- Cerulea, blue 3
- Sanguinea, red 3
- Napoleon III... 3
- Linifolia..... 3
- All sorts mixed 3



Pimpernel. The plants grow less than a foot high, and bear a profusion of bright

flowers. They bloom from July till October, making a fine display in a bed or border.

Anchusa capensis, Cape of Good Hope, 1830.

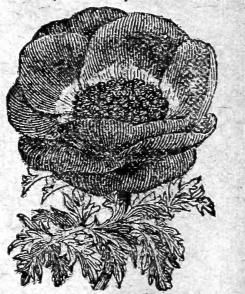


The seeds offered of this annual are of the improved dwarf variety. It grows about two feet high, and bears clusters of rich blue flowers as shown in engraving. It is easily grown from seeds. The plants are rather coarse in appearance, and like many other Boragaceae are covered with stinging hairs. The handsome blue of the flowers, however, is much admired. Thin plants to one foot apart.

Anemone, hardy perennials, Levant, 1586 to 1818.

- Coronaria, mixed.... 5
- Fulgens, scarlet.... 5
- The above mixed.... 5

These are readily grown from seeds, and will bloom well the first season if sown early. The flowers are large and showy. *A. coronaria* is often called Peacock and Poppy Anemone. They should have rather light, rich soil, well drained. In heavy soil they sometimes suffer from dampness. The young plants should be protected from the hot sun till well started. The seeds germinate about eighteen days after sowing.



Arabis arenosa, hardy annual, Germany, 1793.... 5



Many flower-ists are acquainted with the perennial Rock Cress, *Arabis Alpina*, which forms such a handsome edging early in spring, but the annual species here offered is rare. It is easily grown,

bears a mass of white clusters not unlike *Alyssum*, and makes a good edging for summer and autumn. It thrives in a sandy soil.

Argemone, annuals, Mexico, 1827, mixed..... 2

Two feet high, with glaucous, prickly foliage and large Poppy-like white and yellow flowers. Makes a good summer screen or hedge.

Artemisia, Wormwood, in fine mixture..... 5



A. annua..... 5
Gracilis..... 5
Variegata..... 5
A. annua is exceedingly graceful, the plants often reaching six feet in height, clothed with delicate, fragrant foliage. The sprays of green are much prized for bouquets. A plant of this is fine for the center of a bed, or for a back border. *A. gracilis* has Fennel-like foliage, and is a hardy perennial growing only two or three feet high. Easily grown from seeds.

Asperula (Woodruff), *Azuraea setosa*..... 5

A. azurea setosa is a hardy annual bearing heads of blue flowers in profusion throughout the season. The plants start readily from seeds and grow a foot high. They make a fine display massed together, and the flowers are fine for bouquets. See engraving. *A. hexaphylla* is a trailing plant with white flowers. Valuable for baskets and for carpeting for a *Gladiolus* bed. 5 cents per packet.



Aster tenellus, Cape of Good Hope, 1769..... 5

Blue, daisy-like flowers in profusion, pleasing and showy. Sow early.

Antirrhinum Majus==Snapdragon.

Those who have cultivated only the old-fashioned Snapdragons will be surprised at the great improvement in color, form and habit of the new varieties we here offer. The flowers are so large, display such a variety of colors, and are produced in such compact masses that none can help admiring them. Some of the flowers are as beautifully spotted as a Calceolaria, while their delicate texture and peculiar shape call to mind that beautiful florist's flower. The seeds vegetate in about twelve days, and sown in the spring the plants begin to bloom during the summer, and continue in bloom throughout the season. Cut them freely to prevent the formation of seed-pods, and the plants will produce more flowers and be better able to endure the winter. Set eight or ten inches apart in a bed they make a fine display the first season, and cut back as suggested will bear the winter and bloom well the second and even the third year. The dwarf sorts make compact little bushes six inches high; the tall varieties grow about a foot in height. For bouquets they are very desirable, their delicate texture and attractive form and colors always eliciting admiration. I have all the known colors, and they are carefully proportioned in the superb mixture offered below. Always state whether you wish tall or dwarf sorts.

Albam, pure white.....	5
Brilliant, scarlet, gold and white.....	5
Crescia, fine deep scarlet.....	5
Delila, carmine, white throat.....	5
Firefly, orange scarlet.....	5
Galathee, crimson, white throat.....	5
Lilacinum, fine lilac.....	5
Luteum, pure yellow.....	5
Nigrescens, dark purple.....	5
Papilioescum, brilliant crimson, white throat, very fine.....	5
Striatum, various colors, beautifully striped.....	5
All varieties in special mixture.....	5

NEW CALCEOLARIA-FLOWERED SNAPDRAGONS.

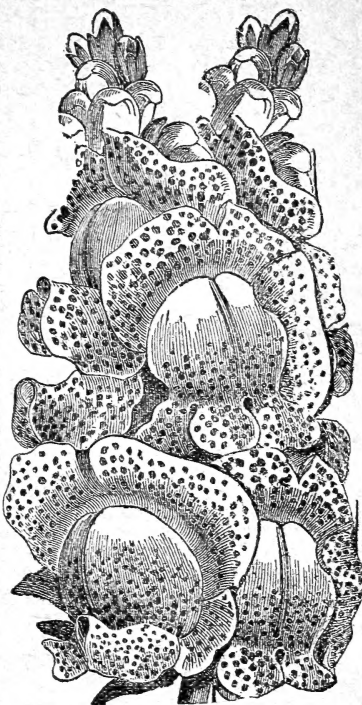
This new race surpasses all other varieties in the rich and odd markings of its flowers. I heartily recommend it, as I believe it will delight everyone who gives it a trial. The plants are of medium height, branching in habit, and very floriferous. See engraving.

Ignescens.....	5
Inimitable.....	5
Emperor William.....	5
Mirandum.....	5
Non Plus Ultra.....	5
Victoria.....	5
The above new sorts mixed.....	5

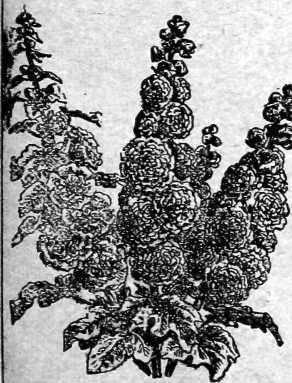
Mr. Park:—Last year late in August I sowed seeds of tall and dwarf Antirrhinums, and when cold weather came I filled the south window full of them. With the beginning of the new year I had a window of bloom that anyone might feel proud of, and as late as March 24 they were still loaded with blooms and buds. This window was more admired than all the others. I don't see why anyone should pass the long dreary winter without flowers when they are so easily raised from seed, and these plants are so free from insects.—Sadie, Hancock Co., Ohio.

Mr. Park:—I was more than satisfied with the seeds purchased of you. The Snapdragons were very fine and of many colors. I never saw finer ones in my life.—Mrs. D. D. Hotchkiss, Ashtabula Co., O.

Mr. Park:—My Snapdragons this year were splendid. To-day I picked a bouquet of the flowers. I start all my seeds in the house and transplant them to pots or beds as I wish.—Sadie L. May, Nantucket, Co., Mass., Dec. 11.



Althea rosea==Hollyhock==Superb Double Sorts.



The Hollyhock, *Althea rosea*, was introduced from China in 1573. The flowers were then single, and of a reddish color. Great improvements have since been made, however, and the flowers are now perfectly double, globular in form, of many different colors, and continue a long time in bloom. For a group or hedge, or for a tall screen or background nothing can surpass the Hollyhock as now perfected. Started early they will bloom the first year from seeds. Sown in May or June they will bloom the second and third years. The seeds I offer are of the highest grade, and will produce grand flowers. They are from selected plants of Chater's superb strain, and can't be surpassed.

Pure white.....	10
Yellowish white, purple ground.....	10
Sulphur yellow.....	10
Scarlet.....	10
Rose.....	10
Isabel color (yellowish).....	10
Salmon Rose.....	10
Golden yellow.....	10
Crimson.....	10
Light Apricot.....	10
Dark Crimson.....	10
Rosy Carmine.....	10
White on purple ground.....	10
Peach.....	10
Special mixture of all colors in careful proportion.....	10

Mr. Park:—When I was in Lansing last summer I saw a beautiful Hollyhock hedge. Some empty building lots had been utilized as a potato field, and to screen the vegetables from view Hollyhocks of every color and shade had been planted thickly, and oh, how handsome it was! I feel quite sure that all flower-lovers would rejoice in the effect if they could have seen it.—Mrs. H. P. P. Lapeer Co., Mich.

Mr. Park:—Last March a Hollyhock plant made its appearance in my seed-box. In April it was transplanted to the garden, and began to bloom in August. Mrs. Martha Crandall, Fillmore Co., Minn.

ACTUAL COMFORT.—Park's Floral Magazine gives me more actual comfort than any reading matter that comes in our house. I thought I understood flower culture pretty well, but since reading your Magazine I find I have much to learn.—Mrs. E. N., Bradford Co., Pa., Dec. 3, 1894.

SUCH A HELP.—I have been a subscriber to Park's Floral Magazine a long while, and the longer I take it the better I like it. It is such a help to me with my flowers. I highly recommend it.—Mrs. C. Cotrell, Pike Co., O., Dec. 2, 1894.

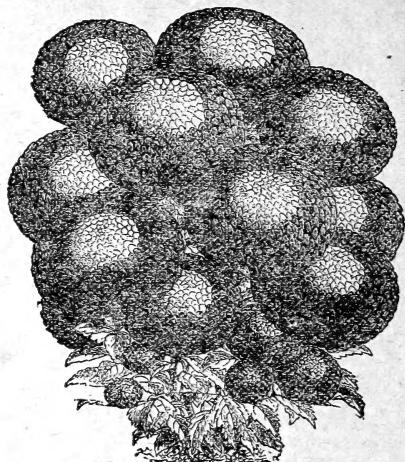
WORTH THE PRICE.—Park's Floral Magazine alone is worth fifty cents without the premiums to anyone who loves flowers. I will recommend your paper to all. I wish you the prosperity you so well deserve.—Mrs. N. A. A., Berkshire Co., Mass.

Improved French and German Asters.

What we popularly cultivate as French and German Asters are not properly Asters, but varieties which have sprung from *Callistephus chinensis*, a plant introduced from China in 1731, and formerly called China Aster. The improvements were made mostly by French and German florists, and the varieties are now generally known as French and German Asters. These improved flowers are certainly among the most useful and beautiful of annuals. They bloom in the autumn, come in a great variety of colors, and the flowers are perfectly double, large, delicate and showy. A bed in bloom is a gorgeous sight, surpassing in showiness and beauty any autumn display. The Aster seeds I offer are of the finest strains, and imported from the French and German florists who have made this flower a specialty. They will be found greatly superior to the seeds usually sold as high grade Asters.



LARGE-FLOWERED DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM ASTER.



COCARDEAU OR CROWN ASTER.

VICTORIA PRIZE ASTERS.

This is considered the finest of all Double Asters. The plants are vigorous, of symmetrical form, about twenty inches high, and form pyramids of gorgeous double bloom, of an almost infinite number of shades. The petals are beautifully imbricated, gracefully curved, and of delicate texture, and when fully developed the flowers are of great size, and exceedingly showy as well as beautiful. If you wish but one variety of Asters get the Victoria. My mixture contains the colors carefully proportioned, and the seeds are of surpassing excellence, saved only from the most perfect flowers.

White.....	10	Dark crimson.....	10
Light yellow.....	10	Reddish lilac.....	10
White tinted with rose.....	10	Reddish lilac and white.....	10
White turning to rose.....	10	Dark scarlet.....	10
White turning to blue.....	10	Light blue and white.....	10
Apple blossom.....	10	Light blue.....	10
Peach blossom.....	10	Light violet.....	10
Rose and white.....	10	Indigo on white ground.....	10
Rose tinged white.....	10	Dark blue and white.....	10
Carmine rose.....	10	Violet.....	10
Crimson and white.....	10	Brown violet.....	10
Crimson.....	10	Splendid mixture.....	10
New Dwarf Victoria, similar to the above, but of dwarf habit, mixed colors.....	10		
Victoria Needle, fine quilled Victoria Aster.....	10		

WASHINGTON ASTER.

The largest of Asters; flowers four inches or more in diameter, double, and of many distinct colors.

White.....	10	Carmine.....	10
White tinged with rose.....	10	Crimson.....	10
Silver gray.....	10	Light blue.....	10
Peach blossom.....	10	Splendid mixture.....	10

LARGE-FLOWERED DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM ASTER.

A superb variety. The plants are less than a foot high, producing exceedingly double, handsomely formed flowers late in autumn. The colors embrace a great range, and are mostly very brilliant. Beautiful for beds, and also well adapted for pots. One of the best. See engraving.

White.....	8	Fiery scarlet.....	8
White turning to azure.....	8	Coppery red and white.....	8
White turning to rose.....	8	Claret (needle-shaped).....	8
Flesh color.....	8	Lilac and white.....	8
Peach blossom.....	8	Red-lilac and white.....	8
Rose.....	8	Brown, red and white.....	8
Brilliant rose.....	8	Red violet.....	8
Rose and white.....	8	Purplish violet.....	8
Brick rose and white.....	8	Lilac.....	8
Carmine.....	8	Light blue.....	8
Carmine and white.....	8	Light blue and white.....	8
Brick rose.....	8	Dark blue.....	8
Crimson.....	8	Dark blue and white.....	8
The above 26 varieties in splendid mixture.....	10		

QUEEN OF THE MARKET.

A new floriferous and beautiful Aster, perfectly double, and one of the most showy and useful for beds. Preferred by some to the Victoria Aster for bedding. This is the earliest of Asters, blooming three weeks before other varieties.

Crimson.....	8	White.....	8
Dark blue.....	8	Azure blue.....	8
Light blue.....	8	Flesh color.....	8
Rose.....	8	Reddish lilac.....	8
Splendid mixture of the above eight varieties.....	8		

COCARDEAU OR CROWN.

One of the most admired sorts. Flowers large and double, almost globular, the centre pure white, surrounded with many bright colors. See engraving.

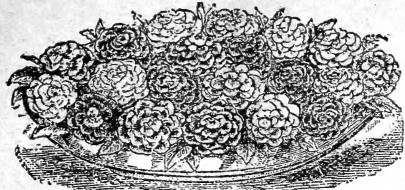
Carmine.....	8	Light blue.....	8
Crimson.....	8	Rose.....	8
Dark violet.....	8	Red brown.....	8
Fiery crimson.....	8	Lilac.....	8
The above eight sorts in fine mixture.....	8		

OTH B VARIETIES.

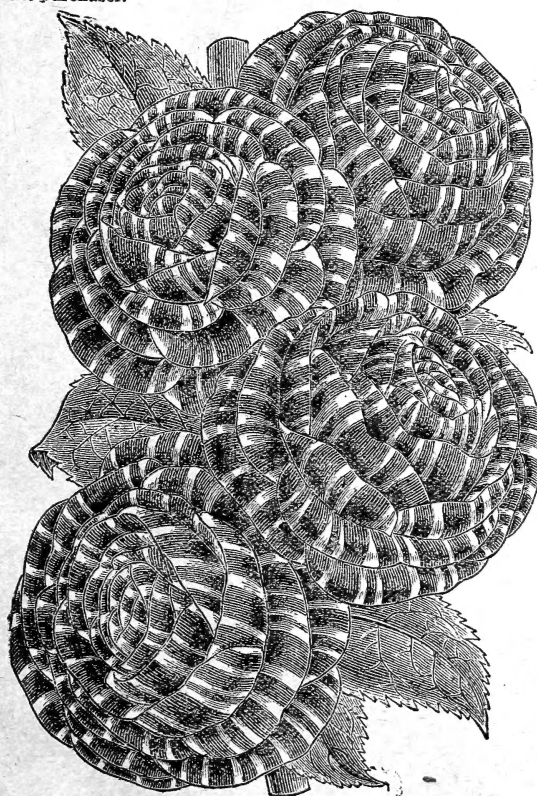
Truffaut's Perfection, a splendid French Aster; plants two feet high with large double incurved flowers of many colors; mixed colors.....	8
Truffaut's Perfection, pure white.....	8
Shakes, rare, a dwarf, robust variety bearing large globular flowers of various colors.....	8
Shakespeare, black-blue, the darkest colored of Asters, very fine.....	8
Boltz's Dwarf Bouquet, mixed colors.....	8
Imbricque Pompon, beautifully imbricated; mixed Lilliput, a dwarf, very floriferous sort, useful for pots or the border; a fine bouquet flower; mixed	5
Globe flowered, large, globular flowers; fine; mixed	5
Comet, flowers with frilled petals, resembling the Japanese Chrysanthemum; mixed.....	10
Reed's Improved Quilled, mixed.....	5
Harlequin, variegated, the petals being of different colors in the same flower; mixed.....	5
Giant Emperor, large flowers, mixed.....	5
Hedge-hog, very dwarf, handsomely formed, quilled flowers, mixed colors.....	5
Goliath, immense blooms, appear well in beds, and fine for cutting, mixed.....	5
Schiller, late bouquet Aster, mixed.....	5
Dwarf German, fine, mixed.....	5
New Brilliant, a novel and attractive Aster, of branching habit; elegant double flowers, bright scarlet with pure white border; an Aster that will give great satisfaction and pleasure.....	10
White Queen Aster, superb, pure white flowers, of handsome form and perfect double; a fine Aster for cutting.....	5
Pyramidal German, beautiful, mixed.....	5
All the varieties in splendid mixture, representing about 100 sorts.....	10

Unrivalled Strain of Double Balsams.

The generic name of the Garden Balsam is Impatiens, referring to the sudden discharge of the seed-pods when touched. For the same reason, also, the flower is often called "Touch-me-not." We have two common native species, found in moist places, both of which grow three or four feet high and bear lovely orange and yellow flowers spotted with brown. The genus also includes Impatiens glandulifera and I. Sultana, both of which are offered and described elsewhere from Impatiens balsamina (or hertensis), an East Indian annual introduced in 1836. The original species was single red, but by care the flowers have become as double as a Rose, and of all colors from white to deep crimson, some elegantly blotched, striped, mottled and flaked. The plants are improved by pruning. Some cut out the top and prune to five branches;



others prune off the side branches and allow the plant to develop into a tall, slender stalk. In either case the stems become a wreath of delicate, showy bloom. Left to themselves the foliage becomes so dense that the flowers do not show well. Use a sharp knife in pruning, and do not cut the branches off too close to the main stalk, otherwise the plant is liable to damp off at the wounds in wet weather. Some sorts grow tall, from two to three feet, while others grow less than a foot high. All bloom freely and continuously, and are handsome as border plants or for a low hedge. The flowers have short stems, but when taken from the plant may be satisfactorily arranged in saucers or plates. Seeds vegetate in about ten days, and the plants grow rapidly and begin to bloom early. The fragrance of the flowers attracts humming birds and insects, and adds to their charms. I have a first-class collection and my seeds are of the finest quality. All the colors are carefully proportioned in the mixtures offered, and cannot fail to please the purchaser.



IMPROVED ROSE-FLOWERED.			
Pure white.....	8	Brick red.....	8
Whitetinged rose.....	8	Crimson.....	8
Pale yellow.....	8	Purple.....	8
Flesh color.....	8	Lilac.....	8
Rosy buff.....	8	Violet.....	8
Rose.....	8	The 13 varieties	
Pomegranate red.....	8	in splendid mix-	
Scarlet.....	8	ture.....	8

IMPROVED CAMELLIA FLOWERED.			
White reflecting.....	10	Scarlet, spotted.....	10
lilac.....	10	Violet.....	10
Crimson.....	10	Violet, spotted.....	10
Rose, spotted.....	10	These seven fine	
Pure scarlet.....	10	sorts mixed.....	10

DOUBLE SPOTTED.			
Flesh color.....	8	Copper red.....	8
Light red.....	8	Lilac rose.....	8
Carmine rose.....	8	Dark lilac.....	8
Pomegranate red.....	8	Light violet.....	8
Scarlet.....	8	Violet.....	8
Copperscarlet.....	8	The 12 kinds in	
Crimson.....	8	fine mixture.....	8

CARNATION STRIPED.			
White and rose.....	8	White, crimson	
White and scarlet.....	8	and cinabar.....	8
White and violet.....	8	Tricolor.....	8
Peach blossom.....	8	The six varieties	
and scarlet.....	8	in fine mixture.....	8

OTHER SORTS			
Solferino, beautifully striped and spotted, six sorts, se arate, each.....	8		
Solferino, splendid mixture, all sorts.....	8		
Atrosanguinea plenissima, rich blood red, very double.....	8		
Dwarf spotted, finest mixture.....	8		
The King, intense scarlet, splendid.....	8		
The Queen, satiny rose, lovely.....	8		
Dwarf Camellia-flowered, fine mixed.....	8		

Balsam, all varieties, a superb mixture, containing all the above sorts specially proportioned..... 8

Mr. Park:—The Balsams I raised last summer from your seeds were like little trees filled with Roses. Some of them were two and a half feet high, and the flowers were very double. H. A. Ailing, Cook Co., Ill.

Mr. Park:—My Balsams were very fine last season. A double pink one was greatly admired; also a double one with pale green centre and white outer petals. Mina Gomph, Monroe Co., N. Y.

Mr. Park:—When transplanting my Balsams I potted a double pink one, and it bloomed before those out-doors had budded. J. Miller, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

LIKE SUNSHINE.—Park's Floral Magazine comes like a beam of sunshine into my home, and is filled with bright sunbeams of thought, of flowers, and of letters from the sisters who love and cultivate flowers. Mrs. A. L. Smith, Jackson Co., Ore., Aug. 24, 1894.

ALWAYS NEW.—I have had Park's Floral Magazine in my family ever since 1878, and the older numbers as I re-read them always seem new, they are so full of good advice and contain so many good suggestions. I like it better than any other Magazine I ever saw. Mrs. C. D. Robbins, Washington Co., Ark.

DELIGHTED WITH IT.—I am delighted with Park's Floral Magazine. In every number I find something I was just wanting to know. Mrs. S. S. Kelley, Santa Rosa, Cal., Sep. 23, 1894.

Borecole, ornamental, varied varieties, 5

These are ornamental leaved plants, useful for autumn and winter beds. Sow in May, and set the plants in poor soil in a sunny spot till October, then bed them out after frost has destroyed flowering plants. Set the plants the depth of their stems, leaving only the leafy top above the surface. The exquisite variation in form, veining, color, etc., makes these plants very attractive, especially in winter beds, when vegetation is scarce. The seeds offered are of a very superior strain, and will yield plants of the finest character.

Bartonia aurea, annual, California, 1834, 5

This is a beautiful, golden cup-shaped flower, the petals shining with a rich lustre. The foliage is glaucous, handsomely cut and pretty. Likes a peaty, moist soil, and in the Eastern States should be mulched to keep the soil cool. One foot high. Sow early and thin plants till eight inches apart. This is one of the most graceful and showy of the California annuals, and is always admired in places where the plants thrive and bloom well. It is not always satisfactory, however, in the East.

Bellis perennis (Double Daisy), Great Britain. Improved White, 5
 Red, 5
 Snowball, large, 5
 Longfellow, crimson, 5
 Quilled, fine, 5
 Finest mixed, 5

The Double Daisy is a beautiful little plant for edging, perfectly hardy, and everblooming. The improved varieties I offer have very large, perfectly double flowers, and of all the shades. The plants bloom freely in the spring and autumn, but rather sparingly in hot weather. Fine for cemetery planting. If started in June the plants bloom well in a cool room in winter. Easily started from seeds. Those I offer can be depended upon for the finest flowers.

Bidens, half-hardy perennials, Mexico, 1800. Grandiflora, yellow, 5
 Atroscaganea, black, 5
 Mixed colors, 5

Easily grown perennials which bloom the first season. Not unlike the well-known Dahlia, and requires the same treatment. B. atroscaganea has black-crimson flowers, and is often known as Black Dahlia. The flowers are showy and are prized by some persons for bouquet-making.

Brachycome Iberidifolia, annual, Swan River, 1840. Blue, elegant, 3
 White, fine, 3
 Mixed colors, 3

Very pretty plants, eight or more inches high, bearing exquisite cineraria-like flowers, as shown in the illustration. The flowers are about an inch across, and of charming color and texture. Sow in the nursery bed early and transplant, or else sow about corn-planting time where the plants are to bloom, and thin out.

Browallia elata, annuals, Peru, 1768. Blue, 3
 White, 3
 Purple, 3
 Large-flowered, blue, 3
 Compacta, 3
 Roezii, 3
 Special mixture, 3

Continuous and free-blooming annuals, charming for out-door beds, and valuable for window culture in pots. The flowers are not large, but very pretty, and are useful for cutting, as well as for display upon the plant. One of the best winter-blooming window plants in cultivation, never failing to produce its lovely flowers even under unfavorable conditions.

Cacalia (Senecio) somechiflora, India, 1799. Scarlet, 3
 Yellow, 3
 Mixed colors, 3

Known as Tassel Flower, and Flora's Paint-Brush. Flowers brush-like on long stems. Easily grown from seeds. Useful for bouquets. The plants grow fifteen inches high. Sow in the bed where the plants are to stand, or start in boxes and transplant, setting the plants six inches apart.

Calandrinia, California, Chili, 1826 to 1831. Burridgei, copper, 3
 Speciosa, red, 3
 White, 3
 Discolor, rose, 3
 Grandiflora, rose, 3
 Umbellata, purple, 3
 Special mixture, 3

Beautiful, free-blooming, succulent plants. Flowers large and attractive and produced in racemes. Give the plants a sunny spot and dry situation. Seedlings started in spring begin to bloom in summer, and bloom till frosts appear. C. umbellata is a perennial species from Peru. The mixture offered contains all sorts.

Callitriche, United States, mostly perennials. Lineariloba, lilac, 5
 Pedata, purple, 5
 Involucrata, red, 5
 Mixed colors, 5

These are vigorous plants belonging to the Mallow family. Flowers large and showy, and freely and continuously produced. In mild climates the plants withstand the winter and bloom for several years. Fine for vases.

Calendula officinalis (Pot Marigold) S. Europe, 1573. Large sulphur, 5
 Orange King, 5
 Large yellow, 5
 Meteor, striped, 5
 Prince of Orange, new, 3
 Grandiflora, new, 5
 Cape Marigold, 5
 All kinds mixed, 5

These Calendulas are among the most showy and valuable of garden annuals. They start readily from seeds, bloom early, and continue in bloom till winter. The flowers are large, very double, bright and showy. For a late-blooming plant they surpass the Chrysanthemum, as the frost does not injure either flowers or foliage.

Catchfly (Silene Armeria), hardy annual, England. Red, 3
 White, 3
 Mixed, 3

Rather pretty plants with clusters of small flowers and smooth, glaucous foliage. Will self sow after once introduced. Good for cutting and for mixed borders. May be sown early.

Canna==New Crozy.

The old Indian Shot, *Canna Indica*, was introduced from India in 1570 and during the present century dozens of species have come from South America and the West Indies. The best of these were used by a French florist in originating a new and improved class, the varieties of which are the most gorgeous and stately bedding plants in cultivation. The foliage is massive and tropical in growth, and the flowers of the most brilliant colors surmount it in great plume-like heads.

I offer seeds in mixture of all the finest named varieties, yellow, scarlet and crimson, margined and spotted, and those who wish seeds of a superior quality will find these just what they want. They are all fresh and genuine, not adulterated with the older sorts, and will produce the finest large-flowered plants. No flower with which I am acquainted will give better satisfaction or greater pleasure than these Cannas, and I urge their culture.

Price per packet 10 cents, or three packets 25 cents.

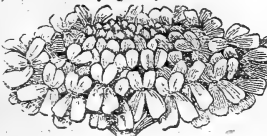
CROZY'S CANNAS.—There is no disputing the utility of these Cannas. They are undoubtedly splendid acquisitions, and rapidly superseding the tall kinds once grown largely in gardens. They are good conservatory plants, being quite at home when associated with Palms and Ferns. The newer kinds have remarkably fine flowers, the segments broad and splendidly colored, the outcome of patient work on the part of M. Crozy.—The English Garden.

Mr. Park:—My bed of New French Cannas is grand. The plants are thrifty and the flowers rival the finest *Gladiolus*. A thing of more gorgeous beauty and grandeur can scarcely be conceived.—D. H. R., Minn., Aug. 21, 1893.



Candytuft (*Iberis*) umbellata, Spain, 1596.

White.....	3
Lilac.....	3
Flesh.....	3
Crimson.....	3
Carmine.....	3
Dwarf, mixed.....	5
Rocket.....	5
Empress.....	5
Amara.....	3
Special mixture	3



Hardy annuals. If sown late in autumn or early in spring the plants will bloom early the next summer, producing a gorgeous sheet of flowers. Good for cutting. Among the most effective and beautiful of garden flowers. Do not transplant well, and should be sown in rows in the blooming bed and thinned to six inches apart. The new Empress has gorgeous spikes of pure white flowers.

Campanula, mostly natives of Europe.

Atlica, blue.....	3
Alba, white.....	3
Loreyi, blue.....	3
Macrostylis.....	5
Speculum.....	5
Album.....	3
Lilacina.....	3
Flore pleno.....	5
Grandiflora.....	3
Alba.....	3
Procumbens.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

Charming annuals blooming in great profusion. Sow early and thin to six inches apart. *C. macrostylis* bears large violet flowers. *C. speculum* is known as Venus's Looking-glass. *C. procumbens* is the trailing sort.



Capitium annum (*Pepper*), India, 1548.

Celestial, new.....	5
Golden Dawn.....	5
Little G. m.....	5
Prince of Wales.....	5
Tom Thumb.....	5
Nanum fulgens.....	5
Procop's Giant.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

Elegant decorative plants, always attractive either in garden or window. The new Celestial has creamy white fruits changing to brilliant scarlet. Golden Dawn bears bright golden fruits. Little Gem has cherry-like scarlet fruits in abundance. Procop's Giant (see eng.) has tusk-like fruits about a foot long. Nanum fulgens pointed rich scarlet fruits.

Carduus (*Silene*) *Marianus*, biennial, Europe.. 5

A plant with broad, spiny, elegantly marbled foliage. A fine edging for foliage plants, readily grown from seeds. Unless pinched out, the bloom-stalk will push up in autumn bearing purple thistle-like flowers. I can also supply seeds of *Carduus benedictus* at 5c. per pkt.

Carthamus tinctorius (*Safflower*), Egypt, 1551. 5

An annual composite, growing several feet high and bearing an abundance of yellow flowers. Safflower is an extract from the flowers, and is used by dyers. The plants are easily grown and of use for brightening autumn shrubbery, but the flowers are rather coarse in texture.



Celosia cristata. Coxcomb. Annuals. Asia. 1570.
 Orange and Rose, each..... 5
 Scarlet and Crimson, each..... 5
 Purple and Amaranth, each..... 5
 Sulphur and Violet, each..... 5
 Glasgow Frize, crimson..... 5
 Empress, bright purple..... 5
 Japonica, scarlet..... 5
 Variegata, yellow and red..... 5
 All varieties mixed..... 5



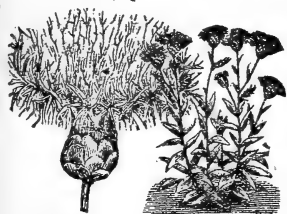
These are showy, attractive annuals, easily raised from seeds. Only a portion of the plants produce broad, handsome combs, and these will reveal their character early, and should be given special care. The others may be thrown out. They require rich, porous soil, and a sheltered, sunny place to do well. Grown in pots and shifted often they become handsome specimens. The flowers are astringent, and much used as a medicine by Asiatic physicians.

Celosia pyramidalis. Annuals. East Indies. 1820.
 White and Rose, each..... 5
 Violet or Purple, each..... 5
 Scarlet or Yellow, each..... 5
 Reid's Perfection..... 5
 Thompsoni crimson..... 5
 Plumosa, mixed..... 5
 Special mixture..... 5

Known as Feathered Coxcomb, the flowers appearing in large, pyramidal, feathery tufts. Showy bedding plants, and fine in pots. Good for winter-blooming if started in pots in June. A warm, rich, porous soil suits them best outdoors. My seeds of both Crested and Feathered Coxcomb are saved only from the finest combs, and a large percentage of the plants will produce splendid, well-formed heads of bloom.



Centaurea, special mixture of all sorts..... 5



Cyanus, rose..... 5
 Variegata..... 5
 White..... 5
 Black-blue..... 5
 Emperor Wm..... 5
 Brick-red..... 5
 Light blue..... 5
 Above mixed..... 5
 Double mixed..... 10
 Moschata, rose..... 5
 White..... 5
 Purple..... 5
 Mixed..... 5
 Americana blue..... 5
 Suaveolens, yellow..... 5

Centaurea cyanus (see eng.) is one of the best hardy annuals. Easily grown, blooms continuously, and fine for bouquet. It is often called Corn-bottle. The new double-flowered is not always true from seeds. *C. moschata*, the Musk Centaurea, very pretty. *C. Americana* known as Basket Flower. It grows freely on the mountains of Mexico, where I saw grand beds of it in its wild state. *C. suaveolens* known as Sweet Sultan. All are desirable garden flowers.

Centranthus macrolophus. All colors mixed... 5

Rose..... 3
 Variegated..... 3
 White..... 3
 Carnation..... 3

Hardy annuals with pretty, delicate tubular flowers in clusters. Plants grow readily from seeds, and bloom profusely till after severe frosts. Very valuable for bouquets. Massed together they make a good display in a bed. Sow where plants are to stand, and thin to 8 inches apart, or transplant them to where you wish them to bloom, setting eight inches apart.



Chenopodium fastigiata. Cape of Good Hope.... 5



A plant growing from six to nine inches high, neat and compact, and covered with an abundance of pinkish-white flowers. Useful for edgings or borders. Set 6 inches apart. This little plant will bear acquaintance, and those who are fond of variety should add it to their collection. In its native home it is a perennial; but in our country at the North it should be treated as an annual. It is said to appear well planted in pots, also in baskets or vases. See engraving of plant.

Chrysanthemum, annual sorts, N. Africa. 1796.

Carinatum, rose..... 5
 Dark scarlet..... 5
 Burridgeanum..... 5
 Eclipse, variegated..... 5
 Yellow..... 5
 White..... 5
 Purple..... 5
 Double White..... 5
 Orange..... 5
 The above mixed..... 5
 Coronarium, white..... 5
 Crimson..... 5
 Double white..... 5
 Yellow..... 5
 Imbricatum fl. pl. Sulphureum fl. pl. The sorts mixed..... 5
 Multicaule, yellow..... 5
 Secetum grandiflorum..... 5
 All sorts mixed..... 5

C. carinatum is one of the most easily grown and satisfactory of annuals. The flowers show various rich markings as shown in the bloom illustrated,



while the plant will grow anywhere, and is always covered with rich bloom as is shown in the illustration of the plant. Easily transplanted. Set a foot apart. Showy in beds. Good for cutting. *C. coronarium* is also showy, and very floriferous. Both bloom till late in autumn. *C. secetum grandiflorum* is the yellow Paris Daisy, blooming the first season from seeds.



Chrysanthemum inodorum fl. pl., Pritan..... 5

This *Chrysanthemum* a bloom and plant of which are shown in the accompanying engraving is a very beautiful flower, desirable for beds and useful for cutting. Started early the plants bloom in winter, endure the winter, and are a mass of mossy foliage and double white flowers the following spring. After that they die. Many of my patrons prize this flower very highly for cemetery planting as well as for use in floral designs. It is a flower that should be more popular, and I



Cleome speciosissima. Mexico, 1827. Hardy annual.

This plant grows several feet high, bearing at the extremity of the long branches rather large, purplish-rose flowers with long stamens. The spider-like appearance of the flower has given rise to the common name of Spider flower. Set the plants a foot apart. Not a showy plant, but one worth cultivating for the sake of variety. The seeds may be sown where the plants are to bloom, or the plants may be transplanted. Set about a foot apart.



Martia. Annuals. California. 1830.



Puchella, red.....	3
White, fine.....	3
Flesh color.....	3
Double mixed.....	3
Integripetalanana red	3
White dwarf.....	3
Flesh color.....	3
Marguata.....	3
Mrs. Langtry.....	3
Pulcherrima.....	3
Rosea grandiflora.....	3
Mixed.....	3
Elegans, white.....	3
Double white.....	3
Flesh color.....	3
Rose.....	3
Violet.....	3
Purple King.....	5
Salmon Queen, see eng	10
King and Queen mix'd	10
All the above mixed.....	5

Very pretty, effective plants of easy culture. Seeds may be sown nearly September, and the bed slight protected by covering with evergreen boughs, or may be sown early in spring, when the plants will bloom during the summer. The mixture I offer is well proportioned. A foot high; should stand six inches apart.

Clintonia. Half-hardy annuals. California, 1831.

Elegans, blue, fine.....	5
Pulchella, varied.....	10
Alba, white.....	5
Atrocinerea, red.....	5
Atropurpurea, fine.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

These are charming little plants that resemble the Lobelia in habit, but the flowers are more brilliant in color. They grow only six inches high, and are quite suitable for edgings, pots or baskets. The plants like a cool, moist, open situation and rich, porous soil and should stand eight inches apart. Plants started from seeds early in March will begin to bloom in June, and continue in flower till killed by frost. Treatment same as for Lobelia.



Collinsia. Annuals. California. 1826-1846.

Bicolor, two-colored.....	3
Candidissima, white	3
Carnea.....	3
Grandiflora, blue.....	3
Multicolor, fine.....	3
Marmorata.....	3
Verna, blue and white	5
All the above mixed.....	5



Hardy, free-blooming annuals easily grown from seeds sown either in the fall or spring. The flowers are mostly two-colored, and very bright and pretty. C. verna sown in autumn is one of our loveliest early flowers. This species is a native of Eastern States.

Commelina caelestis. Perennial. Texas. 1812.

Blue, very pretty.....	5
White, fine.....	5
Variegated.....	5
All colors mixed.....	5

Lovely flowers somewhat resembling Tradescantia in form and texture, as well as in their revanescent character. The roots are fleshy and may be kept over winter like Dahlias. The plants bloom profusely and continuously, and I have seen patches of them in their native haunts which were masses of lovely blue. The plants are hardy in the South, but require protection at the North. Seedling plants started in March will begin to bloom in summer, continuing through the season.



Convolvulus tricolor (minor).

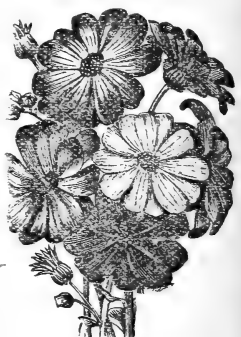


very attractive and beautiful. Seeds may be sown in the autumn on well-drained soil, or in early spring in the garden. My mixture embraces all the colors of this handsome annual.

Cosmos bipinnata, annual. Mexico. 1799.

Purpurea, purple.....	5
Rosea, rose.....	5
Alba, white.....	5
The varieties mixed.....	5

Mexico is the natural home of the Cosmos, and grand masses of the flowers may be seen upon the mountains and in uncultivated regions of that country. The flowers of improved varieties are much finer than those found in a wild state. Fine for cutting. Plants easily raised from seed, which should be sown early in boxes in the house or in the hot-bed. Grow from three to five feet high, and bloom continuously throughout the autumn. My seeds are all of the improved, large-flowered varieties, and the mixture contains all the varieties.



Calliopsis (Coreopsis). United States and Mexico.



Tinctoria, bicolor.....	3
Nigra, very dark.....	3
Lutea, yellow.....	3
Marmorata.....	3
Nana, brown.....	3
Pistulosa.....	3
Semipena.....	3
Drummondii.....	3
Coronata, orange.....	3
Atkinsonii.....	3
Cardaminifolia.....	3
All sorts mixed.....	3

The above are mostly hardy annuals, and the best time to sow them is in September, about the time the farmer sows his wheat. The plants will then get a good start in autumn, and will be ready to bloom early the next season. The flowers are produced on long stems almost continuously, and appear well in masses in the garden, as well as in bouquets. Set plants six inches apart. May be sown in the spring, and will begin to bloom in autumn. Sometimes called Black-eyed Susan. Introduced about 1835.

Cuphea. Mostly from Mexico. 1830 to 1850.

Miniata.....	5
Purpurea.....	5
Strigulosa.....	5
Platycentra.....	5
Mexican.....	5
Zimapani.....	10
Fine mixture.....	5

These all bloom the first season from seeds. C. miculata is shown in engraving. C. platycentra is the well-known Seegar plant, which blooms so freely outdoors in summer, and in the window in winter. C. Zimapani is the rare, large-flowered species. It is an annual, with flowers as large as the Sweet Pea; is a perpetual blooming plant in the garden. Color, rich, deep purple. It is a plant worthy of general culture.



Conoclinium coelestinum, perennial, Missouri.. 10
A very beautiful native flower, sometimes called Blue Eupatorium and Mist Flower. It blossoms very profusely in autumn, making gorgeous masses of feathery blue flowers. This beautiful flower was first offered by me in 1893, and it is destined to become popular, being hardy, easily grown, and always greatly admired. Sow in a box or prepared bed early, and set plants eight or ten inches apart. For a showy bed this plant excels *Ageratum*.

Crepis barbata, yellow-flowered..... 3
Alba, white..... 3
Rubra, red..... 3
Dioscorides, yellow..... 3
Mixed..... 3

Hawkweed. Showy and easily grown. Set the plants eight inches apart. The yellow-flowered is larger and more vigorous than the others. The plants grow a foot high and bloom in autumn. Suitable for a mixed border, or for sowing among shrubbery.

Cynoglossum coelestinum, India, 1837.

Blue..... 3
White..... 3
Mixed colors..... 3
Branching plants four feet high, very pretty blue and white flowers in great profusion in autumn. Much visited by bees. Seeds may be sown early in spring. Set the plants from fifteen inches to two feet apart. A single specimen, or a group of three plants makes fine appearance. It is interesting to watch the "busy bees" which hum among the flowers during a bright, warm day in autumn.

Carnation, Margaret, finest mixture..... 5
New Dwarf, mixed..... 10
New White..... 10
This is a lovely, fragrant Carnation, which blooms the first season from spring-sown seeds. Flowers very double, and freely produced throughout the season. A very valuable member of the Pink family, and one that I can heartily recommend. Said to bloom well in winter in the house. My seeds are first-class, from the originator, and will produce the finest flowers in many colors.

Datura, mostly from Mexico, 1839 to 1824.

Wrightii, white..... 5
Fastuosa fl. pl., mixed..... 5
Chlorantha fl. pl..... 5
Ceratocaula..... 5
All kinds mixed..... 5
These are rather coarse plants bearing very large, trumpet-shaped flowers. *D. Wrightii* has flowers 6 inches long, of a pale lilac color, and delightfully fragrant. *D. chlorantha* fl. pl. has rich yellow double flowers. *D. fastuosa* has duplex flowers as shown in engraving. All are easily grown. Sow the seeds early and transplant eighteen inches apart. In Mexico great patches of these flowers may be seen in bloom in August. Some grow in low ponds, others in sandy wastes, and still others in cultivated soil.

Delphinium (Larkspurs), annual and perennial.

Dwarf Rocket, mixed..... 3
Tail Rocket, mixed..... 3
Pure white..... 3
Stock-flowered, mixed..... 3
Emperor, mixed..... 5
Candelabrum, mixed..... 3
Chinensis, mixed..... 3
Nudicaule, scarlet..... 5
Cashmerianum, blue..... 5
Special mixture..... 5
The annual Larkspurs do well if seeds are sown as early as the ground can be worked. Sow in rows, where the plants are to bloom, and thin till the plants are six inches apart. The Double Tail and Dwarf Rocket Larkspurs above offered are very fine. The last three kinds in the above list are perennials, but bloom the first season from spring-sown seeds. *D. Formosum* and *Elatum* are offered among perennials, as they do not bloom till the second season. *D. nudicaule*, the naked-



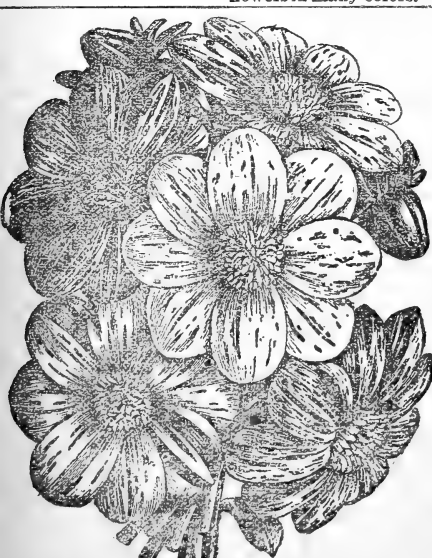
stemmed species, bears fine scarlet flowers. *D. Cashmerianum*, the new species with Monkshood-like flowers, is shown in the small illustration; rock-et Larkspur in the larger.

CHOICE DAHLIAS.

The Dahlia is found growing wild in Mexico, from which country many species varying in growth of plant and color of flower have been introduced during the period from 1789 till 1833. When in Mexico in 1892 I had the pleasure of seeing many specimens growing in their native haunts, and some giant plants in a mountain ravine waved their gorgeous single flowers on long slender stems fourteen feet above the ground. All Dahlias were originally single, but the florists by careful hybridization have improved their form and variety of color, as well as produced the gorgeous double flowers which are so rich and beautiful. I offer selected seeds of the finest strains, both single and double. They were grown for me in California, and in Southern France, where the climate is well adapted for the perfection of the flowers and seeds. They will be found much superior to the Dahlia seeds ordinarily offered by seedsmen.

Choice Single Dahlia, Paragon, scarlet, spotted..... 25
White Queen..... 25
Coccinea, scarlet..... 25
Striped, mixed, see eng..... 10
Golden yellow..... 25
Tom Thumb, finest mixture..... 25
Choice Single Dahlias in splendid mixture..... 10
Double Dwarf Dahlias, very fine mixed..... 20
Choice Double Dahlia, Cactus, new sorts mixed..... 25
Choice Double Dahlias in splendid mixture..... 10

Mr. Park:—The Dahlias I raised from seed which I bought of you are now in bloom. Out of one package of seed I raised about 18 plants. There are 10 or 12 in bloom now, and so far not two alike. They are richer in color than any I ever had before. They are just beautiful.—Richard Gebele, Erie Co., Pa., Aug. 17, 1893.



Splendid Collection of Dianthus Chinensis.

Dianthus Chinensis was introduced from China in 1713. The flowers were then single, and of a shade of red, but florists have greatly improved the flowers in size and variety, so that we now have them double and single in form, and of all shades and markings, from white to deep crimson. The plants are usually biennial in character, blooming the first season, enduring the winter and flowering again the second year. If not allowed to become exhausted, however, they will live over the second winter and bloom the third season. Plants start readily from seeds, and soon come into bloom. They bloom freely and continuously, make a fine bed, and are prized for bouquets. Some are fringed, others plain; some distinctly variegated, others self colored. All are brilliant in color, however, and all showy. All they need is fragrance to make them faultless. The collection I offer is extensive, and the seeds are of the finest quality. The complete mixture contains all the varieties that will yield a wonderful assortment, double and single, tall and dwarf, all colors.

- well proportioned, and will yield a wonderful assortment, double and single, tall and dwarf, all colors.
- Chinensis* fl. pl., extra double, mixed 5
Albus fl. pl., fine double white..... 5
Pictus fl. pl., new, double, rose and white 5
Nanus roseus splendens fl. pl., new, dwarf, a charming variety..... 5
Hedderwigii, single, superb large flowers, elegantly marked, mixed 5
Crimson Belle, rich crimson, grand sort for bedding..... 5
Eastern Queen, carmine rose with delicate tracings; charming..... 5
The Bride, white with purple centre; very pretty..... 5
Nigricans fl. pl., exceedingly dark, rich flowers and very double.... 5
Grandiflorastriata fl. pl., large flowers, handsomely striped..... 5
Grandiflorus albus plenissimus, elegant white flowers, very large... 5
Nanus cupreus coccineus fl. pl., dwarf variety, glowing flowers... 5
Superbus hybridus nanus, dwarf, mixed 5
Hedderwigii fl. pl., very large, double, all the finest colors mixed..... 5
Diadematus or *Diadem Pink*, elegant double sort, richly marked with black; one of the finest; see engraving..... 5
Diadematus, New Double Dwarf, similar to above, of dwarf habit 5
Atropurpureus fl. pl., dark purple 5
Albo Marginata fl. pl., fine rich crimson, distinct white band.... 5
Albus fl. pl., large double flowers, fine white; useful for cemetery... 5
Laciniatus, extra fine single flowers large, beautifully fringed and of most brilliant colors, mixed..... 5
Albus (Snowflake), very fine white 5
Atropurpureus plenus, purplish crimson, double and feathery.... 5
Atrosanguineus plenus, rich crimson, very double, deeply fringed 5
Atroroseus plenus, violet, fine 5
Laciniatus plenus, finest double, in splendid mixture fine for beds, beautiful for bouquets 5
Imperialis fl. pl., finest double Imperial Pink; leading sorts mixed... 5
Albus fl. pl., pure white, very double, fine for the cemetery 5
Striatus fl. pl., striped, very fine.... 5
Atrosanguineus fl. pl., double, red 5
Rubro striatus fl. pl., red-striped... 5
Plenissimus pictus, very double, handsomely marked flowers..... 5
Nanus fl. pl., dwarf sorts mixed..... 5
 Splendid mixture of all the above.. 5



DIADEM PINK.

The above is a faithful representation of the beautiful *Diadem Pink*, one of the richest and most attractive of all Chinese Pinks. The plants bloom the first season, bearing exquisite double crimson and scarlet flowers with a velvety black stripe through each petal, as represented. Choicest seed, only 5 cents per packet.

A FEW PLAIN FACTS.

This is not a fancy Catalogue, filled with imaginative descriptions and unmerited praise of wonderful (?) strains and novelties, nor are the illustrations overdrawn and misleading. It sets forth plain facts and aims to give the reader correct ideas of the flowers offered. The publisher, however, wishes every flower-lover into whose hands it may come to distinctly bear in mind these facts:

- 1st. All the seeds offered are fresh, and of the New Crop.
 - 2nd. All the seeds offered are of the best obtainable quality.
 - 3rd. The mixtures are specially prepared, and the colors in them carefully proportioned. (Most dealers sell foreign mixtures, which are the odds and ends of some wholesale seed-house.)
 - 4th. Every patron is fairly and honestly dealt with.
 - 5th. Satisfaction is guaranteed in every respect to every patron.
- Mr. Park.—Every seed of the several packages I got of you in the spring must have germinated from the looks of my seed-boxes.—M. M., Cincinnati, Ohio, Aug. 19, 1894.
 Mr. Park:—I have elegant window plants raised from seed bought of you.—Emily V. Rice, Bradford Co., Pa., Mar. 2, 1894.
 Mr. Park:—Your seed mixtures are better every year.—Mrs. M. A. B. Madison Co., Ill.
 Mr. Park:—The seeds I got of you did exceedingly well.—Gertha E. Bradley, Sussex Co.
- As all I ask is a trial. You will find my seeds equal to any from any source, no matter how highly praised, or how high the price. Address,

GEO. W. PARK, Libonia, Franklin Co., Pa.

Eschscholtzia, hardy annuals.



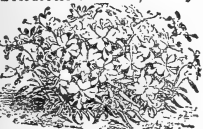
Hardy annuals of great beauty. The plants grow a foot high, forming a mass of finely cut foliage which is thickly set with bright, shining, Poppy-like flowers as shown in engraving. *E. Californica* bears golden yellow flowers and has been adopted as the floral emblem of the Golden State. Easily grown. Sow where the plants are to stand and thin to eight inches apart. Where the climate is not too severe the seed should be sown in the fall, and a protection of evergreen boughs given, as the plants do much better during the cool days of early summer.

Cruciferous, fragrant flowers, borne in long racemes. Sown in autumn the plants bloom well in summer. Spring-sown plants bloom in autumn. Grow a foot or more high, and are attractive in masses. The seeds may be sown in the nursery bed and transplanted, setting eight inches apart, or may be sown where the plants are to grow and thinned to the desired distance. Often called Western Wallflower. A decoction made from this plant and used as a gargle is said to be a sure remedy for sore throat.

Cruciferous, fragrant flowers, borne in long racemes. Sown in autumn the plants bloom well in summer. Spring-sown plants bloom in autumn. Grow a foot or more high, and are attractive in masses. The seeds may be sown in the nursery bed and transplanted, setting eight inches apart, or may be sown where the plants are to grow and thinned to the desired distance. Often called Western Wallflower. A decoction made from this plant and used as a gargle is said to be a sure remedy for sore throat.



Eucharidium, hardy annuals. California, 1836.



as the early-blooming plants are the finest in foliage and flowers. Sown in spring they bloom in eight weeks and keep in bloom a long time. One foot high. Set six inches apart, or sow in the bed and thin out surplus plants.

Eupatorium Fraseri, perennial, N. C., 1820..... 5

There are many species of *Eupatorium* indigenous to the United States. *E. Fraseri* is one of the best, showy in the garden and useful for cutting. Six or eight plants grouped six inches apart make a fine clump nearly two feet high, which becomes a mass of white flowers. *E. perfoliatum* is the well-known Boneset, so much prized by herb doctors as a medicine. *Eupatorium riparium* is the well-known greenhouse variety, sure to bloom in winter. It grows readily from seeds, but is usually started from cuttings.

Euphorbia, half-hardy annuals. Texas, 1811.

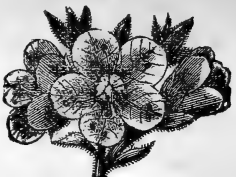


phylla, or Mexican Fire Plant (see eng.) is gorgeous.

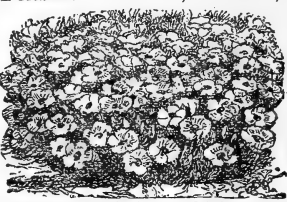
Variegata..... 5
Vernonia, red..... 5
Both sorts mixed..... 5
Very showy plants when in bloom. They grow a foot high and bear small, inconspicuous flowers in clusters during autumn. These are surrounded by leaf-like bracts which become distinctly and beautifully variegated. *E. variegata* is a common plant in southeastern Texas, where the plants curve gracefully at the extremities, and become a snowy masses, which suggested the common name, "Mountain of Snow." *E. heterophylla*, or Mexican Fire Plant (see eng.) is gorgeous.

Eutoca, hardy annuals; California, 1834.

Viscida, rich blue 3
albo-striata, fine 3
The kinds mixed 3
There are several species of *Eutoca*, all natives of California, but *E. viscida* is the only one worth cultivating. It grows a foot high and bears an abundance of rich blue flowers, the centre shading to violet. It is easily grown from seeds, which may be sown in the fall or very early in spring, the fall season being preferable in a temperate climate. Sow in an open, sunny situation, and thin the plants so they will not crowd each other in the bed; otherwise the foliage is liable to rust.



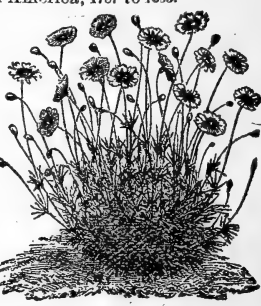
Fenzlia dianthiflora, California, 1833..... 5



Hardy annuals, originally called *Dianthoides*, as the flowers resemble Pinks, and it was also classed by some botanists as a species of *Gilia*. It belongs to the *Polex* or *Worm* family, and the name *Fenzlia* is now generally recognized. The plant grows about six inches high and bears a profusion of exquisitely beautiful flowers an inch across, pink with fine purple dots surrounding a yellow eye. In California and the South the seeds should be sown in autumn. In colder States sow in spring. The plants like a sandy soil and warm sheltered situation. A good carpet-bedding for *Gladiolus* or *Tigridias*.

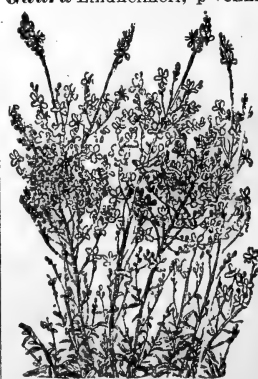
Gaillardia, North America, 1787 to 1833.

Amblyodon, red..... 3
Picta..... 3
White..... 3
Scarlet..... 3
Fistulosa..... 3
Grandiflora..... 3
Yellow margin..... 3
White margin..... 3
Salmon..... 5
Sulphur..... 3
Above mixed..... 5
Lorenziana..... 5
Crimson & white..... 5
Red and yellow..... 5
Above mixed..... 5
All sorts mixed..... 5



Herbaceous perennials in the South, where they are found growing wild, but in the North may be treated as half-hardy annuals and will bloom freely throughout the autumn. The plants are well supplied with foliage, and the flowers are large and attractive and last a long time either in the bed or in vases after cut. *G. Lorenziana* bears "double" flowers, which are very showy. My seeds are all first class, and the complete mixture offered contains all the varieties well-proportioned.

Gaura Lindheimeri, perennial, Texas..... 5



The name *Gaura* is from the Greek—*gauros*, meaning superb, but is a misnomer, as the species here offered it is said, is the only one worth cultivating. This is a growing perennial in the South, but may be treated as an annual at the North, or the roots may be protected in winter. The flowers are rosy white, produced on long spikes successively for a long period. The individual flowers are large and graceful, and are freely produced, though but few are fully open at one time. The plant grows three feet,

branches freely, and is useful for shrubberies.

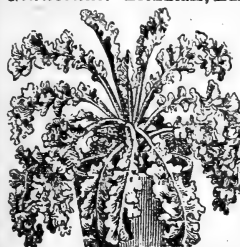
Gilia. Annuals, California, 1836-1838.

- Achilleaefolia... 3
- Alba, white... 3
- Californica, luo... 3
- Capitata pale... 3
- Linifolia, white... 3
- Minima cœrulea... 3
- Nivalis, white... 3
- Tricolor, white... 3
- Rose... 3
- Red-violet... 3
- Fine mixture... 3

Grow one foot high, bearing attractive flowers in profusion. If sown in Septem' er the plants bloom early the next season and keep in bloom till hot weather. Sown in June the flowers begin to open in autumn and are lovely till after hard frosts.

G. capitata bears its flowers in heads on long stems. G. tricolor is dwarf and bushy in habit and fine for edgings. All may be sown where plants are to bloom or the plants may be transplanted. A really beautiful and desirable annual.

Glaucium. Biennials, Europe, 1802.



shown in the illustration. The flowers are large, orange-red, and very showy in a border.

Grammathe gentianoides, annuals. 1843.... 5

This is a charming succulent plant from the Cape of Good Hope. It forms dwarf, much-branched tufts covered with masses of bright flowers, orange red changing to deep red, with V-shaped spot at base of each petal. The seeds are small and should be started in the house in March or early April. The plants like a rather dry, warm, sunny place. Half-hardy annuals. Set the plants four inches apart. Fine for rock-work, baskets or vases.



Helianthus. Sunflower. Annuals, S. Am, 1598.

- Primrose-colored... 13
- Variegated-leaved... 5
- Argophyllus, single... 5
- Californicus f. pl... 5
- Cucumerifolius, small-flow... 5
- Globosus fistulosus, double... 5
- Fistulosus multiflorus... 5
- Large-leaved Giant... 5
- Peruvianus, compact... 5
- Unicaulis, giant flowers... 5
- Henry Wilde tall, single... 5
- Green-centered, double... 5
- All the above mixed... 8

The above are all annuals, and the mixture will yield a great variety of plants and flowers. For a screen or large group Sunflowers are of great value, as they are vigorous, hardy, and not subject to insects, while they are always in bloom and showy. Easily grown. The flowers of H. cucumerifolius are small, and fine for the corsage.

Our large annual sorts came from South America originally, and have been greatly improved by cultivation. The variety Unicaulis often produces flowers over two feet

across, and is quite floriferous.



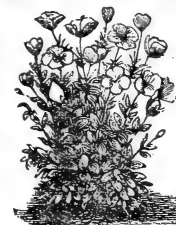
Hibiscus Africanus, hardy annual, Africa, 1826.. 3

This is a hardy annual, that delights in a light, warm soil, where it will grow two feet high, bearing attractive cream-colored flowers with brown centre. It propagates from self-sown seeds in mild climates. H. trionum is similar, but is inferior to this sort. Easily transplanted. Set eight inches apart. H. Africanus is often called Flower-of-an Hour, because it opens in the morning on bright days, and remains open but a short time. One of the easier grown of the Malva family.



Hunnemannia fumariæfolia, perennial, 1827.... 5

A rather elegant, erect-growing perennial, a native of Mexico, blooming the first season if started early. The plant grows two feet high, with glaucous foliage and orange flowers not unlike an Eschscholtzia, which keep in perfection for a long time. It belongs to the Poppy family. When in Mexico I found handsome blooming specimens of this fine perennial growing in waste places. Its beauty and attractiveness in its native soil was commendable and it is certainly a valuable acquisition to our list of flowers.



Impatiens glandulifera. Annuals, India, 1839.. 5

A handsome annual growing readily from seeds, and attaining the height of from four to six feet. The flowers, which are purple, and of the form indicated in the illustration, are produced in large, showy, drooping racemes (r clusters at the extremity of the branches. This is a near relative of the garden Balsam and of the Zanzibar Balsam, and is a fine annual for growing among dwarf shrubbery for autumn blooming. The "Touch-me-nots" found in our fields and meadows are not unlike this tropical species, but are not so free blooming. They are interesting, too, coming among the earliest seedlings, and developing rapidly into giant plants with blooms and loaded seed-pods, ready to explode upon the slightest touch. They are native plants, however, too common to be sold by seedsmen.



Ice Plant (see Mesembryanthemum crystallinum)..... 3

Jonopædium caule. Annual. Portugal..... 5

An exquisite miniature plant, adapted for rockeries, or for sowing near pathways, as it will soon establish itself and begin to bloom, forming a carpet of green and violet. It is sometimes known as Violet Cress on account of its violet, cress-like flowers. Plants grow about two inches high and form dense tufts of foliage and blooms.



Kaulfoussia amelloides. Cape of G. Hope, 1819.

- Ameloides, blue..... 3
- Alba, white..... 3
- Atropiacea, violet... 3
- Kermesina, crimson... 3
- Rosea, rose..... 3
- All sorts mixed..... 3

Useful plants for the border or for tufts about the grounds, the plants growing compactly and bearing attractive, daisy-like flowers in profusion. Valuable, also, for carpeting a bed of tall-growing plants. Sow in the spring where plants are to bloom, or start in boxes and transplant. The plants soon develop and begin to bloom.



Lavatera trimestris, annual, Spain, 1633.

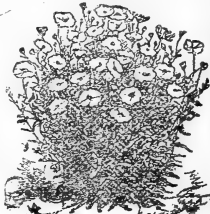
- | | |
|-------------|---|
| Red | 3 |
| White | 3 |
| Rose | 3 |
| Mixed | 3 |



This is a beautiful and showy flower of the Mallow family. It is easily grown from seeds, blooms quickly and continuously, and will grow in any sunny position. In general appearance the flowers are not unlike a small single Hollyhock, but more cup-shaped and delicate, shining with a satin-like lustre. The plants grow two feet high, and should be set a foot apart. They are clothed with dense foliage, and make a fine low hedge or screen.

Laya elegans, annual, yellow..... 5

This is a dwarf, compact, easily-grown plant, which bears an abundance of large, showy yellow flowers shading to white. Set the plants eight inches apart. They do well in a bed exposed to the sun, and bloom for a long time. The general growth and habit of the plant are shown in the little engraving, but the shading of the showy flowers, not indicated, will be better appreciated when seen.



Leptostiphon, hardy annuals, California, 1833.

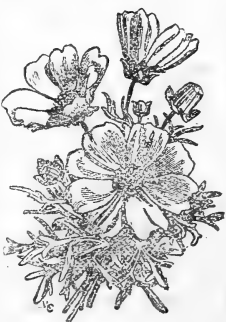
- | | |
|---------------------------|---|
| Androsaceus, mixed | 3 |
| Albus, white | 3 |
| Aureus, yellow | 3 |
| Densiflorus, blue | 3 |
| Albus, white | 3 |
| Luteus, yellow | 3 |
| Roseus, rosy | 3 |
| French Hybrids | 3 |
| Aurantiacus, orange | 3 |
| Special mixture | 3 |



Beautiful and profuse blooming annuals for beds or edgings. In mild climates should be sown in autumn, but in the Southern States sow as soon as possible in spring. These annuals are all attractive, and never fail to please.

Leptosyre maritima, perennial, California..... 5

A beautiful little plant growing six inches high, and producing large, yellow flowers not unlike a Calliopsis. Sow seeds in a box early and transplant to a warm, sunny bed of light soil. In the South the plants endure the winter in a dry or well-drained bed, and will bloom for several years. It is highly recommended by some for the window or conservatory, the flowers being bright, freely produced, and useful for cutting. Really good yellow flowers for winter-blooming are scarce, and this one, it is said, supplies the want very satisfactorily. If it does, it will doubtless become more popular when better known.



Leucanthemum (Chrysanthemum) grandiflorum, Ox-eye Daisy, Britain 5

A pretty perennial flower which has escaped cultivation and is found in the fields in certain districts. The flowers are pure white with a yellow disc, and borne till winter. Prized for bouquets and corsage. This is the latest blooming of out-door plants. I have picked fine flowers along mountain foot paths in Pennsylvania late in December, after all other wayside flowers had disappeared.



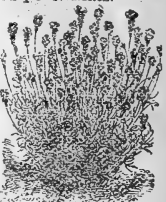
Limnanthes Douglasii, annual, California, 1838.. 5



A beautiful annual where the conditions for its growth are satisfactory. Seeds may be sown in autumn or early spring. Each plant forms a tuft a foot square, and is well set with handsome flowers, yellow shading to white. Like poor, dry soil, and a cool situation.

Lesnaria, annuals and herbaceous perennials.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Alpina, blue | 3 |
| Bipartita elegans | 3 |
| Alba | 3 |
| Splendens | 3 |
| Genistoides | 3 |
| Multipunctata | 5 |
| Cymballaria, trailing | 5 |
| Special mixture | 5 |



These are charming little plants with spikes of showy, Snapdragon-like flowers.



L. ALPINA. **L. RETICULATA**. (from the Alps, 1750), is usually biennial and very dwarf, bearing charming blue flowers. It self-sows and will often establish itself along walks. **L. bipartita splendens** grows a foot high,



L. BIPARTITA.

bearing bright violet flowers. **L. reticulata purpurea** has flowers of various colors, and is charming. **L. multipunctata** has yellow spotted flowers in great profusion. **L. cymballaria** is the well-known Kenilworth or Kentucky Ivy, which is unsurpassed as a basket plant for a sunless window. All are easily grown from seeds.

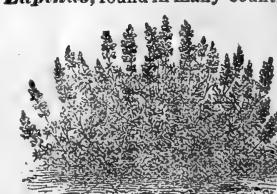
Linum grandiflorum, North Africa (Algeria), 1820.

- | | |
|--------------------|---|
| Rubrum, red | 3 |
| Roseum, rose | 3 |
| Mixed colors | 2 |

Scarlet Flax. If protected from frost these plants are perennial, but we usually treat them as annuals. The flowers are showy and pretty. Sowings may be made from March till June, and thus a succession of the flowers may be had throughout the season. Sown in pots in summer and the pots plunged in a sunny border and kept watered the plants may be transferred to the window or conservatory before frost, and will bloom during October and November. For *Linum perenne*, see list of Biennials and Perennials.



Lupinus, found in many countries.



- | | |
|-----------------|---|
| Albus, blue.... | 3 |
| Albo-coccineus | 5 |
| Cruikshankii.. | 5 |
| Hartwigii, mxd | 3 |
| Hirsutus, mix'd | 3 |
| Red | 3 |
| Hybridus, red | 3 |
| Duplex | 5 |
| Superbus | 3 |
| Atrococcineus.. | 3 |
| Mutabilis, mxd | 3 |
| Sub-carnosus.. | 5 |
| Special mixture | 5 |

Perennials and annuals. Flowers in gorgeous spikes and often of a beautiful blue color. **L. sub-carnosus** is a native of Texas, and bears large, pea-shaped flowers in clusters. **L. atrococcineus** is exceedingly handsome, the flowers being brilliant crimson-scarlet with white tip, and produced in grand spikes. **L. hirsutus** has odd seeds and is often called Old-man's-face. Sow where the plants are to bloom.

Splendid Collection of Lobelias.

Lobelias are beautiful, low-growing plants for beds, edgings, vases and baskets. The flowers are small, but rich in color, and borne in wonderful profusion. The seeds are diminutive, and should be sown over the surface of well prepared soil. They germinate in eight or ten days. Shade well after sowing until the plants are firmly established, then set the plants six inches apart, where they are to bloom.



NEW FRENCH HYBRID LOBELIA.

COMPACT VARIETIES.

These grow from 4 to 6 inches high, forming a dense, globular mass of flowers. They are especially adapted for beds and edgings.

Crystal Palace compacta, very dwarf; rich blue, blooms freely.....	10
Prima Donna, new; rich maroon, beautiful.....	10
White Gem, new; the best dwarf white variety.....	10
Mazarin Gem, fine blue.....	5
Bicolor, blue and white.....	5
Kermesina, crimson.....	5
Distinction, rosy white.....	5
Pumila, grandiflora, large flowers, dwarf plant.....	5
Star of Ischl, deep azure, true.....	5
Compact varieties mixed.....	5

SPREADING VARIETIES.

These are best adapted for baskets and vases, and for large beds or edgings, being more loose and spreading in growth than the preceding.

Speciosa, said to be the finest of all; intense dark blue with clear white spot; dark foliage.....	5
Speciosa alba, white flowers.....	5
Paxtoniana, pure white with sky blue belt.....	8
Grandiflora, flore duplice, double, about 50 per cent. of the plants true from seeds.....	10
Gracilis, rose, white and blue, each.....	5

Superb mixture, embracing all the varieties catalogued..... 10

Speciosa blue King, fine blue, 5
Spreading varieties, mixed., 8

TALL VARIETIES.

These grow from 6 to 12 inches high, bear large flowers, and are valuable for pot culture or for mixed borders.

Ramosa, blue.....	5
White.....	5
Rose.....	5
Mixed.....	5

PERENNIAL VARIETIES.

These flower the first season if sown early. They are hardy, and will bloom well for several years. They grow from 1½ to 3 feet high, and are excellent for the garden border, or for planting among shrubbery. *L. cardinalis* is our native Cardinal Flower, so much admired for its rich scarlet color. This species has been greatly improved by French florists and is offered below under the term of French Hybrids.

Queen Victoria, brown foliage, scarlet flowers; 2 feet high.....	5
Cardinalis, Cardinal flower, scarlet flowers; 2 feet high.....	5
New French Hybrids, immense spikes of large, dazzling scarlet flowers; bloom for a long time; 3 feet high. One of the most showy and beautiful perennials in cultivation. See engraving.....	10

Elegant Lychnis.

Although *Lychnis Haageana* is a plant rarely met with, yet its large and brilliant-colored flowers make it an object of attraction and admiration wherever cultivated. The plants are perennial, and will grow and bloom for years if not allowed to exhaust their vitality in blooming and bearing seed. They bloom well, however, the first season. The new varieties are much superior to the old ones, the flowers being larger, and of a greater range of colors. Our engraving but poorly represents a plant of the improved *Lychnis Haageana grandiflora*. We offer this grand flower with pleasure, because we believe everyone who procures it through our recommendation will thank us for calling their attention to it.

VARIETIES OF *L. HAAGEANA GRANDIFLORA*.

Vermilion.....	10
Carmines.....	10
Senna striata, striped.....	10
Flesh color.....	10
Sieboldii pure white.....	10
Lilac.....	10
Copper color, peculiar.....	10
Scarlet.....	10
Cinnabar.....	10
All the varieties mixed, including all the colors carefully proportioned.....	10

The above are all true, large-flowered varieties—not imitations, such as are palmed off by some seedsmen. Besides the above we also have

OTHER VARIETIES OF LYCHNIS.

Alpina, a miniature species, rose-colored flowers, very pretty.....	5
Chalcedonica, bright scarlet.....	5
Carnea, flesh-color.....	5
Flore albo, white.....	5
Mutabilis (Cuprea).....	5
Fulgens, brilliant scarlet.....	5
Grandiflora gigantea.....	5
The above seven kinds mixed.....	5

Complete mixture, including all varieties, new and old, catalogued above..... 10

MR. PARK:—My Scarlet *Lychnis* has bloomed, and it is beautiful. I always liked the *Lychnis*.
Mrs. Saunders, Hartford Co., Conn.

MR. PARK:—We have had the Scarlet *Lychnis L. chalcedonica*, for years, and I knew, when a girl, that it was lovely. I would not be without it for anything. Sadie Beatty, Crawford Co., Pa.



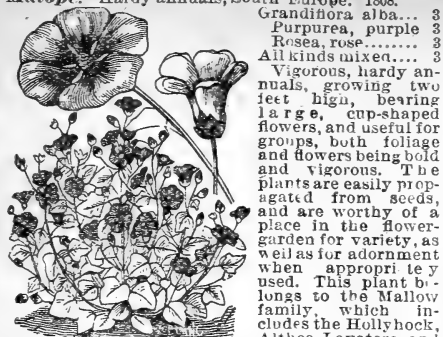
PLANT OF IMPROVED LYCHNIS.

The Most Exquisite of Fragrant Flowers.

Nicotiana affinis.—This is a night-blooming plant growing about two feet high, and blooming throughout the season. The flowers are tubular, white, profusely borne, and delightfully fragrant. We know of no garden flower yielding a more agreeable odor. A few plants will perfume the whole yard or garden. Easily grown from seeds. Only 5 cents per packet.

Grows Better Every Month.—Mr. Park: The Magazine grows better every month. Nellie Cary, Me.

Malope. Hardy annuals, South Europe. 1808.



many other valuable flowers. On my trip through Mexico a year ago I was surprised to find so many wild flowers, members of this family, showy and free-blooming plants, too, that have not yet been introduced.

Malva. Natives of various countries. 1573 to 1840.

Crispa, see eng. 5
Hastata 10
Mauritiana, rose. 5
Minata, scarlet. 5
Moschata, rose. 5
Alba, white. 5
The above mixed. 5
These are all of easy cultivation. *M. crispa* grows five feet high, with crisp, ruffled leaves which keep their green color till winter. Fine for a hedge or for use with foliage plants. *M. hastata* is a new and handsome sort. *M. mauritiana* is fine for winter-blooming as well as for summer. *M. moschata* is a hardy perennial, but blooms the first year. It grows a foot high, bearing masses of musk-scented flowers. All are showy and interesting garden flowers, and will repay culture.



Marigold (Tagetes). Mexico, 1573 to 1826.

African, double, tall quilled varieties, mixed. 5
Double, tall flat-petaled sorts, mixed. 5
Dwarf, quilled and flat petaled, mixed. 5
All the African sorts mixed. 5
French, double, large-flowered. 5
Double striped and spotted. 5
Tall varieties mixed. 5
Dwarf varieties mixed. 5
Lucida, sweet-scented. 5
Tenuifolia, Golden Ring. 5
Complete mixture of all varieties. 5



GOLDEN RING MARIGOLD. We all have a kindly feeling for the old-fashioned Marigolds, because they were associated with childhood's happiest hours, and recall pleasant memories of father and mother and the old home garden. In character the flowers are the same as they were years ago, but are much improved in some ways. I can supply the French and African sorts in colors, tall and dwarf, as I have a complete collection. The mixtures, however, are carefully prepared and are preferred by most buyers. The names African and French are misleading, as both these species came from Mexico. The species *Lucida* is common also in Mexico, where the blooming plants appear as sheets of gold during August. Golden Ring, shown in the engraving, is a grand edging plant, the foliage being delicate and handsome, and the flowers bright and very profuse. All the seeds offered are of the finest quality. All the Marigolds begin to bloom early and continue to bloom throughout the season. The tall sorts are fine for groups, edged with the dwarf sorts. The foliage of *Tenuifolia* has a pleasant, spicy fragrance.

Martynia, annuals, 1730 to 1840.



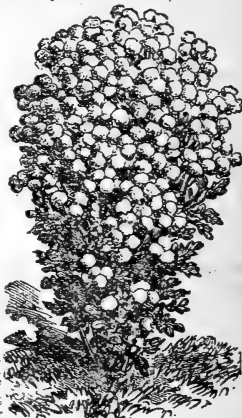
Lutea, yellow, Brazil. 5
Fragrans, crimson, Mexico. 5
Proborescidea, lavender, Am. 5
All species mixed. 5

Easily grown plants, one and a half feet high, bearing large, Gloxinia-shaped, elegantly spotted flowers. Clip the seeds before sowing. Green seed-pods of *M. proboscidea* are prized by some for pickling. This species, once introduced by the roadside will perpetuate itself, as animals do not relish the foliage and leave the plants alone.

Martynia. Feverfew (*Chrysanthemum*), China.

Capensis alba plenissima, the finest Feverfew, pure white, very double, see eng. 5
Exim. a fl. pl., white Large-flowered. 5
Tom Thumb fl. pl. All varieties mixed. 5

These are all Feverfews, excellent blooming plants, and good for cutting. They are easily raised from seeds, which may be sown in fall or spring, the plants when well started enduring much frost and considerable neglect. Set plants eight inches apart. Good for a border and for planting in shrubbery. Prized by some for cemetery planting. The engraving shows how profusely the flowers are produced. If cut freely to prevent seeding the blooming season will be considerably prolonged.



Mesembryanthemum (Fig Marigold), 1775.

Cardifolium variegatum. 5
Crystallinum Ice Plant. 3
Glabra, smooth, yellow. 3
Pomeridianum, golden yellow. 3
Tricolor, pink. 3
Alba, white. 3
All the varieties in fine mixture. 3



M. POMERIDIANUM. grow well out doors, or in vases indoors, and will often attain the height of three feet. *M. Pomeridianum* bears golden yellow flowers, and is illustrated in the little engraving. The varieties of *M. tricolor* are showy and beautiful and make a gorgeous bed. Sow about early planting time where the plants are to bloom. All the Mesembryanthemums like a very sandy or gravelly soil and sunny situation, and a mound or ricker of them shows great diversity as well as beauty among the species. If you have never tried these plants out doors do so this season. They will be a pleasant surprise to those unacquainted with their out-door beauty. They have mostly been used as pot plants, but are much improved by bedding out.



ICE PLANT.

Medicago. Annuals, Europe, 1680 to 1820.



Decandolleana..... 5
Echinus, Hedgehog 5
Turbinata, top-like 5
Denticulata..... 5
All kinds mixed..... 5

These are valuable for their curious fruits which always excite attention. Some of the forms are shown in the illustrations. They are all annuals easily grown. They are Leguminous plants mostly of trailing habit, and like sandy soil and a sunny situation.



Mimosa pudica, annual, Brazil, 1638..... 5

A curious annual with compound leaves which droop and wither when touched by the hand, but soon regain their erect form. It is grown in pots as an ornamental plant, and as a curiosity. The handsome foliage and the peculiar white flowers are shown in the illustration. Easily grown from seeds. This plant belongs to the natural order Leguminosae, and is a near relative of Cassia and Acacia, which plants it resembles.



Mimulus, Chili, California, 1759 to 1833.



A. bus, white..... 5
Cardinalis grandiflorus..... 5
Roseus superbus..... 5
Cupreus, brilliant..... 5
Prince Bismarck..... 5
Hybridus grandiflorus..... 5
Nobilis, duplex, see eng. 5
Tigrinus, spotted..... 5
Rubro maculatus..... 5
Duplex..... 5
White ground, fine..... 5
Duplex..... 5
Quinquervulenus..... 5
Moschatus, musk..... 5
Compactus, dwarf..... 5
All varieties mixed..... 5
Monkey Flowers. Trailing plants coming quickly from seeds and blooming freely, the flowers being

large and handsome. Elegant for pots or baskets. M. Moschata, the well-known Musk plant, bears yellow flowers with a musk like odor. It is a hardy perennial in the South. M. Cupreus is hardy in sheltered places as far north as New York.

Mignonette (Reseda odorata), Italy, 1752.

Common Sweet, oz. 10c..... 5
Grandiflora large-flowers..... 5
Golden Queen..... 5
Crimson Queen..... 5
Victoria, new..... 5
Miles Spiral..... 5
Matchet, for pots..... 5
Erecta pumilla..... 5
Giant Pyramidal..... 5
Fine mixture of all sorts..... 5
Not showy but delightfully fragrant flowers. Like a sunny place. Matchet and Erecta pumilla are fine for pots. If trained and the blooms are cut freely the plants will grow and bloom in pots for years. In garden culture treat as annuals. Flowers valuable for cutting, also for bee-pasture.



Myosotis. Herbaceous perennials, 1800 to 1846.



Azorica, blue..... 5
Alba, white..... 5
Caelestina..... 5
Palustris, true..... 5
Semperflorens..... 5
Blue..... 5
Dissitifolia, fine..... 5
Fine mixture..... 5
Forget-me-nots. Highly prized because of their clusters of exquisite little flowers. Give the plants a moist, shaded place. If grown in pots in water. In dry soil

summer set them in saucers of water. In dry soil exposed to the full rays of the sun the plants soon turn brown and dry up.

Mirabilis. Perennials, Mexico, 1596 to 1824,

Jalapa, mixed..... 5
Twelve colors, each..... 5
Folius variegatis, mix'd..... 5
Seven colors, each..... 5
Tom Thumb, mixed..... 5
Longiflora, white..... 5
Violet..... 5
Mixed..... 5
Multiflora..... 5
Complete mixture..... 5

Four-o'clocks. Continuous blooming plants, the flowers showy, fragrant and beautiful. Easily propagated from seeds. The roots may be preserved like Dahlias. The Dwarf varieties are fine for edging. The delicacy, brilliancy and profusion of the flowers, as well as their fragrance and continuous blooming make them popular favorites.

As a low hedge plant, or for a background of a long border the plants are appropriate. They will grow in any good, rich soil in an exposed situation.



Moluccella. Syria, 1570 to 1820.



Laevis, smooth..... 5
Spinosa, spiny..... 5
Mixed..... 5

These are hardy plants, often known as Molucca Balm or Shell-flower, because of the large, shell-like calyx. Grow two feet high and make vigorous specimens, attractive on account of their curious flowers. Sometimes cut and dried for winter ornaments. The Molucca Balm is a member of the Mint family and is one of the curious plants cultivated by our grandmothers. It is not now so well known, but attracts attention wherever cultivated.

Nemophila. California, 1831 to 1848.

Atomaria..... 3
Holburn, blue..... 3
Cra. uboides..... 3
Alba nigra..... 3
Oculata..... 3
Discoidalis..... 3
Elezans..... 3
Marmorata..... 3
Vittata..... 3
Insignis, spotted..... 3
Alba, white..... 3
Marginata..... 3
Striped..... 3
Maculata..... 3
Grandiflora..... 3
Purpurea..... 3
Fine mixture..... 5



Mostly annuals of dwarf habit, with pretty foliage and showy, delicate flowers, often exquisitely spotted. Sow in September and protect the bed with a covering of evergreen boughs, or sow early in spring. The plants like a partial shade and a cool, moist situation. The seeds are as large as Radish seeds, and are easily started. Thin plants to five inches apart. N. discoidalis is a herbaceous perennial.

Nemesia. Annuals, Cape of Good Hope.

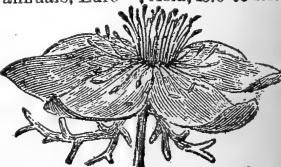


Floribunda, white..... 5
Versicolor..... 5
Mixed colors..... 5

These grow eight or ten inches high, bearing spikes of Linaria-like flowers, delicate and handsome. Sow early in spring where the plants are to bloom and thin to six inches apart, or sow in boxes and transplant. A new variety, N. strimosa, has been introduced, but has far none of the seeds I have sown germinated. The other sorts, however, are easily started from seeds.

Vigetta. Hardy annuals, Europe, Asia, 1570 to 1620.

Damascena..... 3
Alba fl. pl..... 3
Vana fl. pl..... 3
Hispanica..... 3
White..... 3
Purple..... 3
Fine mixture..... 3



Sown in fall or early in spring they make a lovely bed. Sow where plants are to bloom. They propagate from self-sown seeds.



Frutescens, lavender..... 5
Gracilis, lilac..... 5
Both kinds mixed..... 5

These are allied to *Petunias*, and when in bloom are among the most attractive and admired of our garden flowers. Sow in boxes early and transplant to eight inches apart. Plants that fail to bloom may be lifted and will make good conservatory plants.

Nicotiana, North and South America, 1570 to 1837.

Affinis, white..... 5
Colossea, large foli. 15
Suaveolens, white 5
Decurrens, white... 5
Atropurpurea..... 5
Acutifolia..... 5
Tobacum fol. var. 10
All sorts mixed..... 10

The various kinds of *Tobacco*, *N. tabacum* were introduced from America in 1570, but the ornamental species were not introduced till later. *N. affinis* is a first class flower for either garden or window, being a constant and profuse bloomer, and the flowers showy and delightfully scented. *N. macrophylla*, *N. colossea* and *N. tabacum* are all valuable as semi-tropical plants, the growth being vigorous and the foliage broad and heavy.

Nolana, Chili and Peru, 1825 to 1834.

Atriplicifolia, blue.... 3
Grandiflora, blue.... 3
Alba, white..... 3
Lanceolata cœrulea... 3
Paradoxa violacea.... 3
All kinds mixed..... 3

Prostrate hardy annuals, suitable for rock-work, vases and baskets. The flowers are rather large, in form like a Morning Glory, and profusely borne. Sow the seeds where the plants are to grow, in an open, warm situation. All the kinds are included in the mixture offered.

Nycterinia, Cape of Good Hope.

Selaginoides..... 5
Capensis..... 5
Mixed..... 5

Pretty half-hardy annuals, forming masses of charming autumn flowers, white with orange centre. Start the seeds in boxes in the house early, and transplant to a sunny border. They are valuable for autumn blooming, forming a sheet of color, and emit a delicious perfume at night. The flowers are not large, but produced in dense clusters.

Obeliscaria (Budbeckia), North America.

Pulcherrima..... 3
Speciosa..... 3
Amplexicaulis..... 3
Mixed..... 3

These are very showy hardy perennials, blooming the first year if sown early. Flowers bright yellow with cone-like colored disc. *N. speciosa* branches freely.

and is beautiful in autumn. Planted in a bed with Stock-flowered Larkspurs they appear well, as the delicate green foliage of the Larkspurs displays their bright colors to advantage.

Oenothera (Evening Primrose) America.

Acaulis, white..... 5
Fraseri, yellow..... 5
Odorata, yellow..... 5
Lamarckiana..... 5
Missouriensis..... 5
Rosea (Mexicana).... 5
Taraxacifolia..... 5
All sorts mixed..... 5

Very showy plants, mostly biennial and perennial, but blooming the first year from spring-



O. LAMARCKIANA.

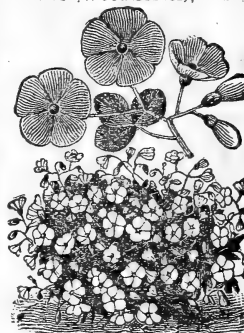
sown seeds. *O. Missouriensis*, shown in engraving, is a fine herbaceous plant, prostrate in habit and bearing rich, clear, golden yellow flowers from four to five inches across. It is a valuable border plant, as it covers the ground with a sheet of golden color.



O. MISSOURIENSIS.

Oxalis (Wood Sorrel), mostly from Cape of G. Hope.

Floribunda, rose.... 5
Alba, white..... 5
Rosea, see eng..... 5
Alba, white..... 5
Delicata..... 5
Sensitiva..... 5
Tropœoloides..... 5
All kinds mixed..... 5



Valuable plants for pots and baskets. *O. floribunda* is the well-known kind for pots. *O. rosea* is a superb basket plant, blooming in great profusion. *O. sensitiva* has foliage sensitive to the touch. *O. tropœoloides* has brown foliage, and is used in bedding to make a dark ground-work. All are easily raised from seed. The mixture contains all the varieties, and will give satisfaction.

Oxyura chrysanthemoides, California..... 3

A composite hardy annual, less than a foot high, bearing yellow flowers in abundance. Sow in autumn and thin the plants. Looks well in borders.

Palava flexuosa, annual, Chili..... 5

A Mallow-like plant with rosy purple flowers an inch in diameter. The plants grow eighteen inches high. Start the seeds in a hot bed, or in window boxes early in spring, and transplant to a warm, sunny border when danger from frost is past. Set from eight to ten inches apart they make a handsome bed and bloom for a long time. The plants appear in from five to seven days. Give protection when sown out doors.



Parsley (*Carum Petroselinum*), Greece.....



No plant makes a finer green edging than the new Edging Parsley. The dense foliage is as delicate and beautiful as Fern, while it retains its beauty throughout the season. Fine for culinary work.

PARK'S CELEBRATED LARGE PANSIES.

The Pansy (*Viola tricolor*) has been cultivated in English gardens for centuries, and its origin is not definitely known. It is one of the most beautiful and prized of our garden flowers, modest, fine in texture, rich in color, showy, and produced continuously. The plants are easily grown from seeds, come into bloom early, endure the winter, and are found in bloom again almost with the Crocus. Planted in a sunken bed at the side of the house and covered with a sash the plants will bloom throughout winter in a northern climate. In the South the plants bloom most satisfactorily in winter and should be started so as to come into bloom in autumn. Much attention has been given to improving the Pansy lately, and the flowers are now of immense size, and the colors greatly diversified, many odd and beautifully variegated. Park's Premium Pansies have become well known among flower-folks for their superior size and varied and exquisite colors, and they are again offered with confidence to lovers of fine Pansies. I also offer an improved strain under the name of Park's Giant-flowered Pansies. These are of wonderful size, and all I ask is a trial and comparative test to convince the flower grower that they are unsurpassed by any other strain in size and beauty. The mixtures offered contain all the varieties carefully proportioned, and will be a surprise to those who are unacquainted with the finer Pansies.



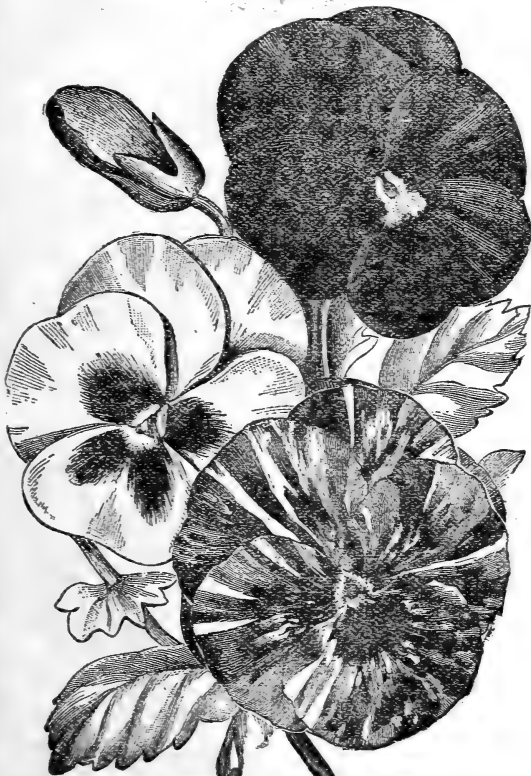
Park's Giant Pansies.

Auricle, very large flowers with rare and beautiful shadings	10
Bright Golden Yellow, fine for beds	10
Canary Bird, yellow, large dark blotch	10
Cardinal, flowers of ordinary size, but of brownish scarlet with black blotch on lower petals	10
Coal Black, intensely dark; odd	10
Insignis, pure white; the lower petals marked with intense violet spots	10
New Bizarre, the finest of all variegated and striped Pansies; plants of strong growth and bear enormous flowers of striking variegations	10
Nigrescens, very dark blue; handsome	10
Ne plus ultra, various colors, each petal showing a large dark blotch	10
Peacock, fine bright colors	10
Royal Purple, rich purple, good for bedding; very showy	10
Violet King, intense purple-violet, the upper petals shading to white	10
Victoria, flowers of moderate size and blood-red color	10
Ultramarine, splendid ultramarine blue with rich purple eye	10
Park's Giant Pansies in complete mixture, including all the varieties in careful proportions	10

Park's Premium Pansies.

The following are the finest varieties of Pansies in cultivation, the flowers being large and freely produced. The seeds equal those sold by many dealers at 25 and 50 cents per packet. They are only surpassed by Park's Giant Pansies offered above. Those marked with a star (*) are fine for beds.

Atropurpurea, dark purple	5
Pelargoniflora	5
Auriculiflora, bronze margined rose	5
*Azure blue, fine shade	5
Black-blue, very dark	5
Black-tinted Golden Bronze, new and brilliant	5
Black with bronze centre	5
Bronze colored, rich bronze	5
Brown-red, a rare shade	5
*Candidissima, pure white	5
*Cliveden purple	5
White	5
Yellow	5
Deep Slate-blue, odd and handsome	5
Delicate, porcelain blue, white eye	5
Red Shades, various shades of	5
*Rose	5
*Rubra, reddish shades	5
*Schneewittchen, pure white, large and fine	5
*Silver-edged, dark purple with distinct white edge	5
*Slate blue, peculiar color of slate	5
*Striped and mottled, a fine sort	5
*Violet margined white, very fine	5
*White with dark eye, showy	5
*Yellow with dark eye, showy	5
Yellow Gem, pure yellow, beautiful	5
Splendid mixture, including seeds of all the varieties, in careful proportion	5



Emperor Frederick, new	5
*Emperor William, rich ultramarine, purplish eye	5
English Show Pansies, extra fine mixed	5
Fawn-color, odd and handsome	5
Fire Dragon, extra	5
Fire King, golden yellow, upper petals purple, very showy	5
Gloriosa, velvety purplish-violet Gold-margined, very attractive	5
Havana-brown, a peculiar shade	5
Imperial Large-flowered French, splendid mixed	5
*King of Blacks, fine coal black	5
Large-flowered Striped, beautifully striped	5
Light blue, a beautiful variety	5
Lord Beaconsfield, deep purple-violet shading to white	5
*Mahogany colored, an admirable sort	5
Meteor, new, bright brown	5
Maxima marmorata, purple shades	5
Oculata argentea, fine	5
Aurea, fine	5
Odier Prize Blotched, splendid	5
Prince Bismarck, brown and golden bronze, marbled	5
Purplish violet, distinct, fine	5
*Quadrangular, violet, blue and purple on white or yellow ground, marbled and spotted	5
*Rex, blackish violet purple	5

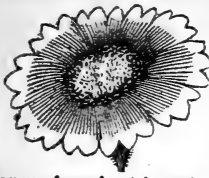
One package of each of the fifty varieties named, together with PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE one year, will be sent on receipt of \$2.00.

Mr. Park:—My bed of Pansies from your seeds astonished the neighbors. I never saw anything like it. The florists of our town could not beat them. Mrs. M. S. Kochenderfer, Allegheny Co., Pa.

Mr. Park:—Schneewittchen is a most beautiful white Pansy. All my Pansies were fine, and everyone speaks of them as being the largest and handsomest they ever saw. Mrs. M. E. Barton Co., Mo.

Palafoxia Hookeriana.

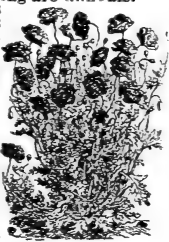
Mexico, annual. 5
Plants grow a foot high, bearing in loose clusters handsome pink flowers. A good plant for massing or for a long border or row. Give it a warm, sunny place and sandy soil. This flower belongs to the Compositae, and is one of the easily grown flowers rarely seen in gardens. Sow where the plants are to bloom, when the plants are to bloom, when the plants are to bloom, when the plants are to bloom.



danger from frost is past, or sow in boxes and transplant. Set eight inches apart.

Poppy (Papaver). The following are annuals:

- Paony-flowered, lilac, see eng. 3
- Black, very dark. 3
- Scarlet with violet. 3
- Scarlet with white. 3
- Yellow sulphur. 3
- Pale Rose. 3
- White with rose. 3
- Dark scarlet with violet. 3
- Ash gray. 3
- White. 3
- Tiled with white. 3
- Dark lilac with red-brown. 3
- All colors mixed. 3
- Murelli, mix-d. 3
- Rheas, double, mixed. 3
- Shirley, finest mixed. 3
- Hookeri, single, mixed. 3
- Somniferum, Opium Poppy, mixed. 5
- Twelve separate colors, each. 5
- New Double Dwarf, six colors, mixed 100, each. 10
- Danebrog, red with white blotches. 5
- Glaucum. 5
- Mikado. 5
- Alpinum, mixed. 10
- Giganteum. 5
- Mephisto. 5
- Umbrosum. 5
- Double. 5
- Carnation-flowered, mixed. 5
- Complete mixture of all the above sorts. 5

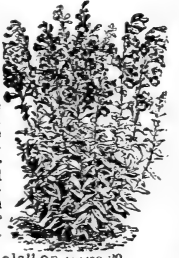


Poppies are among the most showy of our garden flowers, and will grow almost anywhere out doors with the most meagre attention. The seeds should be sown where the plants are to bloom, either in September or early in spring. Plants started in autumn bloom earlier and do better than those sown in spring. All are gorgeous in masses. P. umbrosum looks well upon the rear lawn, or where the grass is not cut too freely, the scarlet flowers making a fine contrast with the green of the landscape.

Mr. Park:-My Poppies from seed purchased of you were lovely. Both single and double in every conceivable shade of red, lovely pure white ones, white tinged with pink, red edged with white, brown, brown and white, and one blue one. Everyone admired them. Alde Stutsman, E'khart Co., Ind.

Pentstemon gentianoides, Mexico, 1846, mixed. 5

Pentstemons are mostly classed among plants blooming the second year, but the one here offered is an exception, if the seeds are sown early in a box in the window or conservatory. They are elegant, free-blooming plants, delighting in a loose, rich soil. If the bed is raised so as to be well drained, the plants will endure the winter and bloom the following season. The seeds offered are of the large-flowered hybrids, and will yield flowers of many colors, all of which are represented in our mixture. For other varieties see our list headed "Biennials and Perennials" on page 29.



Perilla, ornamental-leaved, hardy annual.

Nankiensis, red fol. 3
Laciniata, see eng. 3
Macrophylla crispata. 5
Folia variegata. 5
All sorts mixed. 5
Handsome foliage plants, the leaves most of a rich wine color. Plants grow readily from seeds, which should be sown early in boxes in the house to be ready for bedding. They are useful for groups or for planting in lines or blocks with other foliage plants. The new variegated leaved Perilla does not always come true from seeds, but when it does the plants are admirable



Polygonum Orientale. Annual, East India. 5

Polis variegata. 10
Mixed varieties. 5
An old fashioned garden flower. The plants in rich soil will grow ten feet high, bearing broad, handsome foliage, and from June till frost long drooping spikes of rich crimson flowers. As a single specimen it is elegant, and never fails to elicit much praise. The new variegated-leaved sort is said to be an attractive novelty. Once introduced these plants usually self-sow and appear every year, although they never become troublesome.



Phacelia. Annuals, United States, 1835.

- Congesta, blue. 3
- Tenacifolia. 3
- Campanularia. 5
- Parryi, blue. 5
- All kinds mixed. 5



Easily grown annuals, a foot high, with clusters of blue flowers. Both foliage and flowers are handsome, the latter desirable for bouquets. The plants appear well massed together, and should stand only five inches apart. They come quickly into bloom, and remain in bloom a long time. The flowers are prized by bee-keepers as honey-producers.

Physalis alkekengi, perennial, South Europe. 5

This is a fine ornamental plant, growing about eighteen inches high, of branching habit. They bloom and bear fruit in autumn, and are showy on account of the persistent scarlet calyx which encloses the flower and fruit. It retains its beauty during winter, and is a valuable pot plant. When planted out the seeds should be sown early in boxes, to have plants for autumn decoration.



Podolepis. Annuals, New Holland, 1826.

- Albis, yellow. 3
- Chrysantha. 3
- Graci is, varied. 3
- Alisorts mixed. 5

These are free-blooming plants a foot or more high, with bright, daisy-like flowers upon scaly stems. They bloom profusely from June till October. Good for cutting. Give the plants a warm, sunny border of light soil. Very showy.

Portulaca. Half-hardy annuals, Chili, 1827.

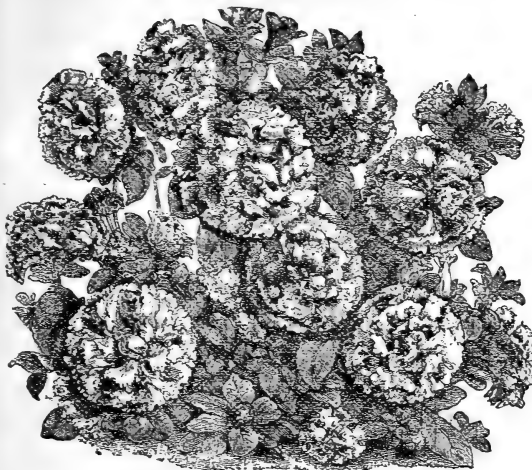
- Rose-flowered. 5
- White striped. 5
- Rose striped. 5
- Yellow striped. 5
- Rose colored. 5
- Crimson. 5
- Yellow. 5
- Scarlet. 5
- Straw-colored. 5
- Complete mixture. 5



Single varieties in all the above colors, separate or mixed. 3
The Portulaca is one of the most useful and beautiful of our summer blooming annuals. The flowers are large and brilliant, and the dwarf, succulent plants begin to bloom early and continue in bloom throughout the season. They are gorgeous in beds or mounds, and the plants are readily raised from seeds sown where the plants are to bloom early in spring, or they may be started early in the house and transplanted. If a bed is sown about midsummer the plants will make a surprising display in autumn. The seeds I offer are of the best quality and the mixtures carefully prepared.
Mr. Park:-The Double Portulacas were lovely. They were so large and double they looked like Roses. Mrs. Minerva Newell, Geauga Co., O.
Mr. Park:-My Portulacas sown themselves every year, both single and double, all colors in one bed. When everything was so parched with the drought this summer they were fresh and bright. Mrs. L. A. G., Allegheny Co., Pa.

Choice Single and Double Petunias.

The beautiful Petunias now grown are hybrids, in the production of which the species *Viola*, introduced from Buenos Ayres in 1851, played an important part. All are useful for beds or borders, as they bloom profusely and continuously, and are always bright and attractive. The large-flowered plain and fringed sorts I offer are of amazing size and of rare and brilliant shades, and are unsurpassed by any in this country. The seeds of Double Petunias were saved from carefully fertilized flowers.



DOUBLE PETUNIA—LILLIPUT.

to prevent the formation of seed, and thus keep up the vitality and vigor of the plant.

CLEMATIS-FLOWERED PETUNIA.—The new "Steel Blue" Petunias are sometimes called "Clematis flowered" because of their immense size and peculiar color. They are well worth a trial. My seeds are from the originator and will be found very superior. I take pleasure also in asking special attention to the novel and charming Petunia Titania. My seeds of this sort are likewise imported direct from the German florist who originated it. The flowers are beautiful, rich purple with distinct white margin.

Mr. Park:—My Petunias from seeds bought of you last year were fine indeed. Some that I potted had flowers as large as saucers, and were in all colors and shades from pure white to crimson, a glorious array of color. B. B., Berry Co., Mich., June 2, 1894.

MEDIUM-FLOWERED.			
Blotched and striped	5	Countess of Ellesmere	5
Alba, white.....	5	Reticulata.....	5
Atropurpurea.....	5	Illustris, fine	5
Belle Etoile.....	5	Yellow throated..	5
Carmine Sylva	5	Kermesina.....	5
Green margined	5	The sorts mixed	5

LARGE-FLOWERED.			
Alba, white.....	10	Fringed, spotted..	10
Yellow-throated	10	Titania, banded	10
Maculata, spotted	10	Fringed, mixed..	10
Purpurea, purple	10	Large-flowered	
Superbissima	10	varieties in	
Venosa, Steel Blue	10	best mixture..	10

DOUBLE.			
Lilliput, mixed..	15	Double, extra	
Large-flowered..	15	mixed	15
Fringed.....	15	Double, common	
White.....	15	mixed	10

The Petunia is easily raised from seeds, and will grow almost anywhere. It likes a warm, sunny place, and forms a gorgeous bed, the fragrance of which makes the air redolent with perfume. The plants have no enemies, will endure drouth better than most bedding plants, and will make a fine display from early in June till after severe frosts. If young plants are potted in September, and given a sunny window in winter they will bloom as well as almost any of the plants used for winter-blooming. For this purpose the single small-flowered sorts are preferable, and the flowers should be removed as soon as they fade

Phlox Drummondii==Plain, Cuspidate and Fringed.

The Phlox was introduced from Texas in 1835, and has been greatly improved by cultivation, so that it is now one of the most beautiful and useful annuals grown. The plants are easily raised from seeds, begin to bloom early, and continue in bloom throughout the season till after frosts. They are much used for beds, and when so planted should be pinched back as soon as the first flower buds appear, to make the plants dwarf and bushy. Set six inches apart. I have a fine collection of these annuals, and the mixtures I offer are unsurpassed, being specially prepared, and the varieties all equally represented. The new Cuspidate and Fringed varieties are highly prized for bouquets as well as for beds, being odd and pretty.

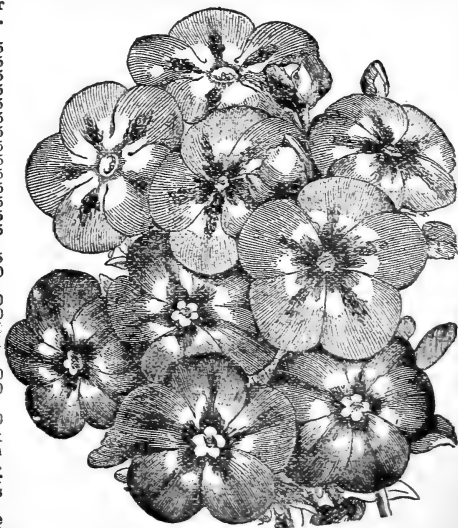
NEW LARGE-FLOWERED.			
Atropurpurea.....	5	Quadr color rosea.....	5
White, purple eye.....	5	Viola.....	5
Purple-striped.....	5	Rose, white eye.....	5
Carmine.....	5	Rose, yellow eye.....	5
Carmine, white eye.....	5	Rose, striped.....	5
Carmine, striped.....	5	Pure rose.....	5
Flesh-colored.....	5	Splendens, large eye.....	5
Chamoise rose.....	5	Pure white.....	5
Scarlet.....	5	Purple, white eye.....	5
Striped.....	5	Violet, white eye.....	5
Large-eyed.....	5	Stellata, purple.....	5
Isabellina, yellow.....	5	Carmine.....	5
Crimson, white eye.....	5	Rose.....	5
Crimson, striped.....	5	With large eye.....	5
Rose marbled.....	5	All colors mixed, care-	5
Lilac, striped.....	5	fully proportioned.....	5
Violet, white eye.....	5	Graaf Gero, mixed.....	10

NEW CUSPIDATE.			
Alba, white.....	10	Nana compacta.....	20
Purpurea, purple.....	10	Cuspidate mixed.....	10
Salmon, salmon.....	10	Fringed mixed.....	10
Viola, violet.....	10	Both sorts mixed.....	10

NEW DOUBLE.			
Dark purple.....	10	Scar'et.....	10
Light yellow	10	Double sorts mixed....	10
Mixture of all sorts, Large-flowered, Cuspidate, Fringed, Double, etc. in careful proportion..	10		

Mr. Park:—I think the Star or Cuspidate Phlox are just lovely, and intend to have more of them next season. Mrs. A. V. Parks, Pamlico Co., N. C.
Mr. Park:—My Phlox Drummondii from your seeds are lovely. We have 15 or 20 different colors from one packet. Miss L. F. Ashtabula Co., O.

Mr. Park:—My Star Phloxes from your seeds were lovely. Everybody wanted to know what kind they were. Mrs. M. A. Wood, Mitchell Co., Kas.



PHLOX—NEW LARGE-FLOWERED.

Eicinus communis (Castor-oil plant), India, 1548.

Cambodgiensis..... 5
Gibsoni, red, 5 ft..... 5
Coccineus..... 5
Mirabilis, 3 ft..... 5
Sanguineus, 8 ft..... 5
Philippicus, 12 ft..... 5
Santa Rosa species..... 5
Borboniensis, 15 ft..... 5
Macrophyllus, 10 ft..... 5
Zanzibariensis..... 25
Special mixture..... 5



Among the most stately and effective of foliage plants, the leaves being large and graceful, beautifully veined, on long stems. An elegant centre for a large foliage bed, and a group of the different kinds arranged so that the taller plants are in the center.

tree is very effective. The mixture contains all sorts.

Salvia (Blue and Scarlet Sage), various countries.
Carduacea, blue..... 5
Coccinea, scarlet..... 5
Farinacea, light blue..... 5
Sclarea, mixed..... 5
Patens, sky blue..... 5
Roemeriana, scarlet..... 5
Splendens, scarlet..... 5
Fres. Cleveland..... 5
Special mixture..... 5

Elegant plants of the Mint family, bearing bright scarlet and blue flowers. *S. splendens* (Mexico, 1822) is the large scarlet *Salvia* so much prized as a bedding and pot plant. *S. patens* (Mexico, 1838) is one of our most beautiful blue flowers. The seeds are large and start in from two to three weeks after sowing. Set the plants a foot apart.



Sanvitalia procumbens, Mexico, 1798.

Compacta fl. pl...... 5
This is the improved compact, double *Sanvitalia*, elegant for producing a mass of yellow bloom. The flowers are very double and profusely borne throughout the season. Plants are easily grown from seeds and should be set eight inches apart. A fine plant and well fitted for edgings.



Saponaria Calabrica, annual, Calabria, 1830.

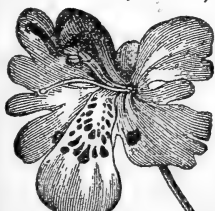
Compacta, red...... 3
Alba, white...... 3
Rosea, rose...... 3
Scarlet Queen...... 5
Ocymoides splend...... 5
Special mixture...... 5

These grow from six to nine inches high, and bloom so profusely as to form a carpet of bright colors from June till September. Sow in the bed, and thin. *S. ocymoides* is a splendid species for edgings.



Schizanthus, annuals, Chili, 1822 to 1841.

Grahami, red...... 3
Carnea, flesh...... 3
Grandiflorus albus...... 3
Oculatus, spotted...... 3
Atropurpurea...... 3
Compactus, fine...... 3
Papilionaceous...... 3
Pyramidalis...... 3
Pinnatus, rose...... 3
Tigridoides, tigred...... 3
Tom Thumb, dwarf...... 5
Roseus, new...... 5
Retusus, scarlet...... 5
Albus, white...... 5
Special mixture...... 5



Very beautiful and pro-slender annuals. The flowers are borne on slender stems, are odd in form, superbly spotted and marked, so that a plant in bloom has a fancied resemblance to a swarm of small, bright-colored butterflies. Excellent for summer beds or as pot plants.

Schizopetalon Walkeri, annual, Chili, 1822. 5



A cruciferous plant, one foot high, bearing exquisitely fringed white flowers, having the fragrance of almond blossom. Sow inspring in a sheltered bed and thin to eight inches apart, or start the seeds in small pots early and turn out when danger from frost is past. They are difficult to transplant, and if lifted from the seed bed are not easily established.

Shortia (*Hymenoxis*) Californica, California..... 5

A hardy annual Composite. Plants form little tufts six inches high, covered with bright yellow Daisy-like flowers during the summer. If sown in a dry place in autumn the plants bloom earlier than when sown in the spring. In addition to its value as a garden plant the flowers may be cut and dried for winter bouquets, as they retain their form and color well in a dry state for a long time.



Sedum cœruleum, Africa, 1822..... 5



This is popularly known as Stone Crop. The plants are dwarf, as shown in the little engraving, and produce clusters of pale blue flowers. Handsome for the rockery or for a dry situation. Grow as if sitting among stones, hence the name *Sedum*, from latin, sedere, meaning to sit.

Silene pendula, annual, Sicily, 1731.

Double, rose...... 3
Alba, white...... 3
Carnea, flesh...... 3
Snow King...... 5
Delicata fl. pl...... 5
Compacta, red...... 5
Double, red...... 5
Special mixture...... 5

Charming flowers, free-blooming, fine for edgings or beds. Of trailing habit. Sow either in early autumn or early spring, and thin.



Solanum, natives of many countries.



Capsicastrum..... 5
Ciliatum, red fruit...... 5
Laciniatum..... 5
Lobell, scarlet fruit...... 5
Melongena, purple...... 5
Pekinese, black fruits..... 5
Pseudo capsicum..... 5
Racemigerum, see eng. 5
Robustum, large foliage 5
Special mixture..... 5

S. capsicastrum is the Jerusalem Cherry, a fine pot plant. *S. laciniatum* has lacinated foliage and mauve flowers. It is the best of the blooming sorts. *S. melongena* is the Egg Plant, bearing large purple, edible fruits. *S. robustum* is a Brazilian species, useful for tropical groups. *S. racemigerum* has currant-like fruits. All are easily raised from seeds.

Sphenogyne speciosa, annual, Mexico, 1836..... 5

One foot high, with daisy like flowers from June till September. Flowers yellow with brown disc, encircled by a conspicuous black ring. Sow in window boxes early and transplant when danger from frost is past. Set the plants eight inches apart. The plants are bushy and make a handsome bed.



Ten Weeks' Stock.

The Ten Weeks' Stock is one of the finest annuals in cultivation when well-grown. The flowers are perfectly double, graceful in form, showy yet delicate, and yield a delicious odor. The seed germinate in about five days and the young plants grow rapidly, coming into bloom in mid-summer and from that time until after severe frosts they bloom abundantly. Do not let the plants in the seed-bed crowd each other and become slender. Give rich soil and good cultivation. If neglected they will mostly produce single flowers, or insignificant double ones. Our seeds were saved only from pot-plants and will produce a large percentage of double-flowering plants. Our mixtures are specially prepared, and hardly two plants will bear flowers alike.

DWARF LARGE-FLOWERED TEN WEEKS' STOCK.
This is undoubtedly the best variety for general cultivation. Flowers well-formed, delightfully fragrant, and produced in great abundance. We have the finest colors and our mixture contains them all. We urge every one who grows Stocks to cultivate this variety. The colors are

Bright Rose..... 10	Scarlet..... 10	Violet..... 10
Pure white... 10	Aurora color 10	Carmine purple, fine..... 10
Light blue... 10	Dark blood	Canary yellow..... 10
Ash grey..... 10	red, deepest	Brilliant copper color 10
Carmine..... 10	col'd Stock	
Brown..... 10	known: fine	
Purple..... 10	sort..... 10	

All the above colors in splendid mixture 10

OTHER VARIETIES.

Dwarf German, a profuse blooming variety; beautiful flowers of many rich colors; finest mixed pot seed..... 5

Wallflower-leaved dwarf; shining leaves, rich-colored flowers: mixed..... 10

Pyramidal Celestial blue, new shade..... 10

Cape Giant or Tree, tree-like, fine, mixed..... 10

Early autumn flowering, fine for window culture 10

Pyramidal, Largest flowering Dwarf, pyramidal growth, immense spikes of fine flowers, mixed 10

NEW GIANT PERFECTION STOCKS.

These grow 2½ feet high, pyramidal in form, with long spikes of beautiful, large double flowers.

White..... 10 Brick red..... 10 Violet..... 10

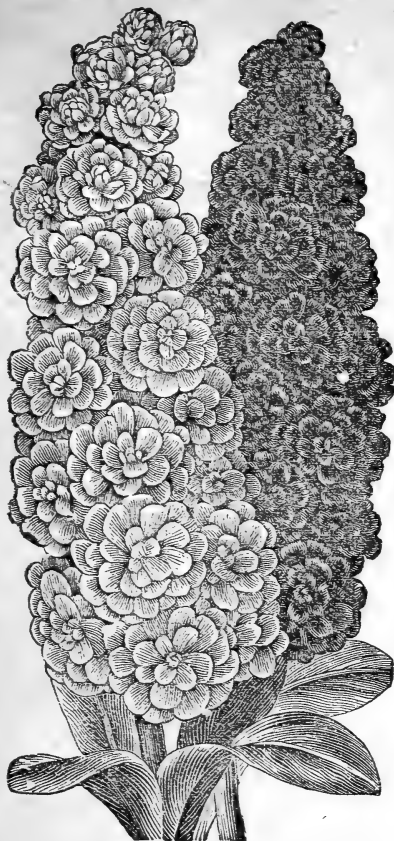
Sulphur..... 10 Copper..... 10 Ash gray..... 10

Flesh..... 10 Light Blue..... 10 Red Brown..... 10

Fiery red..... 10 Dark Blue..... 10 Dark Brown 10

Special mixture of these 12 varieties..... 10

The Ten Weeks' Stock, *Matthiola annua*, is a native of Southern Europe, and was introduced in 1731. I especially recommend the New Giant Perfection sort. It is the best of all for out door culture, and one of the grandest annuals in cultivation. Do not fail to include it in your list of seeds.



LARGE-FLOWERED SALPIGLOSSIS.

Albo lutea..... 5	Albo lutea..... 5
Coccinea..... 5	Coccinea..... 5
Kermesina..... 5	Kermesina..... 5
Nigra..... 5	Nigra..... 5
Purpurea..... 5	Purpurea..... 5
Carmine..... 5	Carmine..... 5
Rosea..... 5	Rosea..... 5
Sulphurea..... 5	Sulphurea..... 5
Violacea..... 5	Violacea..... 5
Gold-veined..... 5	Gold-veined..... 5
Special mixture 5	Special mixture 5

Beautiful annuals from Chili, introduced in 1824. Two feet high. Flowers shaped like a Petunia, richly pencilled, borne continuously. My strain of this grand flower is unsurpassed, and the mixture contains all the colors.

TROPEOLUM MAJUS—TOM THUMB.

These grow only eight or ten inches high, and bear an abundance of large, rich-colored flowers during the season. They are prized in England for bedding, for which purpose they do well in a favorable season. Cut the flowers freely, and they will bloom all the better. I offer the nine best colors as selected by the Royal Horticultural Society, but can furnish other sorts when requested. All the colors are carefully proportioned in the mixture. I can supply the separate colors in quantity at 25 cents per ounce, for planting large beds. Sow early, where the plants are to bloom.

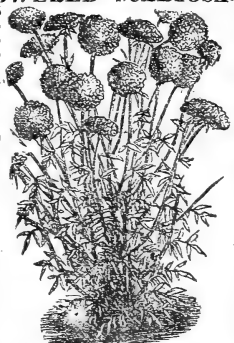
Pearl, creamy white..... 8	Beauty, pale orange scarlet..... 3
Crystal Palace Gem, cream with maroon spots..... 8	Coccineum, fiery scarlet..... 3
Luteum, pure yellow..... 8	King of Tom Thumbs, brilliant crimson..... 8
Spotted, yellow, maroon spots..... 8	Empress of India, dark crimson, 8
Ceruleum roseum, rosy..... 8	All kinds mixed, per oz. 25 cents, 10

Mr. Park—I ordered some Dwarf Tropaeolums last spring and up and ed twelve seeds nine of them came up and did splendidly. I think there are few flowers prettier than these. Ella L. Bailey, Laud. Co., Miss.

NEW LARGE-FLOWERED SCABIOSA.

Purple..... 5	Purple..... 5
Blood red..... 5	Blood red..... 5
Pure white..... 5	Pure white..... 5
Rosy white..... 5	Rosy white..... 5
Lilac..... 5	Lilac..... 5
Black purple..... 5	Black purple..... 5
With white..... 5	With white..... 5
Cherry and white..... 5	Cherry and white..... 5
White and lilac..... 5	White and lilac..... 5
Golden Yellow..... 10	Golden Yellow..... 10
All kinds mixed..... 5	All kinds mixed..... 5
Double, Tall, mixed..... 5	Double, Tall, mixed..... 5
" Dwarf "..... 5	" Dwarf "..... 5
Candidissimum..... 5	Candidissimum..... 5
Complete mixture..... 5	Complete mixture..... 5

Splendid, everblooming garden plants. Flowers, delicate, showy, on long stems, valuable for cutting. Started in summer they bloom well in the window in winter. The new large-flowered sorts are fine.



Venidium fugas, perennial. Cape of Good Hope 5

A very showy, trailing composite, bearing masses of golden yellow flowers. Sow early, and set plants 10 inches apart. This plant is a half hardy perennial and likes a warm, sunny border. In such a situation it becomes a sheet of golden bloom, and is gorgeous. My patrons in the South should not fail to try this flower

Verbena hybrida (Hybrids), white..... 10

- Dark-eyed..... 10
- Scarlet..... 10
- Copper-color..... 10
- Lutea..... 10
- Dark blue..... 10
- Pure blue..... 10
- Striped..... 10
- Dark violet..... 10
- Defiance..... 10
- Special mixture..... 10

These are perennials, but I started in March or April the seedling plants will bloom in June or July, and continue till after frosts. The plants should be set 13 inches apart. They make a gorgeous and fragrant bed. The seeds I offer are of the large-flowered sorts, and will be found very superior. All the colors are represented in

the mixture. They cannot be excelled.

Vinea rosea, East Indies, 1775.

- Rose color..... 5
- Pure white..... 5
- White, purp' eye..... 5
- All colors mixed..... 5

An elegant evergreen perennial, valuable for bedding in the South. The foliage is a rich, glossy green, and the flowers Phlox like, well displayed and very pretty. It likes heat, and is a valuable house plant, either for summer or winter blooming. It bears drouth well, and is used with good effect in the cemetery. Easily grown. Set eight inches apart. Thrives well in bright sunshine.

Virginia Stock, *Malcolmia maritima*, So. Europe.

- White..... 3
- Red..... 3
- Yellow..... 3
- Crimson..... 3
- Compacta..... 3
- All kinds mixed..... 3

Charming little annuals, coming quickly from seeds. Grown in masses the flowers in great profusion make a fine display. Beautiful late in autumn, as the plants

enjoy the cool weather. Grown in pots in a cool room they will bloom throughout the winter.

Viscaria oculata, Hardy annual, Algiers, 1843.

- Crimson..... 5
- Lilac..... 5
- Rose..... 5
- White..... 5
- Bright blue..... 5
- Striped..... 5
- Finest mixed..... 5

These are handsome annuals, growing a foot high, and bearing masses of attractive flowers. The colors are rich, and the flowers are mostly dark-eyed. They appear well in beds and are always admired. Sow the seeds in rows six inches apart and thin till the plants are six inches apart in the rows. Or the young plants may be transplanted. The plants bloom early and freely all the season.

Violas, English Bedding (Hybrids).

- Pure white..... 10
- Daube Queen..... 10
- Purple Queen..... 10
- Admiration..... 10
- Rich Purple..... 10
- Perfection..... 10
- Yellow..... 10
- Lutea splendens..... 10
- Sensation..... 10
- Specia mixture..... 10

Beautiful, pansy-like flowers, rich in color, fragrant, and produced freely throughout the season. The plants bloom early from seeds, are hardy, and come into bloom early the next season. They like a moist, cool soil, and flourish with the same treatment as we give the Pansy used in Great Britain for bedding. Sometimes known as Tufted Pansies.

Whitavia grandiflora, annuals, California, 1854.

- Large flowered, white..... 5
- Blue..... 5
- Gloxinoides..... 5
- All kinds mixed..... 5

Exquisite, bell-shaped flowers, always handsome, always admired. The plants love a cool, moist soil, where they grow a foot high, bearing clusters of charming bells. Those who like modest, delicate flowers will be pleased with this pretty annual. If the flowers are it so that seeds do not form, a succession of the beautiful blooms may be had.

Zinnia elegans, annuals, Mexico, 1796

- White..... 5
- Scarlet..... 5
- Golden..... 5
- Flesh color..... 5
- Crimson..... 5
- Lilac..... 5
- Purple..... 5
- Rose..... 5
- Sulphur..... 5
- Violet..... 5
- Yellow..... 5
- All colors mixed..... 5

New Pompon or Darwin Zinnias, finest mixed..... 5
Dwarf Zinnias, mixed..... 5
Striped or Zebra Zinnias, mixed..... 5
Large-flowered Zinnias mixed..... 5
All the above kinds and colors, in careful mixture..... 5

Zinnias are easily grown and the flowers are as

bright and showy as Dahlias. The new varieties now offered are far more delicate in texture and bright in color than those grown years ago. The dwarf sorts are fine for beds. They bloom early, profusely, and are fine till frosts appear. I take pleasure in especially recommending the New Pompon or Darwin Zinnias. This strain is of French origin, and the seeds I offer are from the originators. I also ask attention to the large-flowered Zinnias offered. These I can supply in colors, but the mixture contains them all. The beginner in floriculture will always find great pleasure with these improved Zinnias. They are of the easiest culture, showy, never troubled with insects, and the plants are always in bloom and clean and bright. White, orange, scarlet and rose are colors as varied and brilliant as those of the Dahlia, and in the striped varieties the colors are curiously intermingled. All seeds offered were saved from selected plants, and are unsurpassed in quality.

ORNAMENTAL CLIMBERS.

THESE are the most tractable and useful of flowers. Many of them make a vigorous growth, and in a short time cover a trellis or summer house with a sheet of flowered green, or transform an unsightly fence or building into a thing of beauty. Encourage the young plants to grow, and furnish support as soon as they show a disposition to run. If neglected they may become stunted.

Calampelis scabra (Eccremocarpus), Chill, 1924. 5

A half-hardy, evergreen climber, blooming in great profusion throughout autumn if the plants are started early in the spring. From six to eight feet high. In mild climates it is hardy, and will bloom for many years, but at the north, the roots must be preserved like Dahlias. The flowers are orange-red in long drooping racemes. Very pretty and showy for a trellis or screen.

Cardiospermum halicacabum, Southern States 5

This is a very graceful and beautiful vine, growing six feet high. The flowers are not showy, but the inflated capsules are interesting and curious, and give rise to the common name, Balloon Vine. The seeds are as large as Indian Shot, dark with a pure white blotch. The little engraving represents the vine, an inflated seed-pod, and a seed with the heart-shaped blotch. The plant is easily grown, blooms and bears seeds freely, and is always greatly admired. Does well out-doors.

Centrosema grandiflora (Virginiana), U.S., 1893. 10

This is a common vine in the South. It is perennial, with large pea-shaped flowers, delicate in texture, and of an exquisite lavender color. It blooms freely during the autumn, and the flowers are said to be fragrant, but the fragrance is not very pronounced. It belongs to the leguminous family, and the seeds start readily if soaked in hot water for a few hours before sowing. It is a vine well worth cultivating.

Mr. Park:—My *Centrosema* grew by the window, and made a beautiful screen. It has been in bloom since the first of August. The flowers are very pretty, and are as large or larger than a silver half-dollar. Mrs. A. M. Staley, Edgington Co., Ga., Aug. 18, 1893.

Clitorea ternatea, East Indies, 1739.



Blue..... 10 | Grandiflora... 10 | Palida, yellow 10
White..... 10 | Lilac..... 10 | Flore pleno... 10
Special mixture of all colors 10

A very beautiful vine growing six feet high. The flowers are odd, rich in color, and very attractive. Cut freely they bloom continuously. Soak the seeds in hot water before sowing. The English Garden recently gave a colored plate of this lovely flower, and spoke highly of its merits.

Convolvulus major (*Ipomoea purpurea*, Morning Glory), Trop. Am. 3

White..... 3
Tricolor..... 3
Rose..... 3
Carmine..... 3
Incarnate..... 3
Dark red..... 3
Lilac..... 3
Light blue..... 3
Dark blue..... 3
Black blue..... 3
Michaux's..... 3
White striped rose.. 3
White striped violet 3
Complete mixture.. 5

Although so well known, the old-fashioned Morning Glory is still one of our best vines. The new markings and shades are charming, and those who buy the complete mixture will be surprised at the great variety and beauty of the flowers produced therefrom.

Cobaea scandens, annual, Mexico, 1792.



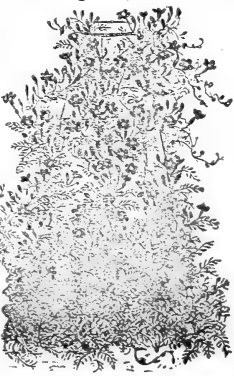
Purple..... 5 | White..... 15

A vigorous, easily-grown vine, 20 to 30 feet; flowers large, elegant, bell-shaped, in abundance. Plant seeds edge-wise. Do well on the south side of a building.

Cypress Vine (*Quamoclit vulgaris*, Mexico, 1629

Scarlet..... 5
Rose..... 5
White..... 5
All colors mixed... 5

For a summer trellis this is the most delicate and beautiful vine in cultivation. The foliage is exceedingly handsome, being rich green in color, feathery and very dense, while the flowers are borne abundantly and continuously, and are very bright and showy. The seeds should be started in a box in the house, or sheltered bed early, so that the vines may begin to bloom before autumn. It is a vine that always pleases those who are fond of ornamental climbers.

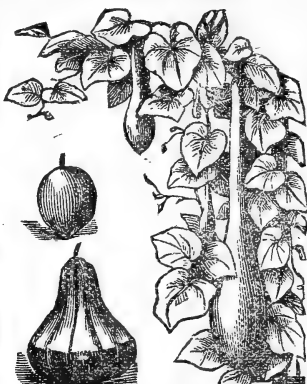


Dolichos, known as Hyacinth Bean.



- Lablab, purple.... 5
- Albus, white.... 5
- Giganteus.... 5
- Special mixture.... 5

A vigorous, free-blooming genus of vines, growing from 15 to 20 feet high, and bearing clusters of bean-like flowers. Good for covering trellises, arbors and summer-houses. The flowers are succeeded by large, purplish seed-pods. If the flowers are freely cut so that no seeds form they will bloom much longer.



Ornamental Gourds and Cucumbers.

GIANT EDIBLE GOURDS.

- Yellow-netted, seeds saved from 150 lb specimens 10
 - Scarlet, 100 pounds weight, very showy 10
 - Gray Boulogne, very large and handsome 10
 - Green, handsome gourds of 100 pounds weight 10
 - Yellow, clean and bright, 100 pounds weight 10
 - Potirou Jaune, orange, immense gourds 10
 - Special mixture, carefully proportioned 10
- These have gigantic leaves and flowers and are excellent for covering fences and unsightly buildings. Still more, the gourds make excellent Thanksgiving pies—one gourd making pies enough for a whole congregation of grateful people.

OTHER GOURDS.

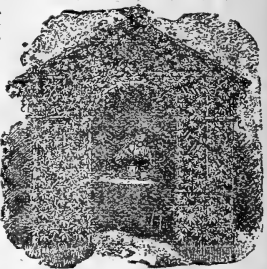
- Abobra viridiflora, handsome foliage 5
- Argora, white-spotted fruit, rapid climber, suitable for arbors 5
- Bryonopsis laciniosa, elegant foliage, fruit scarlet, striped white 5
- Coccinea Indica, scarlet fruit 5
- Cucumis dudaim, fragrant, yellow 5
- Flexuosus, Snake Cucumber 5
- Coccinea, white marbled green 5
- Arade, green striped yellow 5
- Frophetarium, light yellow 5
- Perennis, hoary foliage 5
- Cucurbita argyrosperma 5
- Cyclanthera exfolens, fruit explodes when ripe 5
- Echinocystis lobata, Wild Cucumber 5
- Enormous, great bomb-like fruits 5
- Gourd, Corsica or Dish 5
- Bishop's Mitre, orange 5
- White 5
- White striped green 5
- Lagenaria siphio, Dipper gourd 5
- Vulgaris 5
- Minima, small 5
- Leucantha longissima 5
- Depressa, dark green 5
- Luffa acutangula, dish cloth gourd 5
- Sooly Qua 5
- Momordica balsamina, Balsam Apple 5
- Charantia, Balsam Pear 5
- Elaterium 5
- Meion, green climbing, edible fruit, fine for trellises in a sunny place 5
- Gourd, Nest-egg, white, egg-shaped 5
- Hercules Club, club-shaped 5
- Turk's Turban, white, red striped 5
- Chilli, new, spotted and striped 5
- Chamoise, red-striped 5
- Red, very fine 5
- Tricosanthes colubrina, Snake Gourd 5
- Special mixture, including one or more seeds of each sort 20

Gourds and Cucumbers are among the most inter-

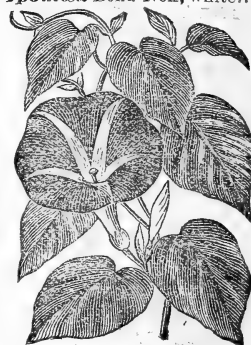
esting objects of vegetable growth. Both flowers and fruit are attractive, and the foliage is either semi-tropical or delicate and graceful. The vines may be trimmed to any form or used to hide unsightly objects. The fruits are of many shapes, sizes, colors and markings. The smaller ones are attractive and harmless playthings for children. The larger ones may be used in the kitchen as receptacles, as the Siphon gourd which makes a useful and convenient ladle; the Corsican makes a good kitchen receptacle for potatoes, apples, etc.; Enormous, used as Sugar troughs and lard cans. A collection of these plants will give great pleasure, and the cheapest way to get a great variety is to buy a Special Mixture, as it contains seeds of all the varieties here catalogued.

Humulus Japonicus, Japanese Hop..... 5

A very rapid-growing annual, with an abundance of deep green, rough, but gracefully shaped foliage. Useful for covering arbors or summer-houses. The seeds start readily, and may be sown in window boxes early to have large plants for transplanting as soon as the weather is favorable. It is only valuable as a foliage vine. If preferred I can also supply seeds of the new and widely advertised self-variegated-leaved variety at 10c per packet.



Ipomoea Bona Nox, white..... 8



- Coccinea, scarlet... 8
- Lutea, yellow... 8
- Ivy-leaved... 8
- Hederacea... 8
- Alba, white... 8
- Lilacina, lilac... 8
- Atrovirens... 8
- Marmorata... 8
- Leoni, blue... 8
- Limbatia, elegantissima... 8
- Nil grandiflora... 8
- Violacea vera... 8
- Alba, white... 8
- Special mixture... 10

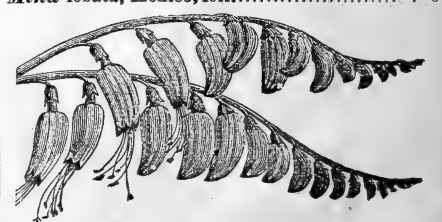
Very free-blooming, and vigorous vines. I. coccinea grows rapidly to a height of thirty feet and bears a profusion of Cypress-like flowers. I. limbatia elegantissima has very large, exquisite light blue flowers with distinct

white margin. All are easily grown from seeds.

Lophospermum, Mexico, 1834.

- L. scandens, scarlet... 10
 - Coccinea, scarlet... 10
 - Special mixture... 10
- L. scandens is a beautiful climber, with hoary, graceful foliage and large, Maurandya-like pink flowers. Easily raised from seeds, which should be sown early to bloom in autumn. In winter the large, fleshy roots may be preserved in the cellar. The plant may be wintered in the sitting room if grown upon a trellis.

Mina lobata, Mexico, 1841..... 5



Of all the vines recently introduced this is one of the finest for out-door culture. The growth is exceedingly vigorous, the foliage beautiful and dense, and the flowers borne in great profusion. The only secret about its culture is to start the seeds in a window box or hot-bed early in March, and give the plants a good start for transplanting. I would urge a trial of this new and beautiful vine,

PARK'S LARGE-FLOWERED SWEET PEAS.

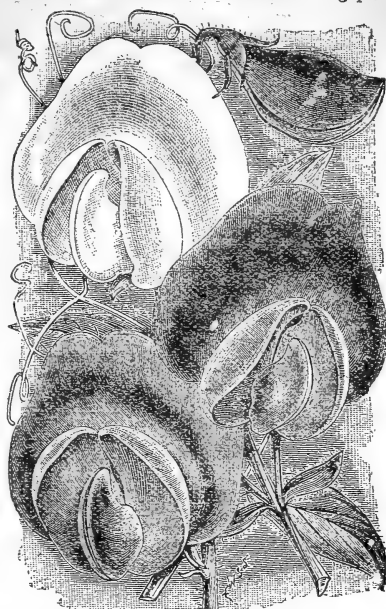
The Sweet Pea is a native of Sicily, and was introduced in 1700. The species produced variegated flowers, but under the florist's skill the colors have become distinct, and a wonderful variety of shades and variegations have been developed, as well as a great improvement effected in the size and blooming qualities of the flowers. For many years I have offered the largest and finest collection of Sweet Peas in this country, and urged all flower-folks to give increased attention to their culture, so that the present range for Sweet Peas is only the outgrowth of recommendation and a more perfect recognition of their merits by the public. It is my year I offer all the new and rare shades as well as the older ones, and my seeds were all saved from the improved large-flowered strain, so that those who buy of me will be sure to get only the best. The mixture I offer, too, will be found unsurpassed in the size of the flowers and the great variety of colors in which they will appear. Treat just as you would Garden Peas. They are equally as hardy, and as easily grown.

Adonis, light carmine....	5	*Imperial Black, dark.....	5
Alba, pure white, large....	5	*Imperial Blue, royal.....	5
*Apple-blossom, pale pink..	5	*Indigo King, large, rare..	5
Blackish purple, dark....	5	*Lilacinus, lilac.....	5
*Black with light blue.....	5	*Light blue and purple....	5
Blackish purple, striped..	5	*Lottie Eckford, rose and	
Butterfly, white, lilac tint	5	white edged blue.....	5
*Boreation, rich maroon....	5	*Miss Blanche Ferry, red	
Crown Princess of Prussia,		and white, early.....	5
blush.....	5	*Orange Prince.....	5
*Cap. Clark, white and rose	5	*Purple with light blue....	5
*Cardinal, cardinal red....	5	*Primrose, pale yellow....	5
Dark red, very handsome..	5	Princess Beatrice.....	5
*Duchess of Edinburg,		Princess of Wales.....	5
scarlet merging in rose..	5	*Queen of the Isles.....	5
*Eckford's new sorts, mixed	5	*Queen Victoria.....	5
*Fairly Queen, rosy white..	5	Red striped.....	5
Grand Blue, rich blue....	5	Red and white.....	5
Invincible Scarlet, rich....	5	*Splendor, rose and crim'n	
*Carmine, very fine.....	5	Vesuvius, lilac, spotted..	5
*Striped, beautiful.....	5	*Violet Queen.....	5
Finest mixture of all the		above sorts, carefully pre-	
pared, 10 cents per ounce,	5	per packet, except those marked	
with a star (*), which are		25 cents per ounce.	

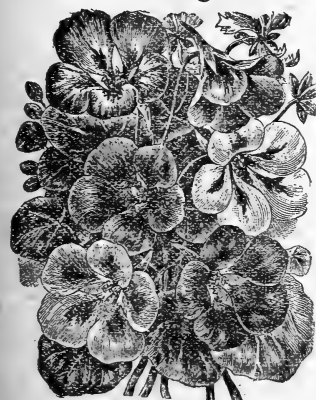
Mr. Park:—From an ounce packet of your Sweet Peas I had eleven lovely varieties. Your 10-cent ounce packet of Sweet Peas was just as good as a 25-cent packet I got of another seedsman, and I do believe every seed grew.

Ken. Co., Me., Apr. 10, 1893. Mrs. C. W. Stevens.

Mr. Park:—All who have seen them say my Sweet Peas are the nicest they ever saw. They are so fragrant, and there is such a variety of colors.—Miss J. B. Brooks, Chester Co., N. Y., Oct. 15, 1894.



Elegant Collection of Tropaeolums.



The Tropaeolum majus is a first-class annual, easily raised from seed. It bears rich, clean foliage, and bright, attractive flowers, and the plants bloom continuously and freely till after frosts. For cutting the blooms are exquisite, and their fragrance is appreciated quite as much as their delicate texture and bright colors. These flowers surpass the Sweet Pea in almost every particular, and will soon become equally popular. They thrive best in a moist soil in partial shade. They are fine for covering old stumps and fences, or for a low trellis or hedge.

Atropurpureum, blood purple	5	Von Moltke, rose.....	5
Coccineum, scarlet.....	5	Above mixed, oz. 20 cts.....	5
Folios aureus.....	5	LOBBIANUM.	
Dunett's Orange.....	5	Fiery scarlet.....	5
Flammulim, flame color.....	5	Dark brown.....	5
Hemisphaerium, orange.....	5	Light scarlet.....	5
Hunneimann, brown.....	5	Dark scarlet.....	5
Luteum, yellow.....	5	Sulphur spotted red.....	5
Nigro purpureum, crimson....	5	Yellow spotted brown.....	5
Pearl, whitish.....	5	Golden yellow.....	5
Regelianum, violet-crimson..	5	Fine mixture.....	5
Scheuerianum, spotted.....	5	PERGRINUM (Canary Bird	
Coccineum, scarlet spotted..	5	Flower), yellow.....	5
Schillingii, sulphur.....	5	Splendid mixture of all sorts..	

T. majus is the common Nasturtium. T. Lobbianum is a fine species from Columbia, introduced in 1843. T. peregrinum (New Granada, 1840) is a most lovely climber, reaching 20 feet by autumn, the myriads of flowers resembling miniature yellow birds.

Loasa lateritia, South America, 1835..... 5

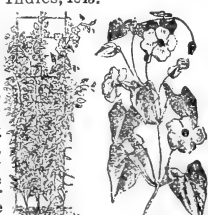
A twining plant bearing stinging foliage and curious, interesting orange-red flowers. Sow the seeds early, and transplant to the garden when the weather becomes warm. Other kinds of Loasa as Aurantiaca and Wellisi. I supply also at 5 cents per packet. They are bushy plants, however, from two to three feet high. One of the advantages of these plants is that the notice "hands off" is not necessary. Experience will enforce its own notice.

Special attention is asked to my collections of Nasturtiums and Sweet Peas. The seeds offered are of surpassing quality. Don't omit them from your order. They are indispensable in a collection of climbers, and everyone should have them.

Thunbergia alata, East Indies, 1843.

Alata, buff, dark eye....	5
Unicolor, yellow.....	5
Alba, white, dark eye....	5
Aurantiaca, brown eye....	5
Unicolor, orange.....	5
Bakeri, pure white.....	5
Special mixture.....	5

Handsome vines growing six feet high, covered from June till October with bright, showy flowers. Plants start readily from seeds, which may be sown in boxes early, or sown out doors when the ground becomes warm. Make an elegant trellis or low screen. I offer all the varieties, and the special mixture is complete.



Maurandya, evergreen twine, s. Mexico, 1746-1844.

Albiflora, white, true... 10
 Antirrhiniflora, blue... 5
 Barclayana, blue... 5
 Emeryana rosea... 5
 Violacea... 5
 Lacayana red... 5
 Violacea... 5
 Purpurea grand., purple... 5
 Semperflorens, blue-red... 5
 Violacea, a fine sort... 5
 Special mixture... 5

One of the finest trellis vines in cultivation. It is easily raised from seeds, and will grow six feet high, forming a mass of elegant foliage until the snows of winter. It seems to enjoy the autumn frosts. *M. Antirrhiniflora* is a handsome basket plant, more delicate in foliage and flowers than the others.



Scarlet Runner (Phaseolus multiflora), 1733... 5

From South America. An elegant vine for a warm, dry situation. In a dry season it will grow and bloom freely where many other vines will suffer. The flowers are produced in large clusters, and being rich scarlet and remaining long in bloom they are exceedingly showy. If cut freely so that the seed-pods do not form the plant will bloom throughout the season. The plants grow vigorously, and are fine for covering summer-houses or arbors. The seeds are large and make a savory table dish when cooked. Those I offer are superior for bloom.



EVERLASTINGS AND GRASSES.

These retain their form and color for years if cut just as the buds are beginning to open, hung in the shade and dried. They are fine for bouquets and floral designs in winter. All are easily grown from seeds.

Acroclitium. Half-hardy annuals. Australia, 1854.

Roseum, rose... 3
 Album, white... 3
 Double rose... 3
 Double white... 5
 All the above mixed 5



Graceful and pretty everlastings, the flowers of which for drying should be cut just before expanding. The plants grow a foot high, look well in beds in the garden, and are said to be fine for the window if started from seeds in the summer. Set the plants eight inches apart. The foliage is abundant, resembling linen, and the flowers are borne at the summit of the branches, the buds mostly drooping.

Annobium alatum. New Holland, 1822... 5

A herbaceous perennial, but may be treated as an annual. Two feet high, bearing numerous white flowers in autumn. The plants are easily grown, and delight in a sandy soil, though they will do well in almost any soil or situation. Cut the flowers just before they expand. The seeds I offer are of the new large-flowered variety, and will be found superior to the older sort. In a mild climate the plants are hardy, and will bloom for several years.

Gomphrena globosa. Annual, India, 1814.

Aurea, orange... 5
 Rubra, red... 5
 Alba, white... 5
 Flesh color... 5
 Striped... 5
 Nana compacta, red... 5
 White... 5
 Flesh color... 5
 All sorts mixed... 5

Very showy, free-blooming annuals. Flowers globular and ornamental. A very satisfactory bedding plant, and the flowers are among the best for bouquets. The new dwarf sorts grow only about five inches high, and should be set five inches apart. The other varieties grow a foot or more in height.



Gypsophila From Europe and Asia.

Elezens, white... 5
 Red... 5
 Muralis, rose dwarf... 5
 Paniculata, white... 5
 All varieties mixed... 5

Beautiful panicles of miniature bloom, fine for bouquets. *G. muralis* is a low, floriferous edging plant, suitable also for baskets and pots.

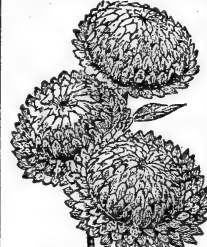
Helipterum Sandfordii, W. Australia, 1863... 5

One foot high, with large Yarrow-like corymbs of golden flowers. This plant is scientifically known as *Helipterum Humboldtianum*. *Rhodanthe* is also recognized by botanists as a species of *Helipterum*.

NOTE.—The ornamental grasses are beautiful in a growing state, and for drying for winter bouquets are indispensable in connection with everlastings.

Helichrysum bracteatum, hardy annuals. 1799.

Minimum, mixed... 5
 Monstrosum, mixed... 5
 Ten colors, each... 5
 Tom Thumb, mixed... 5
 Atrorubescens... 5
 All varieties mixed... 5



These varieties were all produced from the species *H. bracteatum*. The colors embrace a wide range and the flowers are large and showy. The tall varieties grow two feet high, and the dwarf ones about a foot. *H. Monstrosum* bears very double flowers, as shown in the engraving. They are unsurpassed for winter decoration when carefully dried.

Rhodanthe Manglesii, W. Australia 1832, mixed 5

A pretty and delicate everlasting. Flowers bell-shaped, drooping and graceful. In Germany it is used for beds, and is charming. White and rose.

Statice, herbaceous perennials, mixed... 5

Prized by some as garden flowers as well as for bouquets. Colors distinct, mostly blue and yellow.

Valerita grandiflora, Australia, 1863, yellow... 5

Grows more than a foot high, the branches terminating in numerous small flowers; a fine everlasting.

Xanthemum annum, hardy annual, Europe.

Album fl. pl. white... 5
 Purpureum fl. pl. purple... 5
 Grandiflorum purp. m... 5
 Plenissimum atropurp... 5
 Superbissimum... 5
 All varieties mixed... 5

Grow a foot high, bearing handsome loose flowers on long stems. Easily grown from seeds, showy as plants and fine for winter decoration, either in the natural colors or dyed. This is one of the most beautiful and desirable of everlastings. The flowers may be fully developed, and will dry without becoming discolored. They make up well with the ornamental grasses, and make handsome bouquets for winter decoration.



ORNAMENTAL GRASSES.

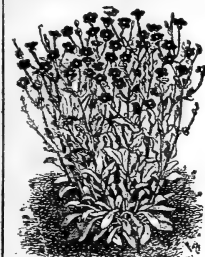
Agrostis nebulosa... 5
Fulchella... 5
Arundo donax varieg... 5
Conspicua, elegant... 20
Avena sterilis... 5
Brachypodium platystachium... 5
Brieta maxima... 5
Minima... 5
Genticulata... 5
Bromus macrostachys... 5
Brizopyrum siculum... 5
Chloris cucullata... 5
Coix lachryma, Job's Tear... 5
Erianthus Ravennae... 5

Chloropsis Blanchardii... 5
Eulalia Japonica var... 10
Gynerium Argenteum... 5
Hordeum jubatum... 5
Lagurus ovatus... 5
Melica ciliata... 5
Panicum capillare... 5
Pennisetum longistylum... 3
Stipa pennata... 5
Zea Japonica variegata... 5
All varieties mixed... 10
Complete mixture of Everlastings and Grasses... 10

BIENNIALS AND PERENNIALS.

THESE flowers should be more popular. They are easily grown, and once started many of them live and bloom for years, even under neglect. Seeds often start slowly, and only fresh seeds should be sown. Such seeds I am to supply, and those I offer here have all been obtained from the European growers this season, and are reliable in vitality as well as quality. I issue an illustrated catalogue of these flowers. If you wish to know more about them send for it. Those who wish a few perennials in great variety should get my mixture of the leading sorts, price 10 cts per packet. It will afford great satisfaction and pleasure.

Achillea viridiflora, vine 5
Achillea lusitanica, 5
Achillea pharica, 2 ft. 5
Filipendula, yellow 5
Aconitum (Monkshood) 5
Lycotectonum, yellow, 5
Both kinds mixed 5
Adonophora (Bellflower) 5
Adonis vernalis, yellow 5
Adulmia ciliatosa, vine 5
Ethionema grandiflora 5



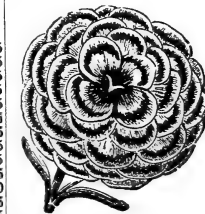
Argemone coronaria 5
Flo. Jovis, rose 5
Lyssim. sax. compacta 5
Anchusa azurea, 5
Androsace coronopifolia 5
Anemone sylvestris, 5
Japponica elegans, red 5
" pure white, 5
Fulgens, scarlet, 5
The varieties mixed, 5
Antirrhinum lilago, 5
Lilanthrum, 5
Both kinds mixed 5
Antemmis chamomile, 5
Aquilegia coerulea, blue 5
Chrysanth. yellow, 5
White, new, 5
Durandii fl. p., striped 5
Flabellata, 5
" *formosa* fl. pl., mixed 5
Glandulosa vera, 5
Olympica, blue, 5
Skinneri, scarlet, 5
Stellata, fl. pl. mixed 5
Vulgaris, mixed, 5
All varieties mixed 5
Arabis alpina, white, 5
Armeria cephalotes, 5
Marianna, carmine, 5
Both kinds mixed 5
Asclepias tuberosa, 5
Asperula odorata, 5
Aster, *Alpinus*, blue 5
" *assabicus*, lilac, 5
Nova Angliae, 5
These species mixed, 5
Astragalus monspeli, 5
" *Galeiformis*, 5
Mixed varieties 5
Aubrietia Eyrill, blue, 5
Deltoidea, fine blue, 5
Purpurea, rock cress, 5
Mixed sorts, 5
Baptisia Australis, blue 5
Barbarea, fol. variegatis 5
Bellis ("Double Daisy"), 10
Betonica grandiflora, 5
Camassia esculenta, 5
Cardamine pratensis, 10
Cedronella cana, purple 5
Campanula carpatica, 5
Medium single, mixed 5
" double, mixed 5
Calycanthemum, mixed 5
Pyramidalis, fine mix 5
Persicifolia fl. pl., 5
Macrantha, blue, 5
Grandis, large, blue, 5
Turbinata, dwarf, fine 5
Fine mixture, all sorts 5
Catananche fl. pl., m'x'd 5
Clematis erecta, 5

Carnation, finest double 5
for beds and borders, mixed, 10
Grenadin fl. pl., compact, very beautiful, mixed colors, 10
Dwarf, early-flowering, fine, double, mixed colors, 10
Perpetual-flowering, mixed, 10
Extra Italian, large, double, saved from show flowers, mixed, 15
Margaret *Carnation*, mixed, 8
Centaurea candidissima 5
Babyionica, yellow, 5
Africana, glossy fol., 5
Montana, rare, 5
The varieties mixed, 5
Cerastium grandiflorum 5
Biebersteinii, silvery, 8
Tomentosum, pretty, 8
All sorts mixed, 5
Cheilone barbata, scarlet 5
Torrevi, dark scarlet 5
Hvrida, fine mixed, 5
Cineraria candidissima 5
Colchicum autumnalis 5
Convulvulus althaeoides 5
Coryopsis grandiflora, 5
Crucianella stylosa, 5
Delphinium chinense, 5
Chinese Dwarf, mixed 5
Flatum, mixed, 5
Formosum, dark blue 5
Double, mixed colors 10
Nudicaule, scarlet, 5
All kinds mixed, 5
Dianthus gardnerianus 5
Superbus, fringed, 5
Deltoidea, small, pink 5
Astrococtineus, scarlet 5
All these sorts mixed 5



Digitalis grandiflora, 5
" *Ferruginea gigantea*, 5
Gloxiniæflora, mixed 5
Iveryana, spotted, 5
Monstrosus, mixed, 5
Furcata, mixed, 5
All varieties mixed, 5
Dictamnus frax., red, 5
Fraxinella alba, 5
Both colors mixed, 5
Dodecatheon media, 10
Dracocephalum grandif 5
Russchianum Japon, 5
Both kinds mixed, 5
Erigeron aurantiacus, 10
Glaubellus, blue, 5
Yellow and blue mixed 13
Erysimum pulchellum 5
Galliardia grandiflora, 5
Superba, large, new, 5
Special mixture, 5
Galega officinalis, mixed 5
Gentiana acaulis, blue, 3
Gentianum sanguineum 10
Geum atrosanguineum, 5

Gypsophila paniculata, 5
Glaucium corniculatum 5
Gnaphalium (Edelweiss) 15
Gnaphalium scaberr., folia, 15
Helysarum, mixed, 5
Helianthemum mutab 5
Hemerocallis, 5
Honesty, mixed, 5
Hyacinthus candicans, 5
Hollyhock, Chater's superior, prize varieties, each, 15
The varieties mixed, 10
Inula helenium, yellow 5
Iris Robinsoniana, 15
Kämpferi, mixed, 10
Germanica, mixed, 10
Special mixture, fine 5
Ipomopsis, fine, mixed 5
Jasione perennis, blue, 10
Koelia scoparia, 5
Linum perenne, mixed 5
Narbonne, sky blue 5
Lavendula (Lavender), 5
Libertia azurea, blue, 10
Lupinus polyphyllus, 10
Lilium auratum, 10
Candidum, 10
Dalmaticum, dark, 10
Tenuifolium, 10
Lilies in mixture, 10
L. chensis, mixed, 5
Viscaria, scarlet, 5
Lythrum superbum, 5
Meconopsis casubrica, 5
Michauxia campanula, 5
Meum thamaticum, 5
Monarda hybrida, 5
Morina longifolia, 5
Mirabilis multiflora, 5
Myosotis a pestrus, mix 5
Disitiflora, blue, 5
Eriothera Missouriensis 5
Papaver alpinum, mixed 5
Bracteatum, scar. etc. 5
Involutum max., 5
Nudicaule white, 5
" yellow, 5
" scarlet, 5
Orientale, scarlet, 5
" varieties mixed, 5
Peas, Perennial, red, 10
Rose and white, each, 10
All colors mixed, 10
Peltandra Virginica, 5
Pentstemon Cobaea, true 5
Barbatus, scarlet, 5
Campanulatus, rose, 5
Heterophyllum, lilac, 5
Ovatus, fine blue, 5
Hartwegii, fine mixed 5
All species mixed, 10
Phlox, Perennial, mixed 10
Phyllis capensis, red 10



Picotee Pink, from double show flowers, extra fine mixed, 15
French *Picotee* mixed 13
Pink, old-fashioned 5
fringed, finest double, mixed colors, 10
Old-fashioned plain, finest double, mixed colors, 10
Prunella grandiflora, 5
Polemonium reptans, 5

Polemonium caeruleum 5
Ceruleum album, 5
The sorts mixed, 5

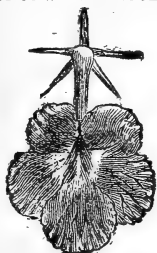


Pyrethrum roseum, mix 5
Roseum fl. pl., mixed 10
Golden-feather, 5
Golden Gem, 5
Tchihatchewi, 5
All kinds mixed, 5
Prinzula aurica, from show flowers, mixed 10
Suaveolens (Ox-lip), 5
Gold-laced, mixed 10
Volkaris, yellow, true 5
Japonica, mixed, 5
All kinds mixed, 5
Ranunculus Pyrenaica, 15
Ranunculus Asiaticus, 10
Rheum collinaeum, 5
Emodi, large leaves, 5
Mixed sorts, 5
Romneya Coulterii, 5
Ru beckia alexandria, 5
Speciosa, showy, 5
Rocket, sweet white, 5
Purple, fragrant, 5
Tristis, very sweet, 5
Dwarf white, fine, 5
All kinds mixed, 5
Rosemary, fragrant foliage, 5
Saxifraga, finest mixed 5
Saponaria ocyroides, 5
Scabiosa caucassica, 5
Scilla Peruviana, 5
Scutellaria, mixed 5
Sedum, all sorts mixed 5
Maximowiczii, yellow 5
Silene orientalis, red, 10
Spiraea aruncus, 5
Stock, Brompton, mixed 5
Stenactis speciosa, blue 5
Stevia Lindleyana, 5
Mixed sorts, 5
Solidago canadensis, 5
Thymus vulgaris, 5
Thalictrum, 5
Thermopsis fabacea, 5
Trachelium, mixed 5
Sweet William, white, 5
Checkered flowers, 5
Hunt's Perfection, 5
Single varieties mixed 5
Double white, 5
" crimson, 5
Single and double mixed 5
Tradescantia Virginica 5
Trifolium rubens, 5
Tritoma nobilis, 5
Trollium, mixed, 10
Tunica saxifraga, 5
Tulip, mixed, 10
Venidium fugas, 5
Verbascum Olympicum 5
Valeriana, mixed, 5
Veratrum album, 5
Veronica spicata, m'd 5
Veronica venosa, 5
Viola odorata, mixed, 5
Munbyana, 10
Vittadella triloba, 5
Wahlenbergia mixed, 5
Biennials and Perennials in mixture of all the leading sorts 10

Seeds for the Window Garden.

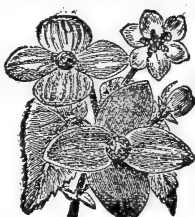
The plants which have been objects of our care from their infancy are the plants we love the most, and which afford us the most pleasure. For this reason I recommend raising window-plants from seeds, rather than purchasing those already grown by the florist. I have a full stock of the seeds, and offer them at low prices. All are fresh, and of the best quality. Directions for sowing accompany each package, and special cultural notes will be found in PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE, which will be sent to everyone purchasing 50 cents worth of seeds.

Abutilon, fine mixed 10
White, red and yellow bell-shaped flowers. Plants shrubby, easily grown from seeds, winter-blooming. I can supply varieties separate, but all are contained in the mixture.
Acacia brachybotrya 5
Farnesiana, showy 5
Lophantha, elegant 5
Special, all sorts 5
Elegant table plants. Foliage fern-like, very delicate and graceful. Anyone can grow them from seeds.
Achanta arborea, red 8
Known as upright Fuchsia. Elegant summer or winter-bloomer.



Achimenes, fine mix. 10
Very handsome summer-blooming Gesneraceous plants. Seeds are very small, and require the same treatment as Begonia seeds. Withhold water in winter; repot in March.
Agave Americana, or Century Plant, silvery green foliage 10
Green and yellow 10
A fine vase plant. In Mexico fences are made of it, and a common drink (pulque) of the extracted juice. In Southern California flower stalks thirty feet high may often be seen.
Agathaea coelestis, the blue Paris Daisy, agree for bouquets 10
Agapanthus umbellatus, blue, fine 10
Umbellatus, white 10
A hardy garden plant at the South. Trumpet shaped flowers in large clusters. Easily grown from seeds. Summer bloomer, two feet high. Give shade and plenty of water in summer.
Alocasia odora, fine 15
Alstrameria aurantiaca, very pretty 10
Chilensis, mixed 10
Peregrina alba, fine 10
Fulchella, pretty 10
Special, all sorts 10
Lily-like plants, handsome and showy, almost hardy.

Aloysia citridora or Lemon Verbena 10
Amaryllyis vittata 20
Anthericum, see p. 29 5
Antigonon leptopus, a beautiful, tuberous-rooted Southern vine; starts easily from seeds 10
Angelonia grandif. 10
Ardisia crenulata 15
A good window plant. Its branches of scarlet berries are elegant in winter.
Asparagus verticillatus, ornamental 10
Asclepias curassavica 5
Azalea Indica, mixed 10



Begonia gigantea (tub.) 15
Bright red 15
Bright pink 15
Bright yellow 15
Pure white 15
Bright scarlet 15
Bright carmine 15
Bright orange 15
Bright rose 15
All colors mixed 15
The above are all giant-flowered tuberous Begonias, the finest to be obtained. There can be none better.

Begonia, Tuberous, in very fine mixture 8
Double, finest mix'd 25
Tuberous Begonias are gorgeous bedding plants. They like a sunny position and moist soil. Mulch the bed well with stable litter as summer approaches. Shelter from the wind by a low lath or picket border.

Begonia Vernon 10
Bedding Queen 10
Schmidt's 10
Semperflorens, red 10
White 10
Mixed 10
All the above are good for bedding as well as for pots, and all bloom the first year from seed.
Begonia Rex, mixed 25
These are mostly grown from leaf-cuttings, but are as readily started from seeds as others. All Begonia seeds germinate freely, but are very fine, and must be sown with great care. Inexperi-

enced persons should not attempt raising Begonias from seeds unless they are ready to meet with failure. Sow upon sifted soil and place the pot in a saucer of water to moisten. Keep moist, covered and shaded till started.
Bianche scandens 10
Bilbergia zebrina 10
A zebra-striped succulent of easy culture. Keep warm and moist.
Bocconia japonica 8
Plume Poppy. Foliage glaucous, lacinated; flowers in panicles. Fine as isolated plants. Hardy south.

Brugmansia, fragrant 10
Arborea, double 10
Datura; flowers large, lilac, fragrant. Sometimes called Horn of Plenty. Seeds do not germinate well.

Cactus, Cereus, mixed 10
Echinocactus " 10
Epiphyllum " 10
Mammillaria " 10
Pilocereus " 10
Special mixture 10
Slow to germinate, but not difficult to grow. Water moderately to prevent damping off.

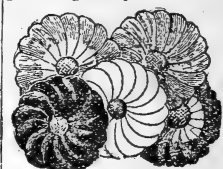
Caladium, fancy, mix. 25



Calceolaria Hybrid 10
Large-flowered 15
Self-colored 15
Rugosa 15
Striped 15
Fancy striped 15
Fancy margined 15
Special mixture 15
Handsome plants for the window or conservatory. Started in spring the plants bloom the following winter. The seeds offered are of the best European strain, and are very superior.

Calla Ethiopica 10
Spotted-leaved 10
Nana, dwarf 15
These are all easily raised from seeds.
Canna, dark-leaved 5
Crozy's French 10
Mixed sorts 5
Sub-tropical plants. The new Crozy Cannas are grand for bedding, massive in foliage, gorgeous in flower. All are easily raised from seed.

Centaurea candidissima, silver-leaved 10
Chrysanthemum frutescens, white 5
Indicum, double 10
Dwarf " 10
Japonica " 10
All kinds mixed 10
C. frutescens is the Paris Marguerite. C. Indicum and C. Japonicum are the kinds seen at fall Chrysanthemum shows. They are of many shades. Seedlings are easily raised, and bloom the first year if started early. The seeds offered are of superior quality.

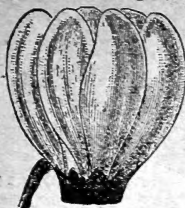


Cineraria hybrida 10
Large-flowered, m'd 15
Dwarf, mixed 15
Plenissima, mixed 25
Gorgeous and beautiful window plants. Easily grown from seeds. Sow in spring for winter-blooming. The colors are varied and exceedingly rich. To keep the plants from aphid syringe with tobacco tea or fumigate with tobacco stems. These seeds offered are of unsurpassed quality.
Chionodoxa Dampieri 10
Punicus, red 10
Handsome vines. C. Dampieri does well outdoors south. C. Punicus may be grown in the window.



Coleus, fine mixed 10
Named sorts 15
Large-leaved 20
Special mixture 15
These are as easily raised as Amaranthus, and the seeds I offer will yield fine, brightly colored plants. Fine for bedding, also for pot plants. The new large-leaved sorts are grand.
Convolvulus Mauritanicus, blue 10
A hardy trailing plant for baskets or vases. Seeds often start slowly.

Cuphea, mixed (p. 9)



Cyclamen Persicum 10
Large-flowered mixed 10
Superb winter-bloom-
ing window plants.
Rest in summer by partial-
ly withholding water. Almost every seed
will germinate, the
plants appearing in a
month after sowing,
and blooming the sec-
ond season. Hardy out-
doors at the South.
Dracena draco 10
Daisy Double (p. 6) 5
Datura (Brugmansia) 10
Echeveria secunda 15
Edwardia chilensis 15
Eupatorium (p. 12) 5
Eucadium affine 10
Fern spores 15
Treat as Begonia seed.
Plants like a moist,
cool, shady place.
Ficus elastica 10
Seeds small; not al-
ways reliable.
Fragaria Indica 10
Indian Strawberry,
for baskets; bears scar-
let berries profusely.
Freesia alba, white 10
Leichtlini, yellow 10
Sown early these will
bloom the next winter.
Fuchsia, choice mixed 10
New Hybrids " 10
Double " 15
Procumbens 15
I do not recommend
raising Fuchsias from
seeds, but keep a few
choice new seeds to
supply patrons who
wish to try them.
Gardenia florida 10
Cape Jasmine. Fra-
grant white flowers.
Gloriosa superba 20
Gazania splendens 10

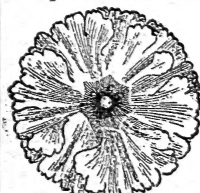
Gloxinia, Mt. Blanc 15
Robusta, mixed 15
Horizontalis, m'x'd 15
Robusta pendula 15
Striatiflora, striped 15
Punctata, spotted 15
Tigrina, tigered 15
Defiance, scarlet 15
Empress Frederick 15
Special mixture 15
Gloxinias are gorge-
ous summer bloomers.
Shelter from wind and
hot sun. Seeds start

5 readily and plants are
easier grown than Be-
gonias. Those I offer
are of the finest strains,
and can be relied upon
for immense, bright-
colored flowers. My
special mixture con-
tains all the colors.
Geranium Zonale 8
Choicest Fancy 20
Apple-scented 20
Rose-scented 15
Ivy-leaved 20
Golden tricolor 25
Easily grown from
seeds, which come up
scattering in from
one to three weeks.
Many choice new var-
ieties are often raised
from a packet of seeds.
Gesneria, fine mixed 15
Seeds are small, but
come up well. Sow as
you would Begonia
seeds. Treat the plants
the same as Gloxinias.
Hablitia tamnoides 10
A handsome green-
house vine. Grows
readily from seeds.
Habrothamnus 10
Shrubby plants for
the window. Carmine
flowers in clusters.
Seeds germinate well.
Hedychium Gardner 10
Helichrysum lanatum 10



Heliotrope, Blonay 5
Dr. Livingston 5
Reine des Violetes 5
Peruvianum 5
Anna Turrell 5
Finest mixture 5
Valuable summer-
bloomers for beds. Fine
for bouquets. Flowers
very fragrant. Seedlings
started early bloom
freely in autumn.
Hibiscus moscheutos 10
Flora alba, white 10
Californicus 10
Coccineus, scarlet 10
Immutabilis 10
Mutabilis fl. pl. 10
Special mixture 10
Immense, Hollyhook-
like flowers on strong
bushy stalks, four to
eight feet high. Easily
grown from seeds,
which come up in from
one to six weeks.
Humea elegans 10
Impatiens sultana 10
Zanzibar Balsam. An
everblooming window
plant. Does well bedded
out. Flowers bright
rose, freely borne.
Kalanchoe carnea 15
Kennedyia coccinea 15
Marryatæ 15
Special mixture 15
Handsome, pea-like
vines, easily grown.
Lavatera arborea var. 10
Silky, blotched foli-
age. A handsome out-
door or window plant.

Lantana, white 10
Urticæformis, red 10
Finest mixture 10
Seeds start tardily, but
make vigorous plants.
Good bedders; like heat.
Lapageria rosea 10
Linaria, mixed (p. 14) 5
Mandevilla sweet 5
A beautiful hardy vine
South. Grows rapidly
and bears lovely sweet-
scented flowers. Winter
in cellar North.
Montbretia Crocosmia 15
Musa ensate, 1 seed 5
Sumatrana, 1 seed 5
Nagelia hybrida 10
Nerium (Oleander) 10
Nertera depressa 10
Passiflora corulea 8
Alba, white 8
Coccinea, scarlet 8
Gracilis, red fruit 8
Special, all sorts 8
Passion Vines. Easily
grown. Hardy south,
need protection north.



CHINESE PRIMROSES.
I take especial pride
in my list of Chinese
Primroses. I have all
worthy varieties, and
the strain of seeds is un-
surpassed.
Mallow-leaved sorts:
Alba, white 20
Magnifica 20
Umbellata 20
Oculata lutea 20
Golden Feather 20
Atropurpurea, purple 20
Punctata 20
Punctata alba 20
Atrosanguinea, new 20
Coccinea, scarlet 20
Corulea, light blue 20
Erecta superba, red 20
Carmine-scarlet 20
Alba, white 20
Globosa striata 20
Rubra, red 20
Alba, white 20
Carnea, flesh 20
Bright crimson 20
Kermesina splendens 20
Marmorata, marbled 20
Magenta Queen 25
Punctata, spotted 20
Elegantissima 20
Rosea marginata 20
Rosea magenta 25
Rubra, red 20
Violæacea 20
Snow Queen, white 20
Striata lilacina 20
Rubra, 20
Mallow-leaved sorts
in finest mixture 20
Fern-leaved sorts:
Alba, white 20
Kermesina, crimson 20
Rubra, red 20
Rosea, rose 20
Striata, striped 20
Special, all colors 20
Semi-Double:
Cristata alba, white 20
Rubra, red 20
Special, both colors 20

Double Primroses:
White 35
Crimson 35
Pink 35
Special, all colors 35
Single and semi-dou-
ble in finest mixture 20
The Chinese Prim-
rose is a sure-blooming
window plant, and
should be in every col-
lection. Started in
spring you can depend
upon the plants to
bloom the following
winter. Seeds come up
three weeks after sow-
ing. Water moderately
and keep plants in par-
tial shade during sum-
mer. The seeds I offer
are all fresh saved from
elegant fringed flowers.
Primula obconica 20
Rosea, hardy 20
Sieboldii, new 20
Acaulis (English) 20
Japonica 20
Palms, finest sorts 15
Peperomia maculosa 15
Phormium colensoi 10
Veitchii variegata 10
Physianthus albens 10
Poinsettia pulcher 10
Potentilla French 15
Nana semi-plena 10
Primula, double 10



Rivinia humilis 10
Rhodochiton volubile 10
Salvia (page 22) 10
Smilax (Boston) 5
Solanum (page 22) 10
Schinus molle 10
California pepper tree.
A fine shade tree at the
South. A good pot plant
in the North.
Spartocytisus, white 5
Stelia serrata, white 5
Purpurea, purple 5
Special, all colors 5
Fine and sure winter-
bloomers. Large clus-
ters of small flowers;
good for cutting.
Senecio (Jacobaea) 5
Speciosus, magenta 10
Showy, free-blooming
plants, blooming well in
summer out-doors, and
in winter in pots. East-
ly grown. 10
Sempervivum 10
Sollya heterophylla 10
Tacsonia Volkemi 10
Vines; scarlet blooms
like Passiflora. 10
Torenia grandiflora 10
Bailloni, yellow 10
Both colors 10
Mimulus-like flowers;
very free-blooming pot
plants. Good for bed-
ding at the South. 10
Tritoma nobilis 10
Tropaeolum Lobbi 10
Pentaphyllum 10
Speciosum, showy 10
Thunbergia fragrans 10
Tydaea hybrida 10
Umbilicus 10
Veronica (greenhouse) 10
Wigandia Caraccasa-
na, lilac flowers 10
Zauschneria grandif 10
Greenhouse seeds in
splendid mixture 10

SEEDS OF HARDY SHRUBS AND VINES.

Many of our hardy Shrubs and Vines may be raised from seeds. We offer seeds of the following:

Acer negundo folis variegatis.....	7	Cydonia Japonica.....	15	Rhododendron Ponticum.....	7
Ampelopsis Viticilli.....	7	Cytisus laburnum.....	7	Rhus cotinus.....	7
Aristolochia sipho.....	7	Deutzia crenata fl. pl.....	7	Ribes aurea.....	7
Berberis vulgaris.....	7	Eucalyptus Japonica.....	7	Rosa aerea, finest mixed.....	7
Calycanthus floridus.....	7	Freemontia Californica.....	7	Ry. br. clematis.....	7
Celastrus scandens.....	7	Hibiscus Syriacus fl. pl.....	7	Robinia Decaisneana, mixed.....	10
Chionanthus Virginica.....	7	Hypericum Calycinum.....	7	Spiraea opulifolia.....	7
Clematis campaniflora.....	7	Ipomoea pandurata.....	7	Syringa vulgaris, mixed.....	7
Jackmanii, fine hybrids mixed.....	25	Lonicera Tartarica.....	7	Viburnum opulus.....	7
Flammula.....	7	Brachypoda aurea-reticulata.....	7	Weigela rosea.....	7
Vitalba.....	7	Caprifolium, mixed.....	7	Yucca filamentosa.....	7
Viticeila.....	7	Honeysuckle, mixed.....	7	Gloriosa.....	7
Verticillata.....	7	Magnolia glauca.....	7	Mixed.....	7
All varieties mixed.....	11	Philadelphus, mixed.....	7	Various shrubs in mixture.....	10

MISCELLANEOUS FLOWER SEEDS.

Ethionema Buxbaumii.	Collomia coccinea.	Loefflingia Hispanica.
Persicum, pink, charmlug.	Grandiflora, yellow.	Lophanthus rugosus, fragrant.
Anthemis purpurascens.	Corydalis glauca.	Lotus Jacobaeus, dark brown.
Ajuga chamaepitys.	Cosmanthus fimbriatus.	Lopezia coronata.
Antirrhinum assurgens.	Cotula aurea.	Linaria genistifolia.
Andryala tenuifolia.	Crucianella stylosa, red.	Liatris spicata.
Artemisia Stelleriana.	Cryptosemma calculeaceum.	Lythrum Græferi.
Astris brevifolia.	Cytisus glaberrimus.	Machaonia villosa.
Athanasia annua.	Didiscus coruleus, blue.	Mathiola bicolor, fragrant.
Atropis hortensis purpurea.	Dracocephalum Moldavicum.	Tricuspidata, purple.
Hortensis cupreata.	Rhuschianum.	Medicago DeCandollei.
Beta (ornamental).	Delphinium cardiopetalum.	Melilotus Italica.
Biscutella auriculata.	Elsoltzia cristata, sweet-scented.	Melancholia campanulata.
Calophora lateritia.	Echium creticum, scarlet.	Microdonchus Delileanus.
Calceolaria pinnata.	Viola grandiflorum.	Molopospermum cicutarium.
Scabiosa folia.	Epilobium abyssinicum.	Moluccia laevis.
Calendula eriocarpa.	Erodium gruinum, hygro-metrical.	Mukella scabrella.
Calymmetia chilensis, pretty.	Eucalyptus glaberrima.	Nobasis Syriaca.
Cassia esculenta.	Eutoca Wrangeliana, light blue.	Oryum basilicum, fragrant.
Campanula attica.	Multiflora, blue.	Obeliscaria pulcherrima.
Cannabis gigantea.	Gamolepis Taketes, yellow.	Onopordum acanthum (Scotch Thistle).
Pyramidalis compacta.	Gardoukia betonicoides, rose.	Oxalis tropaeoloides, brown, collage.
Capsicum annuum.	Gazanopsis stenophylla.	Phalocraea celestina.
Prince of Wales.	Globularia tricosantha.	Tom Thumb, compact.
Carduus benedictus.	Grahamia aromatica.	Phaseolus ensiformis gigas.
Convolvulus capuianus.	Grahamus gentianoides.	Rudbeckia Coulteri.
Castilleja indivisa.	Gnaphalium foetidum, yellow.	Romneya amplexicaulis.
Carex, mixed.	Gomphocarpus fruticosus.	Robertia taraxacoides, yellow.
Ceratium tinctorius.	Goutte reza synospermoides.	Rumex crispus.
Callia betonica folia.	Hedysarum humile.	Sabbatia campestris.
Centa microcephala.	Hellomeris multiflora.	Sedum coruleum.
Centaurea cuprea.	Heliophila Arabioides, azure blue.	Salvia horminum.
Centaureidum Drummondii.	Helenium Douglasii, yellow.	Schistanthe peduncularis.
Cephalaria tartarica.	Grandiflorum.	Scrophularia chrysantha, new.
Cerastium perfoliatum.	Herniaria cinerea, new.	Silene Schaffia.
Chenostoma polyanthum.	Hibiscus calisurus, white.	Silene integrifolia, red.
Chamaepeuce diacantha.	Longiflorus.	Silphium perfoliatum.
Cheranthus annuus, small-flower'd.	Hunemannia fumarifolia.	Silphium pseudocapsicum.
Chelidonium majus fl. pl.	Iberis sempervirens.	Lacinium.
Chenopodium Atriplicis.	Ismaelia Broussoneti.	Warcewiczoides.
Cistus ligularis, ornamental.	Kochia scoparia.	Robustum.
Citrullus rimosus.	Lallemantia canescens.	Splianthes olaceus, brownish.
Clematis coccinea.	Peltata.	Stachys coccinea, scarlet.
Diversifolia.	Lasthenia Californica.	Tithonia tagetiflora.
Integrifolia.	Lathyrus articulatus.	Trachelium coruleum, mixed.
Orientalis.	Gorgoni, new, white, with red.	Trachymene corulea, blue.
Cosmidium Burridgei.	Napoleonis.	Tradescantia Virginica.
Commelina celestis, blue.	Lavatera thuringiaca.	Troilus Asiaticus.
Flora albo, white.	Lavender, sweet herb.	Trifolium arvense.
Variegatis, variegated.	Lepydolys holostoides.	Shawcolens fragrant.
[NOTE: Commelina is a fine pot plant. Flowers resemble Tradescantia; very pretty.]	Leucanthemum grandiflorum.	Vicia Gerardii, violet, climber.
	Leasa tricolor, three-colored.	Vittadenia triloba.

The above list includes many choice flowers, though some are valuable only for botanical study. We offer a mixture which embraces nearly all of them, and those who sow it will get a great variety of flowers, new and old. It is well-worth the price asked for it—10 cents per packet. Do not forget to include "Mixture of Miscellaneous Seeds" in your order. Any one of the above separately, 8 cents per packet.

POPULAR MIXTURES OF FLOWER SEEDS.

Mixture of Annuals.—Contains chiefly seeds of flowers blooming the first season. The mixture embraces over 100 genera, and the average would perhaps be five species and varieties to each genus, thus representing fully 500 kinds. Price 10 cents per packet.

Mixture of Biennials and Perennials.—Contains seeds of more than 50 genera, and represents perhaps 250 species and varieties. Price, 10 cents.

Mixture of Seeds for the Window Garden.—Contains seeds of more than 2 genera, and represents perhaps 125 species and varieties. Price 15 cents.

Mixture of Climbers.—Contains seeds of a dozen different genera, about 15 varieties. Price 10 cts.

Mixture of Everlastings and Grasses.—Contains seeds of the leading flowers and grasses used for drying for winter-bouquets. Price 10 cents.

NOTE.—These mixtures are carefully prepared, and every packet will yield a great variety of flowers, though perhaps not all that are represented in the general mixture. Before sowing, separate the coarse seeds from the fine, as the latter should be surface sown and the former covered. We highly recommend them.

Mixture of Fragrant Flowers.—Contains seeds of more than a dozen genera, representing about 50 kinds of our most fragrant flowers. Price 10 cents.

Mixture of Edging Plants.—Contains seeds of about a dozen genera of low-growing flowers, suitable for edging beds. There are 50 or more species and varieties represented in this mixture. Price 10 cents.

Mixture of White Flowers.—These are excellent where a moonlight display of flowers is desired. They are also suitable for graves. A good variety of species and varieties. Price 10 cents.

Mixture of Nearly all Varieties.—This is what we advertise to give away to those who send us stamps for our catalogue. We claim that there are 500 kinds in the mixture, but there are nearer 1000 kinds. Price 10 cents per packet.

Great Bargains in Choice Window Plants.

Don't fail to see my Surprise List, issued in April. The offers will be a genuine surprise. Send for it. Free. It will pay you. Address: GEO. W. PARK, LEBANON, PA.

Time Required for Seeds to Germinate.

The seeds I furnish are all fresh, and will certainly grow if fairly treated. Sow only a portion of each package at the first sowing, and allow ample time for germination. Study the following list to know when to expect the plants. Sow in one bed all seeds germinating about the same time. Never condemn seeds without three different trials, and without allowing sufficient time for germination.

SEEDS GERMINATING IN FROM THREE TO FIVE DAYS.—*Ageratum*, *Ammobium*, *Atriplex*, *Celosia pyramidalis*, *Centaurea*, *Chrysanthemum* (annual), *Cosmea*, *Cypress Vine*, *Hollyhock*, *Lavatera*, *Laya elegans*, *Leptosyne maritima*, *Marigold*, *Mina lobata*, *Mimulus*, *Salvia*, *Sedum*, *Senecio*, *Sphenogyne*, *Stevia*, *Stock* (Ten Weeks), *Trifolium suaveolens*, *Viscaria*, *Virginia Stock*, *Zinnias*.

FIVE TO SEVEN DAYS.—*Acacia*, *Amaranthus*, *Aster*, *Arabis alpina*, *Browallia*, *Beta*, *Bromus*, *Brompton Stock*, *Cannabis*, *Carnations*, *Candytuft* (perennial), *Centaurea*, *Chelone*, *Chrysanthemum indicum*, *Clitoria*, *Coleus*, *Cineraria*, *Coreopsis lanceolata*, *Crucianella*, *Cuphea*, *Cynoglossum*, *Daisy*, *Dahlia*, *Eschscholtzia*, *Eupatorium*, *Gaillardia*, *Geranium*, *Gypsophila*, *Habitia*, *Hedysarum*, *Helenium*, *Helichrysum*, *Helianthus*, *Hibiscus*, *Iberis Gibraltaria*, *Linaria reticulata*, *Lobelia*, *Lupinus*, *Lychnis*, *Matthiola*, *Malva moschata*, *Mesembryanthemum*, *Mignonette*, *Morning Glory*, *Nicotiana*, *Ononis*, *Oenothera*, *Palaya*, *Pinks*, *Picotée*, *Rheum*, *Salpiglossis*, *Schizanthus*, *Scyosperma*, *Sweet William*, *Silene Schafta*, *Tradescantia*, *Tunica*, *Verbascum*, *Veronica*, *Vittadenia*, *Wallflower*, *Whitlavia*.

EIGHT TO TEN DAYS.—*Abutilon*, *Achimenes*, *Agrostemma*, *Armeria*, *Antirrhinum*, *Begonia*, *Balsam*, *Calceolaria*, *Canna*, *Capsicum*, *Catananche*, *Campanula* (annual), *Commelina celestis*, *Deutzia*, *Digitalis*, *Dracoecephalum*, *Eranthus*, *Exacum*, *Gaura*, *Gnaphalium*, *Hibiscus Syriacus*, *Humulus Japonica*, *Kaulfussia*, *Lychnis*, *Morina*, *Pansy*, *Papaver*, *Phacelia*, *Phlox Drummondii*, *Pyrethrum*, *Potentilla*, *Pansy Viola*, *Poinsettia*, *Pentstemon*, *Petunia*, *Rudbeckia*, *Rocket*, *Thunbergia*, *Tropaeolum*, *Valeriana*, *Verbena*, *Zeal*.

TEN TO TWELVE DAYS.—*Achillea*, *Alyssum saxatile*, *Alonsca*, *Argemone*, *Artemisia*, *Anchuza*, *Aquilegia*, *Asphodelus*, *Aubrietia*, *Bidens*, *Calandrinia*, *Campanula*, *Calonyction*, *Feverfew*, *Galtania*, *Geum*, *Gypsophila muralis*, *Helianthemum*, *Ipomopsis*, *Linaria*, *Michauxia*, *Scutellaria*, *Spiraea*, *Silphium*.

TWELVE TO FIFTEEN DAYS.—*Asters* (perennial), *Antigonon*, *Anemone sylvestris*, *Campanula Tenorei*, *Callirhoe*, *Chamaepeuce*, *Datura*, *Didiscus*, *Gourds* and *Cucumbers*, *Gazaniopsis*, *Hunnemannia*, *Lantana*, *Maurandya*, *Mandevilla*, *Myosotis*, *Nierembergia*, *Nicotiana*, *Petunia* (double), *Peas*, *Platycodon*, *Polemonium*, *Perilla*, *Ricinus*, *Ranunculus*, *Schinus*, *Torenia*, *Thalictrum*, *Vinca*, *Verbena venosa*.

FIFTEEN TO TWENTY DAYS.—*Agapanthus*, *Anemone*, *Acanthus*, *Armeria maritima*, *Calla*, *Cuphea strigulosa*, *Cuphea roezli*, *Cobaea*, *Dictamnus*, *Geranium sanguineum*, *Gloxinia*, *Hemerocallis flava*, *Habrothamnus*, *Heliotrope*, *Impatiens sultana*, *Iris*, *Liatris spicata*, *Primula sinensis*, *Primula vera*, *Rivinia humilis*, *Smilax* (Boston), *Solanum robustum*.

TWENTY TO THIRTY-FIVE DAYS.—*Adumia*, *Baptisia australis*, *Berberis vulgaris*, *Convolvulus cupanianus*, *Campanula Leutweiana*, *Campanula fragilis*, *Campanula macrantha*, *Campanula nobilis*, *Clematis integrifolia*, *Clematis diversifolia*, *Clianthus*, *Delphinium nudicaule*, *Funkia*, *Gentiana acaulis*, *Humea elegans*, *Hibiscus speciosus*, *Musa ensate*, *Phormium*, *Physanthus*, *Phlox* (perennial), *Rhodochiton volubile*, *Tritoma uvaria*, *Yucca*.

ONE YEAR OR MORE.—*Ampelopsis*, *Adumia*, *Anthericum*, *Clematis* in variety, *Dictamnus*, *Geranium sanguineum*, *Iris*, *Lilies*, *Lupinus polyphyllus*, *Musa*, *Tradescantia*, *Viola odorata*.

[NOTE.—When sowing label the rows and write also the month and day of month. Then by reference to the above table you can tell when to expect the plants. Sow the seeds which come up about the same time in contiguous rows, water well, then cover and keep covered till the plants appear. After the first watering water cautiously. Keep soil moist, but not wet. Wet soil and poor ventilation will cause the seeds to rot or the plants to damp off. Shelter the young plants from hot sun, rain and wind or cold draughts of air, all of which will ruin them. Transplant as soon as large enough. They must not become crowded.]

Park's Floral Magazine

Is a live monthly, well illustrated, entirely floral, and the favorite wherever it is known. It carries sunshine and joy into more than 1,000 homes, and will do the same for you if you wish it. Only 50 cents a year with premium.

Mr. Park:—I have been a subscriber to your Magazine a long while, and the longer I take it the better I like it. Mrs. C. Cotrell.

Pike Co., O., Dec. 2, 1894.

Mr. Park:—Your Magazine gives me more actual comfort than any other reading matter that comes in our house. Mrs. L. N.

Bradford Co., Pa., Dec. 8, 1894.

Mr. Park:—We have taken your Magazine nine years, and it is as a ray of sunshine in our home. Mrs. A. M. Getzdammer.

Washington, D. C., July 16, 1894.

Mr. Park:—The Magazine contains so much valuable floral information—just such as an amateur needs to bring success.

Bucks Co., Pa.

Clara E. Carter.

SPECIAL OFFER.—The annual subscription price of PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE is 50 cents, but those who subscribe previous to July 1, 1895, may select seeds to that amount from this GUIDE as a premium; or see bulb and seed premium offered in the MAGAZINE, a copy of which will be sent you free upon application. Address the Editor and Publisher, GEO. W. PARK, B. Sc., LIBONIA, FRANK. CO., PA.

Park's Floral Establishment.

FOUNDED IN 1869.

Supplies only first-class Seeds, Bulbs and Plants. These are mostly mailed, postpaid. Safe arrival of all packages guaranteed. Money insured against loss in transit. No risk to the purchaser either way. The establishment is thus brought to your door. See remarks on second page of cover of this GUIDE.

PUBLICATIONS.—PARK'S FLORAL MAGAZINE, monthly, illustrated, 50 cents a year. PARK'S FLORAL GUIDE, annual, issued in January. PARK'S SURPRISE LIST, an illustrated list of plants, issued in April. PARK'S BULB LIST, issued in September. Copies of any of these publications mailed free upon application. Address

GEO. W. PARK, LIBONIA, FRANK. CO., PA.

Summer-flowering Bulbs.

ANEMONE CORONARIA.

Fine tubers, red, white and blue, 5 cents each, 50 cents per dozen.

CHINESE PÆONIES.

Finest mixture, choice colors, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen.



Splendid Tuberous Begonias.

Large-flowered, fine white, per dozen, 80 cents, each 8 cents.
 " yellow, " " 80 " " 8 "
 " bright red, " " 80 " " 8 "
 " rosy pink, " " 80 " " 8 "
 " best mixture, " " 80 " " 8 "

The Tuberous Begonias I offer are of the finest strain, and will produce very large flowers of the brightest and most distinct colors. The tubers are large, and of superior vitality. They are of easy culture. Pot in loose, porous, well-drained soil, placing just so the crown will be above the surface. When growth becomes active, water liberally. Give plenty of light, but shelter from wind and hot sun.

Mr. Park:—I have nothing prettier among all my plants than the Tuberous-rooted Begonias. The yellow one is especially admired, though all you sent me are lovely—the blossoms are so large, and the coloring all that can be desired. Mrs. J. E. W.

Oregon City, Ore., Oct. 24.

Mr. Park:—I never saw a prettier collection of Tuberous Begonias than mine—white, pink, yellow and scarlet. One lady said, "Why, I did not know you could grow such beauties outside a greenhouse." L. G. S.

Barnstable Co., Mass., Dec. 21, 1894.
 Mr. Park—My Tuberous Begonias were grand. The foliage was almost equal to Rex, but the bloom far surpassed my expectations. Cable, O., Feb. 11, 1895. Mrs. J.

Choice Mixed Gladiolus.

25 cents per dozen., \$1.50 per hundred.

I offer blooming bulbs of a very superior strain of French Hybrid Gladiolus. The bulbs are not of the larger size, but they will produce fine spikes of the most beautiful flowers in the finest colors. I cheerfully recommend them. Lemoine Gladiolus in fine mixture, 35 cents per dozen.

Mr. Park:—A flower that holds a place in my heart is the Gladiolus. Nothing attracts more attention each year than my large beds of this easily grown bulb when in flower.

Maile H. Monsey.

Hartford, Wash., April 11, 1895.

CALADIUM ESCULENTUM.

Fine bulbs 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen.

DOUBLE DAHLIAS.

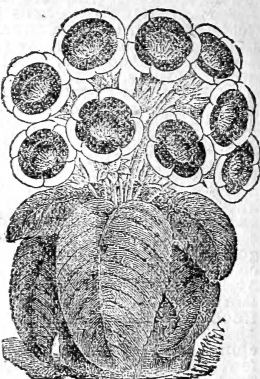
Fine named varieties. 15 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

Beautiful Gloxinias.

Finest mixture of choice strains, large, handsome tubers, per dozen, \$1.00 each 10 cents.

Gloxinias are rapidly coming into favor because of their great beauty and the ease with which they may be grown. Treatment same as recommended for Tuberous Begonias. They are equally as satisfactory as Begonias, and when better known will be equally as popular.

Mr. Park:—My Gloxinia produced nine buds and blossoms at one time. The plant is beautiful, but when crowded with the lovely trumpet-shaped flowers it is one of the loveliest things that one can have in a floral collection. Dollie Dutton. Fonda, N. Y., Jan. 24, 1895.



HYACINTHUS CANDICANS.

Large bulbs 10 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

LILIUM AURATUM.

Splendid bulbs, 15 cents each, \$1.50 per dozen.

MADEIRA VINE.

Fine tubers 10 cents each.
 This is a rapid grower, bearing dense masses of clean, heavy, glossy foliage, and in autumn numerous racemes of deliciously-scented white flowers. It is excellent for trellises, summer houses or pillars of a veranda.

TIGRIDIAS.

Tigridia conchiflora, yellow 8
 Grandiflora, red 8
 Grandiflora, white 8



Double Tuberose.

Extra bulbs, Excelsior Pearl, per dozen 25 cents, each 5 cents. Blooming-sized bulbs, " 25 " " 3 "

These bulbs are Southern-grown, and in fine condition. They will produce large spikes of choice bloom.

WATER LILIES.

White, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen. Yellow, 20 cents each, \$2.00 per dozen.

I pay postage. Order before the hot summer weather comes.

GEO. W. PARK,
 Libonia, Franklin Co., Pa.



GLADIOLUS.